The National Capital is here to stay. Real estate will never be cheaper. Study The Post real estate section every Sunday.

The Washington Post.

Today—Rain, colder.
Tomorrow—Partly cloudy. Fresh to strong southwest, shifing to northwest, winds.
Yesterday—High, 77; low, 61.
1931—High, 85; low, 63.
Details on back page.

NO. 20,565. ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER. POSTOFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C. WASHINGTON: WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1932. COPYRIGHT, 1932, BY THE WASHINGTON POST CO. THREE CENTS.

HOOVER MAKES FIGHTING SPEECH

SMITH URGES ROOSEVELT'S ELECTION AS HE ENDS RIFT AT CONVENTION IN ALBANY

Cheers Greet His Attack on Rule Of G. O. P.

Tammany Beaten as Lehman Is Choice for Governor.

Convention Hall, Albany, N. Y., Oct. 4 (U.P.).—Alfred E. Smith, once more the "Happy Warrior," in a dramatic reconciliation scene with Franklin D. Roosevelt tonight, made a "fighting speech" to urge the New York Governor's election to the Presidency.

The former governor, estranged from his friend, Roosevelt, since the Chicago Democratic convention, did not mention the name of the candidate, who sat, broadly grinning, 2 feet behind him, but he did urge the election of the Democratic ticket, and he did it after one of the most scathing criticisms of the Republican administration yet made by any campaign orator.

The reconciliation scene came at the close of a day that found Roosevelt and Smith fighting on the same side of a bitter controversy—the nomination of Lieut. Gov. Herbert H. Lehman for governor. And the combined forces of the two leaders were successful. For Lehman was nominated by acclamation tonight after Tammany's rebellion against him had been crushed.

Other Nominees Chosen Quickly.

With the major work of the convention completed, the delegates rapidly pushed through the nomination of a complete slate, as agreed upon by the leaders in today's conferences.

The slate designated was: For lieutenant governor, M. William Bray, of Utica; for attorney general, John J. Bennett, of Brooklyn; for comptroller, Morris S. Tremaine, of Buffalo; for United States senator, Robert F. Wagner, of New York; for chief judge, court of appeals, Judge Cuthbert W. Pound; for congressmen at large, John Fitzgibbons, of Oswego, and Elmer S. Studley, of New York.

Smith's address followed a scene of intense drama when the two men met for the first time since Smith returned, a sullen, beaten man from Chicago, on the platform of the party's State convention.

The governor, seated on the platform while the great crowd cheered him thunderously, was waiting for Smith's appearance to nominate Lehman.

Smith Offers Hand.

Smith strode across the platform, grinning, and extended his hand to the governor.

"How are you, you old potato?" was his characteristic greeting, as he near-

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

William J. Donovan, left, the Republican nominee for Governor of New York, and Herbert H. Lehman, the Democratic choice.

'WILD BILL' DONOVAN NAMED IN NEW YORK

Declares for Dry Repeal; Davison Nominated as Running Mate.

Auditorium, Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Declaring that he himself stood for repeal of the eighteenth amendment and that he believed "President Hoover has met this issue very squarely," Col. William J. Donovan accepted tonight the Republican nomination for Governor of New York.

"It is because of my belief that a strait-jacket regulation in our fundamental law impairs the flexibility of our Government and destroys respect for the Constitution itself," said Col. Donovan in his prepared speech, "that I have stated and do state now, that I am for repeal of the eighteenth amendment, but I am of the opinion that President Hoover has met this issue very squarely."

Declaring that for the last four years the State of New York has needed "the energy and devotion of a courageous and efficient governor," but has had instead "a presidential candidate," Col. Donovan added:

"It is apparent now that from the first day the governor entered the executive mansion at Albany he has been engaged in an active campaign for the nomination he now holds.

"In doing this he has imposed luxurious government upon taxpayers who themselves have been forced to abandon luxuries and in certain cases the very necessities of life."

To the stirring, martial music of a song dedicated by a group of New

Continued on Page 5, Column 1.

BRITAIN ASKS REICH TO NEW ARMS TALKS

France and Italy Would Sit In; Germany Is Firm for Equality.

Berlin, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Great Britain invited Germany today to send representatives to a four-power conference at London to consider Germany's demand for arms equality and pave the way for her return to the disarmament conference at Geneva.

The invitation was transmitted verbally by the British charge d'affaires. The other participants in the conference, it was understood, would be France and Italy, with the United States invited to send an observer.

Germany's reply to the invitation was that she must receive certain guarantees that her demand for arms equality really would be fulfilled.

Without the fulfillment of this demand, the charge d'affaires was informed, it would be futile to hold the London meeting.

The situation was complicated, it was pointed out unofficially, by the attitude assumed by France and Britain when Germany recently came forward with her demand that the former allied powers adhere to the disarmament program laid down in the Versailles Treaty, and that she be accorded equality in armaments.

(This demand was carried by Germany to the French government. France consulted with Britain about it, and Britain took a position very near to that of France in opposition, contending that the German action was inopportune and denying that the arms provision of the Treaty of Versailles had in any way been invalidated.)

A well informed but unofficial source asserted that so long as the Franco-British position remained unchanged it was "of little use for Germany to participate in any conference."

GRIFFITH ENDS JOHNSON TERM AS NATS' PILOT

Owner Fails to Amplify Sudden Announcement of the Release.

OUT OF 1ST DIVISION ONCE IN FOUR YEARS

No Intimation of Successor; Mound Hero May Land Berth in Minors.

By SHIRLEY L. POVICH
(Sports Editor of The Post.)

Walter Johnson, as an active figure in big league baseball in Washington, faded from the roster of the Nats last night with the sudden announcement by Clark Griffith, owner of the Washington Club, that he had decided upon a change of management for 1933 and that Johnson had been given his release.

Griffith would not amplify that statement, either in the direction of Johnson's probable successor, or the underlying causes, if any, of his decision to relieve the former pitching hero of the managerial duties.

Release a Surprise.

There had been no intimation that Johnson would not lead the Nats next season. He piloted the club into third place, one game behind second, and a sensational streak in which the Nats won 24 of 28 games in the last six weeks of the season, seemingly had assured his retention.

His release marked the end of a four-year term for Johnson as manager of the Washington Club. Succeeding Bucky Harris in the direction of the team in 1929, Johnson's clubs have finished in the first division three times. In his first season, after taking over a fourth-place club from Harris, Johnson finished fifth with the Nats. The following year his club was second, eight games behind the Athletics and eight games ahead of the Yanks; in 1931 the Nats were third, 2½ games behind the second-

Continued on Page 11, Column 7.

DAVIS IS MARKED FOR DEMOTION; BURKE TO FIGHT

Inspector Is Included in Police Shake-Up by Glassford.

CHIEF OF DETECTIVES FOUND FIT IN TEST

Prepares to Carry Battle Against Ouster to the Commissioners.

The upheaval in the Police Department will be accentuated by the request of Superintendent of Police Pelham D. Glassford for the demotion of Inspector O. T. Davis to the rank of captain, it was authoritatively reported last night.

This move of the chief of police became known as Chief of Detectives Frank S. W. Burke won the first round of his fight to prevent the police head from removing him as director of the Detective Bureau.

It was reported in reliable quarters that Gen. Glassford included a recommendation for Inspector Davis' demotion in the documents he submitted to the Commissioners Monday justifying his proposed ouster of Inspector Burke.

Burke Assures Fight.

By passing the physical test, pursuant to his application for retirement, Inspector Burke virtually assured that the fight to remove him would be carried to the Board of Commissioners.

There was no comment forthcoming from Gen. Glassford on the reported demotion of Inspector Davis.

"I will say that there are no personnel changes to be made except those of men already mentioned," he said.

Gen. Glassford last week ousted Inspector Davis from the Crime Prevention Bureau.

"Does that mean that you are finished with Inspector Davis?" he was asked.

"I have no comment to make."

"Would you say that Inspector Davis is secure in his present rank?"

"I have no comment to make," he said.

No Surprise Evinced.

No surprise was evinced by close observers of the Police Department in Gen. Glassford's reported action

Continued on Page 3, Column 4.

SAYS FOES' PLANS WOULD HAVE HALTED RECOVERY; 2,000 IN PROTEST MARCH

Signs and Floats Deplore Low Prices.

Police Halt Disorder as G. O. P. Banners Are Seized.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Sympathizers with the farmers' holiday movement paraded in Des Moines today in protest against agricultural and economic conditions only a few hours before the appearance of President Hoover here to make a major campaign address.

Following the parade police were called to the Fair Grounds to quell a minor disturbance caused when a group of men tore Hoover banners from a caravan of 400 automobiles from Missouri. The trouble was ended before the President arrived.

More than 2,000 men, women and children, in overalls or working clothes, rode or marched through Des Moines streets, covering part of the route followed later by a parade welcoming the President. The farmers were greeted with cheers.

Banners Detail Woe.

Their trucks and cars bore signs calling attention to current farm prices and economic conditions, demanding relief and fixing blame on President Hoover. At one point the paraders "booed" a large painting of the President under which their trucks passed.

Many of the paraders were from distant Iowa counties, including parts of the State where the farm strike violence flared a few weeks ago. Woodbury, Plymouth and Cherokee counties, in particular, sent large delegations.

Signs on some of the trucks read: "In Hoover we trusted; now we are busted."

"Cost of production only will save our homes."

"Mr. Curtis: We are not so damned dumb in 1932—signed, Mr. and Mrs. Iowa Farmer."

"Hoover, Hyde, hell and hard times—the Republican 4-H Club."

Prices Are Quoted.

Several signs demanded cost of production prices for farm products, the

Continued on Page 5, Column 2.

Hoover, In Iowa, Greets His Boyhood Teacher, 80

West Liberty, Iowa, Oct. 4 (U.P.).—Mrs. Mollie Carran, the 80-year-old woman who taught President Hoover the elementary sciences when he was a schoolboy, clutched at his coat for support today when she boarded his special train as an honored guest.

Mr. Hoover appeared affected at meeting again his old teacher, now frail and bent.

"It all brings back recollections of those adventures and joys of living that come to childhood," he said.

"No food will ever taste so good as the family supper of those days, no sport will ever equal the mud-lined swimming hole, no speed will ever seem so great as sliding down hillf on one's tummy."

PAIR KIDNAPS MAN AT POINT OF PISTOL

Estranged Father of Four Is Bound and Tossed in Clump of Bushes.

Kidnaped at the point of a pistol as he started to alight from his car at 1122 Spring road northwest last night, Herbert E. Johnson, 45 years old, of Potomac, Va., was taken to near Colesville, Md., gagged and bound and thrown into a clump of bushes on the side of the road by two men who made off in his automobile after warning him he would be "put on the spot" if he didn't remain there until midnight, when they would return with "the boss," who wanted to talk with him.

Johnson managed to wriggle loose from the telephone wire that bound his wrists and to attract a passing motorist, who took him to the Silver Spring substation, Montgomery County police. A lookout for the two men and the stolen car was broadcast to Washington and Maryland police by Policeman Laurence Dixon, of the Silver Spring Substation, after hearing Johnson's story.

Headquarters detectives from Washton visited the substation and questioned Johnson, later taking him to headquarters in Washington.

The victim told police he started to alight from his automobile in front of the Spring road address, where he planned to visit a woman friend whom he has known for several years. The two men stepped up to the side of the car and ordered

Continued on Page 2, Column 2.

Farmer Throngs Cheer Speech In Iowa.

President Details Battles to Avert National Ruin.

The full text of President Hoover's address will be found on Pages 4 and 5.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Before a cheering farm belt audience, President Hoover tonight declared "a great national victory has been achieved against depressive economic forces," and enunciated a series of twelve Republican "policies" in aid of agriculture.

Interrupted often by shouts and applause, the Chief Executive asserted directly that if the "program" sponsored by members of the Democratic party during the last session of Congress had been enacted, "it would have been the end of recovery."

As items in his series of "policies," the President proposed, among other things, higher farm tariffs where necessary to protect agriculture, revision of the agricultural marketing act and repeal of the stabilization clause, and the use of annual payments on the foreign debt to expand agricultural markets abroad.

The President's address, his first campaign speech since accepting the renomination, climaxed a day in which he greeted and was greeted by nearly a score of audiences.

Great Welcoming Parade.

With Mrs. Hoover beside him, he appeared a dozen times upon the rear platform of his special train as it rolled across Illinois and into Iowa, his birth State. Police estimated his audiences as ranging from several score to 10,800.

Through a synthetic snowstorm of confetti, ticker tape and scraps of paper in Des Moines, President and Mrs. Hoover were escorted to the home of Gov. Dan Turner. The path of the parade extended 9 miles. Thousands lined the streets. The Iowa National Guard Cavalry and an American Legion guard of honor convoyed the distinguished guests.

Gardner Cowles, jr., chairman of the committee on arrangements at Des Moines, hailed the crowd as "the largest in the city's history—bigger than the Lindbergh crowds." He said the normal population of the city, 150,000, had been swelled by about 80,000 from the surrounding territory.

The President and his wife were dinner guests of Gov. Turner and then were taken to the Des Moines Coliseum, where the President made his address. He left Des Moines on his special train at 11:04 p. m. on the return trip to Washington.

"Standing Room Only."

There was standing room only in the 10,000-seat auditorium, and in the Shrine Temple and on the Capitol Plaza, where he appeared later

Continued on Page 3, Column 2.

Unusual Protection Surrounds Hoover

Elaborate Guard Thrown About Him by Militia and Secret Service.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 4 (U.P.).—The most elaborate precautions taken for protecting a President of the United States in recent years were employed by Secret Service agents, National Guardsmen and police during President Hoover's visit to Des Moines.

Fear that a demonstration by striking farmers, staged prior to the President's arrival, would have repercussions during his visit, led to the precautions.

In addition to the usual Secret Service guard, the Iowa National Guard lined the streets in solid file the entire length of the parade route along which the President was driven. A force of 140 police and firemen also was on duty here and similar precautions were taken at Rock Island, Ill., where sentries lined the roofs of buildings and occupied other vantage points to protect the President.

De Valera Will Confer With British Officials

London, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—President Eamon De Valera, of the Irish Free State, arrived from Geneva tonight for a conference with the British cabinet, and in some unofficial quarters there arose this question: "Will the Irish Free State remain in the British family of nations?"

Officially, however, the only announcement was that Mr. De Valera would go into conference tomorrow with Lord Hailsham, secretary for war; Sir John Simon, foreign secretary, and J. H. Thomas, secretary for Dominions.

Great Lakes and Gulf Area Warned of Storms

Cleveland, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—The United States Weather Bureau today ordered southeast storm warnings on the lower lakes. Winds will be strong, southwest, shifting to northwest. Northeast storm warnings were ordered for Lake Huron and northwest warnings for Lake Michigan.

New Orleans, La., Oct. 4 (U.P.).—Storm warnings were ordered posted today for the Texas coast with a prediction of "strong northwesterly winds" tonight by Dr. I. M. Cline, head of the local Weather Bureau. Shipping interests from Corpus Christi to Port Arthur were warned.

Buenos Aires Hospital President Is Kidnaped

Buenos Aires, Oct. 4. (A.P.).—The city was startled today by the bold kidnaping of Dr. James Faveluke, president of the Israelite Hospital and a leader of Argentine Jewry, who was lured from his home by a fictitious professional call.

Today the physicians's wife received a letter demanding 100,000 pesos ransom, about $25,000, and the missive was in the doctor's own handwriting.

E. C. Baltz Named Home Bank Official

Is Selected Vice Chairman; Head of W. & M. Gets Chairmanship.

(Associated Press.)

Dr. J. A. C. Chandler, president of William and Mary College, Williamsburg, Va., yesterday, was named by the Federal Home Loan Board to be chairman of the Fourth District Home Loan Bank at Winston-Salem, N. C.

Julian Price, of the Jefferson Standard Life Insurance Co., Greensboro, was named president of the Winston-Salem Bank.

E. C. Baltz, of Washington, secretary of the Perpetual Building & Loan Association, was named vice chairman.

Gen. Goemboes' Cabinet Sworn in at Budapest

Budapest, Hungary, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—The new Hungarian cabinet, headed by Gen. Julius Goemboes, succeeding that of Count Karolyi, was formally sworn into office today at the Royal Palace.

Gen. Goemboes, premier and defense minister, appeared in his army uniform while the other seven members appeared in gala Hungarian costume, conforming with traditional ceremony.

Jahncke's Brother Makes Attack Plea

Two Others Prominent in New Orleans Admit Assault.

New Orleans, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Three socially prominent yachtsmen, one of them a brother of Ernest Lee Jahncke, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, pleaded guilty in court today to charges of assault and battery arising from a smart set feud.

Sentencing was deferred until Thursday after the pleas were entered by Paul F. Jahncke, president of the contracting firm and brother of the naval Secretary; his son, Edward, and Denton Wilmot. They were accused of luring Nolan Maurin, 27, likewise a member of New Orleans society, to a boat house near the Southern Yacht Club and beating him with the assistance of hired fighters.

Maurin said he and Edward Jahncke had "differences" and he went to the boat house expecting to "have it out" with the youth. That's about all the public ever knew regarding the cause of the fight and the trial failed to shed further light.

Senator Walker to Run For Unexpired Term

Denver, Colo., Oct. 4 (A.P.).—United States Senator Walter Walker, recently appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Charles W. Waterman, will be the Democratic candidate for Waterman's unexpired term.

He was designated as the short-term candidate at a meeting today of the Democratic State central committee. James L. Marsh, Democratic State chairman, said Walker was the unanimous choice of the committee. He will oppose Karl C. Scuyler, Republican senatorial candidate, who was also designated by his party executive committee as the short-term candidate.

Soviet Alleges American Intrigue in Manchuria

Moscow, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—A charge that the American Consulate at Harbin, Manchuria, was "actively working among the white Russians" was made today in a Tass (official Russian) news dispatch from Kharbarovsk, Siberia, dated October 3.

It was further alleged "American sources" in Harbin were spreading provocatory rumors in connection with the activity of Chinese troops against the Manchurian state on the western line of the Chinese Eastern Railway. The dispatch added these rumors were aimed at straining relations between Japan and Russia.

Summary of Inside Pages

Pages.
2—Curtis Reviews Dry Stand.
Mills Assures Credit Aid.
B. E. F. Reelects Waters.
Col. Stanley Ross Dead.
3—Lindbergh Case Arrest.
News of the Suburbs.
4—Text of President's Speech.
5—About the Showahops.
Depression Blamed on Wilson.
6—Editorials.
7—Society.
8—The Post's Comics.
Radio Programs.
9—Women's Features.
10—Amusements.
Forest Fires Menace Towns.
11, 12—Sports.
13, 14—Financial News.
15—Classified Advertisements.
16—Navy Yard Worker Dies.
Siegel Held on Fugitive Charge.

Mapes Plan Shatters Lump Sum Budgeting

Bureau of Efficiency Finds Old $10,183,000 Figure Must Be Revised Downward; Favors Taxing Federal Activities in District.

By ROBERT C. ALBRIGHT.

Bureau of Efficiency experts, investigating the whole question of Federal-District fiscal relations, have found their old case for a $10,183,000 Federal lump-sum contribution "materially weakened" by the Mapes tax base, it was learned yesterday.

Analyzing the House resolution for repeal of the old 60-40 fiscal relationship, the $10,183,000 proportion urged by the bureau in its 1930 report was found to be shaken, if not destroyed, by the Mapes distribution of local taxes, it was disclosed.

The bureau virtually has completed its compilation of data, and will report its findings to Senator Arthur Capper's District committee the first week of the December session.

No rigid formula for determining the Federal Government's contribution toward District needs has been arrived at. The bureau concedes, however, it must revise downward the figure it formerly espoused, to conform with the Mapes tax realignment, which has passed the House and is pending in the Senate.

"No formula for the solution of this problem can be devised against which minor arguments can not be brought," Thomas F. Murphy, assistant chief of the bureau, reiterated yesterday.

"The only hope of reaching a fair and equitable solution of the problem is to adopt a formula or plan which gives due consideration to all of the factors of importance so that the result will not be unfair to either the Federal Government or the District of Columbia."

As an illustration of why the lump sum proportion formerly set up has been "weakened" by the Mapes program, bureau officials point out that the present system of taxation here places major emphasis on property. Prorating the Federal Government's share as a property holder is one thing, and its share under the Mapes system of individual income, estate, auto weight and gasoline taxes another, they point out.

For one thing, in the $10,183,000 lump sum figure set up in 1930, $451,857 was charged against the Federal Government for "intangibles." The local intangible tax would be repealed under the Mapes program.

However they may find it necessary

Continued on Page 3, Column 1.

Former Salvador Legation Is Raided by Dry Agents

Three Arrested and Quantity of Liquor Seized as Night Club Crowds Look On; Place Scene of Previous Rum Hijacking.

The one-time Legation of El Salvador, on Connecticut avenue at Calvert street northwest, scene of a previous hijacking at which costly and choice liquors were at stake, last night fell victim to another raiding party, this time composed of Federal and District prohibition officers.

At the height of the midnight pleasure hour, while fashionable patrons of nearby hotel night clubs watched in eager anticipation, a squad of fifteen men, headed by Lieut. George M. Little, head of the police vice squad, and W. B. Blandford, prohibition administrator of the Washington area, descended on the three-story building at 2601 Connecticut avenue.

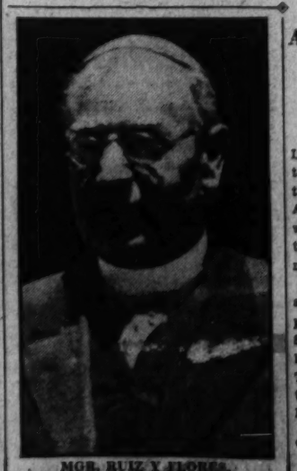
Separating into two groups, the raiders forced their way into the house from front and rear. Once inside, an elaborate layout was found, they reported, and more than a dozen persons were seated about one of the rooms.

A hurried inspection of the place disclosed a quantity of alleged liquor, the raiders said, and after arresting three men and sending the others on their way, this was promptly confiscated.

About a year ago, the building, then the Legation of El Salvador, was visited by another party of raiders, this time in the still of an early morning

Continued on Page 2, Column 3.

Papal Delegate to Mexico Ousted by Official Order



MGR. RUIZ Y FLORES.

Archbishop Leaves by Air for U. S., Due to Row Over Encyclical.

Mexico City, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Mgr. Leopold Ruiz y Flores, papel delegate to Mexico, was ordered expelled from the country today by President Abelardo Rodriguez in conformity with a Chamber of Deputies resolution which declared him to be a "pernicious foreigner."

Mgr. Ruiz y Flores left in a private airplane with two agents of the department of interior for the United States. The plane was to cross the border at Laredo or Brownsville. The papal delegate's only remark was that it was the first time he ever had been up in an airplane.

A delegation from the chamber called on the president this after-

Continued on Page 7, Column 1.

PENNSYLVANIA GIVEN MORE AID BY R. F. C.

$3,342,183 Is Voted for 64 Counties; Kansas Also Granted Loan.

(Associated Press.)

The Reconstruction Finance Corporation yesterday allocated further Federal relief funds to Pennsylvania and to Kansas.

After studying added information provided by Gov. Pinchot the corporation voted an additional $3,342,183 to Pennsylvania. This made a total of $5,842,183 that has been made available to that State.

Gov. Woodring of Kansas was granted a loan of $450,000 at the same session. It is to care for the State's needs until November 15.

The Pennsylvania loan may be used in 64 counties, while the $2,500,000 voted on September 22 was allocated to Allegheny, Northampton and Philadelphia Counties. Gov. Pinchot, however, had announced he would distribute that loan among twelve counties. The new allotment is intended to take care of all the State's requirements until the end of October.

Relief Distribution.

The corporation said it was indicated by revised data submitted that 252,322 Pennsylvania families will require relief during the rest of this year, at a cost of $18,148,471. It added it was estimated $4,922,694 would be available from State and local sources.

The Kansas fund, said the corporation announcement, will be turned over in three equal installments, to be administered by the Kansas Federal relief committee recently created.

It pointed out that local political subdivisions had exhausted their facilities and reached the limits of borrowing power allowed them. The law on this point can not be changed, it said, until the legislature meets next January.

Loans Total $1,200,000,000.

In its first seven months of life the Reconstruction Finance Corporation lent to private enterprise and State governments more than $1,200,000,000.

This grand total of its operations from February 2 through August 31 was announced yesterday by the corporation in a summary which showed banks, railroads, insurance and other financial companies borrowed $1,118,532,969; farmers received $64,201,989, and $35,455,171 went to 25 States and 1 Territory for relief of destitution. The grand total was $1,218,190,129, or approximately one-third of the $3,800,000,000 allowed the corporation by Congress.

In all, 5,599 banks, railroads, &c., received 7,488 loans, while 507,632 farmers, scattered through every State save Rhode Island borrowed an average of $126.47 each. Rhode Island farmers made no application.

Demands Decrease.

The corporation's announcement placed emphasis on a steady decrease in applications for loans from banks since April, the peak month.

"In that month," it said, "1,269 applications were received and in August only 899."

It said also that financial and railroad borrowers during the seven months have repaid $150,890,807, leaving a total outstanding on their accounts August 31, of $967,642,071. In addition borrowers failed to draw out $190,536,855 of loans authorized and they canceled $34,564,413 in loans approved.

The corporation's statement presented these figures by classes but without giving the identity of any borrowers or size of individual loans. Its contention that these facts should be kept private is now being weighed—insofar as August loans are concerned—by South Trimble, clerk of the House of Representatives, who receives monthly reports from the R. F. C. under terms of the relief law passed at the close of Congress. He has promised to announce tomorrow whether he will stick by his original decision that that law required him to make the reports public.

Loans to Farmers.

The farm loans were made by the Secretary of Agriculture out of $75,000,000 paid over to him from the total allotment for crop production loans. Arkansas borrowed the most, with 46,835 individual loans, while the farmers of Georgia and Mississippi took 44,158 and 40,066 loans, respectively. The balance of the $75,000,000, said the corporation, is available to purchase stock of regional agricultural credit corporations now being created.

Another class of loans, that for self-liquidating construction projects, deemed especially important for furnishing new employment, began to be made after the period reported on yesterday. So far the corporation has agreed to buy $40,000,000 of bonds of the Southern California Water District to carry water from the Boulder project on the Colorado to the Los Angeles area and $13,000,000 of bonds of the New Orleans belt line bridge which is to be the first span thrown across the Mississippi below Vicksburg, Miss.

Employment Aims.

The corporation reiterated that it is desirous of financing soon a considerable number of small projects to spread employment through many communities.

"The projects which have already been acted on," it said, "will create employment for thousands of men on the construction sites and in mills, shops, quarries, mines and other lines of industry and will provide traffic for railroads. The applications for loans on several other projects soon will be in shape for action."

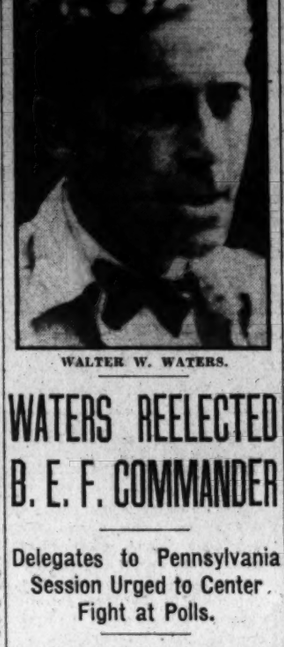
The corporation expects several applications from New York for money to provide low cost housing projects in what is commonly known as a "slum eradication program." This type of loan is specifically provided for under the bill, but at present only New York State has the regulatory laws making such loans legal.

Indictment Is Dropped In Case of H. C. Maddox

On the motion of Neal Burkinshaw, a special assistant to Assistant Attorney General Nugent Doods, Justice Daniel W. O'Donoghue yesterday dismissed an indictment against Henry C. Maddox, who was indicted for use of the mails to defraud in connection with the expose of the operations of the F. H. Smith Co. last year.

Maddox was named in the indictment with G. Bryan Pitts and other officers of the Smith company. Daniel Crissinger, a former chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, one of those named in the indictment, was cleared last week when government attorneys asked the District Supreme Court to drop his name from the list of those indicted.

RENAMED



WALTER W. WATERS.

WATERS REELECTED B. E. F. COMMANDER

Delegates to Pennsylvania Session Urged to Center Fight at Polls.

Uniontown, Pa., Oct. 4 (A.P.).—In a wild dramatic session which several times swept beyond control of the officers, the first national convention of the bonus expeditionary force today reelected Walter W. Waters as its commander.

Convention rules were tossed aside, as the shouting, milling delegates from more than a score of States threatened Franklin Coffin, of Washington, D. C., who urged that Waters be not considered for reelection.

Delegates from the Far West joined with those from the East in a thunderous effort to shout down Coffin, who insisted on completing his address. Boos resounded through the boxing arena where the men filled the bleachers surrounding a roped ring.

Coffin Is Booed.

Temporary Chairman George Anthony, of Chicago, had just informed the convention that any one opposing reelection of Waters would be welcome to the floor.

Coffin, the national "rank and file" contact officer, told the delegates "Waters says he is licked."

"I talked with him recently," he shouted, "and he said to me, 'Well, I guess we are licked.' I told him: 'You may be licked, but the B. E. F. is not licked.'"

The crowd was on its feet shouting, but Coffin continued:

"If you men want to know why there are so many organizations springing up from the B. E. F., just dig around in the dirt."

Again the crowd booed the speaker, many of them leaving their seats and moving toward the platform.

Coffin shouted that "Waters is ill in Florida—it takes a strong man to handle this job." Some of the delegates climbed into the rope ring.

Foorced to Retire.

At this point, Hoke Smith, national field commander, began questioning Coffin, who insisted he is a member of the B. E. F. and entitled to speak his piece. Protesting loudly, he was forced to retire to his seat.

Then Smith asked that the rules be waived and that the convention reelect Waters. The election came by acclamation, the entire throng, with the exception of Coffin, rising. As he held his seat there came another storm of boos, in the midst of which Coffin leaped to his feet and voted for Waters. Jeers and boos turned to cheers, as Coffin, flushed, returned to his chair.

In one of the strangest conventions the Nation ever has seen the delegates turned today to the ballot as their major weapon in a new campaign for relief.

Tonight, the delegates sleep again in a warehouse placed at their disposal by Uniontown business men, and at Camp Sherry, 2 miles out of the city.

"Military police" of the bonus force, and city and county officers joined tonight to rid the town of Communists, radicals and bootleggers who followed the veterans here for the convention. Smith said he had arranged for a special detail of military police to patrol the streets. Bonus army scout cars also were on duty.

AUTOIST KIDNAPED AND TOSSED IN BUSH

Continued from Page 1.

him back into the front seat. One took the wheel and the other kept him covered with a pistol while they drove to a point on the Colesville-Glenmont road.

There they took him from the car and searched him but failed to take approximately $65 in bills he had in his pockets, gagged him with a silk bandana and tied him with the wire. They told him the "boss" wanted to talk with him and that he would be put on the spot if he left before midnight.

Johnson said he is married, but estranged from his wife and four children and that he "did not know I had an enemy in the world." He said he did not believe the attack was sponsored by a rival. He said that a little girl living at the house had told him that a man had asked her several nights ago to whom his car belonged. He runs a meat market at 405 Morse street northeast, he said, and knew of no reason why he should be molested.

Johnson said one of the men was about 25 years old and the other about 35 and that both wore dark clothes and caps. He did not know either, he said.

Man Treated for Poisoning.

James L. Johnson, of 937 Massachusetts avenue northwest, was treated at Emergency Hospital yesterday for poison which he was said to have swallowed in the bathroom of his home.

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Thousands of men and women have found Dr. Gordshell's All-Healing Salve a valuable remedy in the relief and treatment of boils, bone felons, burns, scalds, hemorrhoids, gathered breast, cuts, sores, poison oak, insect bites and skin eruptions. This time-tested remedy is a purely vegetable compound that is absolutely harmless. It is healing and soothing to the most delicate membranes, and has been used and recommended by physicians for over 75 years. Try this remarkable salve and be convinced. Just go to any drug store and ask for Dr. Gordshell's All-healing Salve. Then apply freely and watch results.

Three sizes—35c—70c—$1.40.

CURTIS RENEWS DRY STAND IN MISSOURI

Gives President Sole Credit for Constructive Battle on Depression.

Maryville, Mo., Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Vice President Charles Curtis paused today in his description of Republican tariffs as protectors of American agriculture and praise of President Hoover to reiterate his dry convictions.

Stopping abruptly in an analysis of the McCumber act restoring agricultural duties to a higher level than the Underwood act, the Vice President suddenly addressed himself to the women present.

"I know of your fight in 1928," he said, "and I know the women in this election are going to stand squarely for the Constitution of the United States, for the enforcement of the laws of the country and against the return of the American saloon."

Mr. Curtis' address was heard by a crowd that filled the auditorium of the Northwest Missouri State Teachers College and overflowed onto the campus, where a public address system enabled those unable to enter the auditorium to hear.

Scores Roosevelt Proposal.

A cold autumn wind caused abandonment of plans to hold the rally outdoors, where a speakers' stand had been constructed.

The Vice President praised administration moves against the depression, which he described as the work of "one man, President Hoover." He also praised the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and the Republican immigration enactments.

Describing the depression as worldwide, Mr. Curtis said, "We have emerged from seventeen depressions, each time more powerful than ever before. And we will emerge from this one stronger than ever."

Quoting Franklin D. Roosevelt, Democratic nominee for President, as saying the present duties on agricultural products are a "fraud upon the American farmer," Mr. Curtis said as Republican whip in the Senate he had proposed amendments fixing duties, all of which were written and sponsored by national farm groups themselves.

Wants Cash Payment.

Asserting Gov. Roosevelt favored payment of foreifn debts to America in goods, Mr. Curtis described such a proposal as one that would "rob the farm, mine, factory and laborer of America" of their natural market.

"I know I speak for 90 per cent of the Republican party when I say it is opposed to cancellation of debts, and demands payment in cash," he said.

"Democrats speak of gambling in Wall street. Why, as Governor of New York, hasn't Mr. Roosevelt invoked the law of New York against gamblers in Wall street?"

After his address, Mr. Curtis motored to Kansas City to board a train for Lincoln, Nebr.

Postoffice Clerk Is Called Suicide

Lewis R. Bateman, 26, Is Found Hanging by Cord of His Bathrobe.

The death of Lewis R. Bateman, 26, a clerk at the Postoffice, whose body was found suspended from a closet door by a bathrobe cord in a house at 529 Oglethorpe street northwest, yesterday afternoon, was declared to be suicide by Deputy Coroner C. J. Murphy.

Bernard J. Smart, in whose house Bateman roomed, found the body. He told police that the young man had tied one end of the cord to a doorknob and then passed the cord over the door, suspending himself with the other end. Bateman's feet were only 2 inches above the floor.

Although they found no notes indicating suicide, an insurance policy, which named his mother, Mrs. Eva L. Piety, as beneficiary, was discovered on a bureau top. Police were unable to locate Mrs. Piety, who was said to have left the city for the State of Washington recently.

Bresnahan Elected By Citizens' Group

NorthCleveland Park Body Urges Several Traffic Lights Installed.

John A. Bresnahan was elected president of the North Cleveland Park Citizens Association at its meeting last night at 3923 Windom place. He succeeds J. B. Dickman, sr. Mr. Dickman briefly outlined the accomplishments of the association in the past year when he relinquished the chair.

Other officers named were William A. Gallahan and J. M. Howes vice presidents; John B. Dickman, jr., treasurer; Carl Mack, secretary, and Dr. H. N. Roberts and William J. Neale, delegates to the Federation of Citizens Associations.

In a resolution the association demanded that the District Commissioners order the installation of traffic signal lights on Vas Ness street at both Wisconsin and Connecticut avenues. They also asked that street lights be placed on Thirty-seventh street between Quebec street and Van Ness street.

Washington Coach Buses Win Maintenance Prize

The Washington Coach Co., subsidiary of the Washington Railway & Electric Co., was awarded the highest prize for maintenance of buses in class A bus lines at the convention of the National Association of Bus Operators held at Chicago.

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Visit Leroy H. Thayer's Studios, where expert instructors will, without any obligation on your part, analyze your dancing—tell you how to correct those little faults that cause you to be self-conscious on the dance floor. Insure your dance popularity by learning the new steps in a few enjoyable lessons. Studios open until 10 p. m.

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THE THEATER LAST NIGHT

NATIONAL

"CAMILLE." The New York Civic Repertory Theater, Inc., Eva Le Gallienne, director, presents a play in four acts and five scenes by Alexander Dumas, fils. Translated by Henrietta Metcalf, with costumes and scenery designed by Aline Bernstein, scenery executed by Cleon Throckmorton.

—THE CAST—

Baron de Varille.....Robert H. Gordon
Nanine.....Beatrice Terry
Nichette.....Josephine Hutchison
Marguerite Gautier.....Eva Le Gallienne
Olympe.....Beatrice de Neergaard
St. Gaudens.....Paul Leyssac
Prudence.....Leona Roberts
Servants—
Richard Waring, Antonio Selwart
Gaston Rieux.....Harold Moulton
Armand Duval.....Joseph Schildkraut
Count de Giray.....Donald Cameron
Gustave.....Robert P. Ross
M. Duval.....Walter Beck
Arthur.....Nelson Welch
The Doctor.....Charles Ellis
Anais.....Florida Friebus
Servant.....Joseph Kramm

By NELSON B. BELL.

If in "Lilliom," the first offering of her New York Civic Repertory Theater Company's current engagement, Miss Eva Le Gallienne graciously accorded first honors to her associate artist, Mr. Joseph Schildkraut, it could not have been otherwise than in the consciousness that in "Camille," last night's second bill, the complete and unequivocal triumph would be hers.

To many in the audience, which again made up in enthusiastic appreciation of a sincere and workmanlike piece of expert craftsmanship what it lacked in numbers, there may have been more than one jarring note in Miss Le Gallienne's introductory scenes, but as the play progressed it became increasingly apparent that this courageous and versatile young actress was rejuvenating and rehabilitating a familiar stage character long believed to have taken on a fixed and inviolable contour. Tradition became merely tradition, and not a fetich, as Marguerite Gautier became real, alive and believable under the deft limning of this artiste, who adds an intensely naturalistic "Lady of the Camillas" to the extensive gallery that has been built up by actresses of earlier generations stretching over a total period of more than three-quarters of a century.

Miss Le Gallienne plays the role without the hacking cough, the perpetually catching breath and the other distressing symbols of an incurable malady, but rather after the manner of what a clinic of another sort might term an arrested case. Superficialities are ignored in the interest of the character's deeper, more engaging and more profoundly moving qualities.

The roistering first scene of the first act and the idyllic second scene are, of course, merely expository of the play's premise. The second act's renunciation of a deep and abiding love, the third's melodramatic rekindling of the passion that would not be quenched and the final infinitely pathetic death scene mark the vitally significant intervals of the play and the ones upon which the performances of the principals will inevitably be appraised. These find Miss Le Gallienne superbly equal to every exacting demand made upon her. Every delicate shading, every nuance, every highlight that Dumas could possibly have conceived for the part is apprehended in a characterization that refuses to be stereotyped and becomes cumulatively, warmly and sympathetically human.

Not quite so much can be said of Mr. Schildkraut's Armand Duval. The deficiency, however, lies rather at the author's door than at the actor's. Armand is a less imposing masculine creation than Marguerite is feminine. There is about his major speeches either an exaggerated sentimentality or a flamboyant artificiality that makes conviction a difficult matter. Mr. Schildkraut, nevertheless, was ranked sufficiently high among the Armands last evening to receive an individual acclaim that vied with Miss Le Gallienne's in earnestness, following the fall of the final curtain.

Beatrice Terry, Leona Roberts, Beatrice Neergaard and Walter Beck strengthen the impressions of complete capability created by their splendid work in "Liliom" and performances no less meritorious are contributed by Josephine Hutchinson, Harold Moulton, Robert H. Gordon, Paul Leyssac and Robert P. Ross. Miss Hutchinson not at all and the others less conspicuously cast in the earlier vehicle. Miss Terry and Miss Roberts, particularly, again bring genuine luster to roles that might easily become mediocre in less competent hands.

Those in subordinate capacities complete the illusion of a play that has been costumed and staged with rigid regard for the identifying hall marks of its period.

SMITH ENDS ROW AND URGES ELECTION OF GOV. ROOSEVELT

Continued from Page 1.

ly wrenched the governor's arm in a powerful clasp.

"I'm glad to see you, Al," said the governor, feelingly, while the crowd burst into a delirium of enthusiasm. The outburst of cheering, stamping, whistling and howls of glee lasted for ten minutes, while the convention officers vainly attempted to restore order.

Smith and Roosevelt still stood, clasping hands, while the demonstration progressed. Then the governor spoke.

"Al," he said, "this is from the heart."

Smith replied: "Frank, that goes for me, too."

Castigates Administration.

Still grinning, Smith began his speech, opening almost immediately with a diatribe against the present national administration. He castigated the works of the Republicans and of President Hoover. He recounted what he termed its failures. He demanded the election of "the national ticket" and urged harmony "for a Democratic victory in November."

Gov. Roosevelt, listening intently and smiling broadly, appeared happier than at any time since he embarked on his campaign minus the services and support of one of the party's most powerful figures.

If the great crowd that was listening was disappointed that Smith failed to call his former "buddy" by name, it was nevertheless stirred to a high pitch of enthusiasm at the whole-hearted support Smith gave the national cause and the ticket.

"'A chicken in every pot, two cars in every garage.' That's what the Republicans promised four years ago," he said.

"Why the common laborer, according to them, was going to go to work in silk socks."

The crowd yelled its approval.

"The present President of the United States was held up to the people as the great engineer, a man who knew all the problems, a man who served in the Cabinets of two Presidents. By these tokens he was declared to be the man to serve the people of the United States and abroad," Smith continued.

"It must have been apparent as early as 1929 to the Federal Government that the market crash was due. Immediately after the October, 1929, crash unemployment began to be felt. But nobody admitted it. The figures were denied by the Federal departments. However, a conference was called."

Smith frequently turned about from the rostrum to face Roosevelt who wore a wide smile.

Calls for Party Harmony.

The former governor in summing up the record of the national administration said it had failed on matters of the budget, governmental economy and relief in general.

"The Republican party must take full responsibility. It can not dodge it," he said.

Smith then went on to remark apropos of the Hoover administration:

"They had their dance. Now let them pay the fiddler."

The former governor then called for party harmony, urging support of the national ticket, "for a Democratic victory in November."

Turning his remarks on State government, Smith said:

"When I left the State in 1929, I felt satisfied. For I left my program in the hands of Roosevelt and Lehman."

Smith's face was scarlet and the perspiration ran from him as he worked himself up into a supreme effort and shouted:

"I place in nomination the name of Herbert H. Lehman for Governor of the State of New York."

A parade of delegates started immediately.

With the strong support of Smith and the backing of Roosevelt, Tammany Hall's revolt against Lehman was completely quelled, and at the conclusion of Smith's vehement speech Mayor John Boyd Thacher, of Albany, Lehman's rival, arose to withdraw his name from the convention and to second Lehman's nomination.

During his short speech Smith and Roosevelt sat with their heads close together, in earnest conversation.

With the nomination of Lehman voted, the delegates milled around the hall, cheering, until the nomination of M. William Bray, of Utica, as lieutenant governor, was made. Then it was the turn of Gov. Roosevelt to speak.

Roosevelt Is Cheered.

The crowd gave Roosevelt a mighty cheer as he stepped to the rostrum.

"I come to you in three capacities," he said. "First, and not least, a delegate from Duchess County, to second the nomination of Herbert Lehman. Secondly, I come to you as your governor, and thirdly, I come to you as a traveler—a traveler in the interests of Democracy.

"When I came back to the State in 1920, I knew the situation that confronted my old colleague, Alfred E. Smith," he said.

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PHILADELPHIA WILMINGTON CHESTER	$3.00 $2.75 $3.00	SUNDAYS, October 9, 23 Lv. Washington 7.50, 10.00 a. m.
ATLANTIC CITY WEEK-END ALL-EXPENSE TOURS and up	$10.00	SATURDAY, October 22 Lv. Washington 1.00 p. m.
BALTIMORE	$1.25	EVERY SATURDAY and SUNDAY Coaches only; all regular trains
BOSTON, MASS.	$10.00	SATURDAYS, Oct. 15, Nov. 12 Lv. Washington 7.50 p. m.
TOLEDO, OHIO DETROIT, MICH.	$10.50	SATURDAY, October 15 Lv. Washington 4.02 p. m.
PITTSBURGH	$6.00	SATURDAY, October 15 Lv. Washington 11.00 p. m.

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A MESSAGE OF IMPORTANCE

To Owners and Prospective Owners of Oil Burners in the District of Columbia, States of Maryland and Virginia

CERTAIN oil companies, in an effort to gain fuel oil business, have announced a campaign offering "free service" on any make of oil burner if the oil burner owner will make a long time contract for fuel supply.

The undersigned franchised oil burner dealers take this opportunity to warn the public against any *so-called* "free service."

Be assured that no service can be rendered free. Payment is generally made in some way sooner or later. The public is not to be deceived by "Free Service."

IN ORDER to assure proper service of oil burning equipment, manufacturers have arranged with local franchised dealers to maintain competent, trained service organizations and adequate supplies of replacement parts.

These trained specialists are prepared to serve the public for reasonable compensation. The public does not expect a worth while service free.

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Shull Sales Corporation—McIlvaine Oil Burner.
A. B. C. Oil Burner and Engineering Company—A. B. C. Oil Burner.
L. P. Steuart and Bros.—Fluid, Century and Hardinge Oil Burners.
Silent Automatic Corporation—Timken and Silent Automatic Oil Burners.
William Conradis Company—Kleen Heat Oil Burner.
Domestic Service Corporation—Nu-Way Oil Burner.
Automatic Heating Corporation—Petro-Nokol Oil Burners.
Dome Oil Burner Co., Inc.—Torridheet Oil Burner.
Columbia Specialty Company—Quiet May Oil Burner.

THE undersigned manufacturers announce individually that "parts for their burners will be sold *only*, as specified in their franchise contracts, through their recognized dealer outlets, who are equipped with service departments of experience and training to service the equipment properly."

They also call the public's attention to the fact that local oil burner dealers are really engaged in selling automatic heat, and should be consulted both as to service problems and the type or grade of fuel oil that will assure satisfactory results.

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Century Engineering Corp.	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	Century
Chalmers Oil Burner Co.	Minneapolis, Minn.	Chalmers
Cleveland Steel Products Corp.	Cleveland, Ohio	Toridheet
Electrol, Incorporated	New York, N. Y.	Electrol
Enterprise Oil Burner Co.	San Francisco, Cal.	Enterprise
Franklin Oil Heating, Inc.	Columbus, Ohio	Marr
International Burners Corp. Division of Silent Glow Oil Burner Corp.	Hartford, Conn.	Calorail, Crescent and Victory
Kleen-Heet, Inc.	Chicago, Ill.	Kleen-Heet
Malleable Iron Fittings Co.	Branford, Conn.	Branford
May Oil Burner Corporation	Baltimore, Md.	Quiet May
McIlvaine Burner Corporation	Evanston, Ill.	McIlvaine
National Airoil Burner Co.	Philadelphia, Pa.	National Airoil
Nu-Way Corporation	Rock Island, Ill.	Nu-Way
Oil-American Burner Corporation	Roselle Park, N. J.	Carter-Korth
Petroleum Heat & Power Co.	Stamford, Conn.	Petro, Nokol and Holby
Quaker Manufacturing Co.	Chicago, Ill.	Quaker Burneil
Ray Oil Burner Co.	San Francisco, Calif.	Ray
Scott, Newcomb, Inc.	St. Louis, Mo.	Pioneer
The Silent Glow Oil Burner Corp.	Hartford, Conn.	Silent Glow & Mid-West
Simplex Oil Heating Corp.	New York, N. Y.	Simplex
The Super Oil Heator Sales Co.	Hartford, Conn.	Super Oil Heator
Sword & Kimber Company	Philadelphia, Pa.	Sword
The Timken Silent Automatic Corp.	Detroit, Mich.	Timken-Silent Automatic

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FIGURE IN LINDBERGH KIDNAPING IS JAILED

Man Who Posed as Having Information on Gang Is Held in Virginia.

A man who posed as a mysterious underworld figure in the kidnaping of the Lindbergh baby and who claimed to know something about the kidnaping is under arrest in Virginia, it was disclosed yesterday at the Department of Justice.

Arthur L. Hitner, alias W. W. Wightman, is the man in custody in the Fauquier County Jail in Warrenton, Va. He is not a suspect in the kidnaping, but is wanted as a fugitive from Federal custody in Buffalo, where he is under indictment for violation of the national banking act.

Hitner is said to be the person who duped Dean Dobson-Peacock, one of the trio of negotiators in the case, into believing that he was keeping an engagement with representatives of the baby's abductors.

The dean is said to have identified Hitner as one of the men whom he met in New York. Hitner is reported to have come to Washington and conferred with Mrs. Rebecca Greathouse, assistant United States attorney and cousin of Mrs. Lindbergh, and John Marshall, former Assistant Attorney General and close friend of the Morrow family, during which he is supposed to have represented himself as having knowledge of the baby's whereabouts.

He was arrested in Hot Springs, Va.

MAPES PLAN BALKS LUMP SUM BUDGET

Continued from Page 1.

to revise the Federal lump sum allotment. Bureau officials in their December report will still insist that Government activities in Washington should be taxed as industries are in other cities. Comparative statistics collected by the Bureau of the Census now are being studied. Checks are being made by bureau agents in comparative cities throughout the United States.

The Bureau of Efficiency has reported on each of the four Mapes bills for adding $4,000,000 to the local tax burden, rewriting some of the measures and substantially revising others. Hearings have been held before the Senate District committee, but a final committee vote awaits the fiscal relationship report.

The Government this year is contributing only $7,775,000 toward District expenses, an amount Chairman Hiram Bingham, of the Senate District appropriations committee, holds but a temporary expedient dictated by the demand for economy. Last year the Federal Government contributed $9,500,000. The 1934 District budget will be built on expectation the latter amount will be appropriated next year.

Washington Women Ask Reno Divorce Decrees

Reno, Nev., Oct. 4 —Divorce complaints filed today included:

Emma R. Gray vs. Arthur C. Gray, of 909 Seventh street northeast, Washington, D. C., married Forestville, Md., November 8, 1919; nonsupport; one child.

Alice R. Magaha Merryman vs. Benjamin F. Merryman; married Clarendon, Va., February 3, 1923; cruelty.

Margaret Harvey Smith vs. Charles Gordon Smith, of New London, Conn., married Washington, D. C., June 15, 1904; cruelty; one child; property settlement.

DIED

BATEMAN—On Tuesday, October 4, 1932, LEWIS R. BATEMAN.
Remains resting at Hysong's funeral parlors, 1300 N street northwest. Notice of funeral later.

DUEHRING—Suddenly, on Tuesday, October 4, 1932, at his residence, 830 D street southeast, RUDOLPH H. E., beloved husband of Katherine V. Duehring.
Funeral from William H. Scott's funeral home, 409 Eighth street southeast, on Friday, October 7, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend.

DUNLAP—On Sunday, October 2, 1932, at Providence Hospital, MARGARET BURKE, beloved wife of John T. Dunlap, of 57 S street northwest.
Funeral from her late residence on Wednesday, October 5, at 8:30 a. m., thence to St. Martin's Church, where mass will be said at 9 a. m. Interment at Mount Olivet Cemetery.

FIELDS—On Monday, October 3, 1932, at his home, Rockville, Md., HENRY CLAY FIELDS, in his seventy-sixth year.
Funeral services at St. Mary's Catholic Church, Rockville, Md., on Wednesday, October 5, at 10 a. m. Interment at St. Mary's Cemetery.

FORNESS—Suddenly, on Sunday, October 2, 1932, at Georgetown University Hospital, LUCY M., beloved widow of Marcus H. Forness.
Funeral from the residence of her son, James M. Faush, 3600 Twenty-eighth street northeast, on Wednesday, October 5, at 10 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment at Middleburg, Va.

JONES—Suddenly, on Monday, October 3, 1932, at the Washington Hotel, DAISY A., beloved wife of William E. Jones, of Ballston, Va., and mother of Melville S. Jones and sister of Mrs. William T. Lloyd, Mrs. Charles J. Simpson and Mrs. Caroline Heitmuller.
Funeral from the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin street northwest, on Thursday, October 6, at 3 p. m. Relatives and friends are invited. Interment at Congressional Cemetery.

LENZ—Suddenly, on Monday, October 3, 1932, at 12:30 p. m., at her residence, 448 Lamont street northwest, EVA MARGARET, beloved wife of the late Frederick Lenz.
Funeral services at the Peck Memorial Chapel, Twenty-eighth street and Pennsylvania avenue northwest, on Wednesday, October 5, at 2 p. m. Remains resting in church from 10 a. m. until 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment at Oak Hill Cemetery.

MILLER—On Monday, October 3, 1932, at her residence, 2200 Nineteenth street northwest, CATHARINE BOSWELL MILLER.
Requiem mass at St. Louis' Church, Clarksville, Md., on Wednesday, October 5, at 10 a. m.

MULLICAN—On Monday, October 3, 1932, MAMIE LEE, the beloved wife of Joseph Mullican, in her fifty-eighth year.
Remains resting at the Colonial funeral home of William Reuben Pumphrey, Rockville, Md. Funeral from the Colonial funeral home on Wednesday, October 5, at 2:30 p. m. Interment at Forest Oak Cemetery, Gaithersburg, Md.

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Montgomery Registration Shows Democratic Trend

Unofficial returns from the registration held yesterday in Montgomery County, Md., last night showed 1,280 Democrats added to the county books, with 339 Republicans, 31 Independents, 1 Socialist and 17 who declined to announce their affiliations. These figures represent new registrations, changes in affiliation not having been compiled last night.

County Democratic leaders were frankly jubilant over the registration figures, which they claim show a clear-cut trend to the Roosevelt-Garner ticket. Maj. E. Brooke Lee, county Democratic organization leader, said that this was the largest gain shown by the Democrats in many years. Antiorganization Democrats, who likewise are supporting the Roosevelt ticket this year, also were pleased.

The registration brings the total of Democratic affiliations for the county to 16,854; Republicans to 9,083; Socialists to three; Independents and undeclared to 560. The registration totals for the county amount to 26,501, with the unofficial returns of yesterday included.

A Democratic rally will be held tonight at Poolesville under the auspices of the antiorganization faction at which former Gov. Robert A. Cooper, of South Carolina, and Representative David J. Lewis, Democratic candidate for reelection, will speak.

PRESIDENT HOOVER DELIVERS FIGHTING DES MOINES SPEECH

Continued from Page 1.

before overflow crowds, police estimated his listeners at several thousand. He spoke briefly at both places before attending a reception of Iowa editors at the Fort Des Moines Hotel and departing for his train.

At the Shrine Temple, where he said his receptions had convinced him that Iowans were "loyal hard-working Republicans," a voice from the audience called out: "And Democrats, too."

"They, too, are welcome in our fold," the President replied.

The President and Mrs. Hoover were cheered for more than a minute when they arrived in the already filled coliseum and the Chief Executive drew more than two minutes of applause when he began speaking.

The crowd cheered and yelled when the President described what he called the war on the economic difficulties.

Denies Roosevelt Claim.

Yells of "no" and "never" filled the auditorium when he asked if the American people proposed to place the responsibility of government in the hands of the Democratic party.

The President stopped his delivery and smiled for half a minute at a tally from a number of his audience during applause of a statement that if the measures advanced by House Democrats were passed they would end hope of recovery.

While quoting a statement by his Democratic opponent, Franklin D. Roosevelt, that the "Hawley-Smoot tariff was the highest tariff in the history of the world," the President departed from his prepared address to interpolate: "Which incidentally isn't true." This drew laughter and more applause from the audience.

Later, the President said all tariff bills, including the last, contain "injustices and inequalities."

Interpolating again, he added:

"I have never said that bill (the Hawley-Smoot act) was perfect by a long ways." He pointed to the flexible tariff as a means of correcting inequalities.

Twelve-Point Program.

The Chief Executive said he favored such proposals as radical revision of the agricultural marketing act, readjustment of land taxes, reorganization of the Federal land banks, and the application of any annual payment on war debts to "securing an expansion of the foreign markets for American agricultural products."

As another major point he promised his farm-belt audience even higher tariffs than now existed on farm commodities "where necessary to protect agriculture."

In outlining what he called the "policies of the Republican party," the President listed the following twelve points:

1. Maintenance and possible elevation of the protective tariff on farm products as "the very basis of safety to American agriculture."

2. Revision of the agricultural marketing act, including repeal of the stabilization clause.

3. Creation of a program for "the reorganization of agriculture so as to divert lands from unprofitable to profitable use and to avoid the cultivation of lands the chief return of which is the poverty and misery of those who lived upon them."

4. Speeding up of the completion of the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence waterway "as a fundamental relief to agriculture by cheaper transportation."

Leniency on Farm Loans.

5. Leniency in the collection of farm loans totaling $120,000,000.

6. Readjustment of land taxes through a conference of tax experts to be called "as soon as the national election is out of the way."

7. Restoration of normal short-term credit to agriculture through the Federal Reserve system, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, the intermediate credit banks and the ten new agricultural credit corporations.

8. Use of Reconstruction Corporation funds to "make credits available for sales of farm products in new markets abroad."

9. A recommendation to the next Congress for further reorganization of the Federal land banks, to enable them to expand in the refinancing of farm mortgages.

10. Promotion of world stability through disarmament and maintained peace as a factor "in the recovery and expansion of our agricultural markets."

11. Opposition to cancellation of war debts, but the recommendation "that any annual payment on the foreign debt be used for the specific purpose of securing an expansion of the foreign markets for American agricultural products."

12. An effort to reverse the "processes of deflation" in connection with farm prices "and bring things back to their real values."

Itinerary Is Extended.

President Hoover has been so well pleased with the reception and ovations tendered him en route to Des Moines that his aids tonight announced a revised itinerary on his return trip to Washington, which includes several stops.

Leaving Des Moines at 11 o'clock tonight the special will arrive in the National Capital at 7 a. m. Thursday.

The announced schedule follows:

Arrive Madrid, Iowa, 12:02 a. m., leave 12:10.
Arrive Marion, Iowa, 2:36 a. m., leave 2:40.
Arrive Savanna, Ill., 4:31 a. m., leave 4:35.
Arrive Western avenue, Chicago, Ill., 7:20 a. m.
Leave Englewood, Ill., 8:30 a. m.
Arrive Fort Wayne, Ind., 10:45 a. m., leave 10:50.
Arrive Cresline, Ohio, 1:15 p. m., Central standard time, leave 2:20 p. m., Eastern standard time.
Arrive Federal Street, Pa., 6:25 p. m., leave 6:30 p. m.
Arrive Altoona, Pa., 9:50 p. m., leave 9:55 p. m.
Arrive Harrisburg, Pa., 12:55 a. m., October 6, leave 1:02 a. m.
Arrive Baltimore, Md., 3:50 a. m., leave 3:55 a. m.
Arrive Washington 7 a. m.

Suspect Is Seized In 'Repeat' Holdup

Man Taken at Oil Station Believed Involved in Robbery of Autoist.

One of five men who early yesterday are alleged to have bound and gagged Calvin Scott, of 206 B street northwest, and after robbing him of $55 escaped in his automobile, was captured a few hours later by Policeman G. E. Cooper, of the Second Police Precinct, after an attempt had been made to hold up an oil station at Fourth and N streets northwest.

Scott told police he was driving his car near New Jersey avenue and N street northwest, when the five colored men leaped on the running board. They forced him to stop and threw him in the rear seat after securely binding, gagging and blindfolding him, Scott said.

The men, he said, threw him from the car at Eighteenth and Monroe streets northeast, after taking $55.

A short time later five men appeared at an oil station in Scott's machine and at gun point attempted to rob Clarence Richardson, colored attendant. John Bundy, another employe, fired several shots at the intruders, and they fled.

Policeman Cooper, attracted by the firing, gave chase and captured one of the men some distance away. The prisoner said he was King McKenny, 24 years old.

FORMER SALVADOR LEGATION IS RAIDED

Continued from Page 1.

hour. Dr. Don Carlos Leiva, minister from El Salvador, was severely injured when attacked by a gang of men.

A large quantity of choice liquors, stored in the basement was in the rear yard, ready for seizure when the envoy appeared.

The men arrested last night said they were Harry W. Wood, 25 years old, who gave the Connecticut avenue address as his home; Alexander W. Rapley, colored, 40, of 1015 H street northwest, and Gene Stack, 40, colored, of 113 H street northwest. They were charged with sale and illegal posession of alleged liquor.

A crowd of hundreds of persons was attracted to the scene, and traffic was at a standstill for the duration of the raid.

DIED

ORIANI—Suddenly, on Tuesday, October 4, 1932, at her residence, 2023 Fourteenth street northwest, MARIA, beloved wife of Louis Oriani and mother of Anna, Louise, Mary and Frank Oriani, Mrs. Paul Hiser and Mrs. Leon Warner.
Funeral from her late residence on Thursday, October 6, at 8:30 a. m. Requiem mass at St. Paul's Church at 9 a. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment at St. Mary's Cemetery.

SAWYER—On Tuesday, October 4, 1932, at her residence, 8624 Georgia avenue, Silver Spring, Md., NELLIE JULIA, beloved wife of John L. H. Sawyer.
Remains at the chapel of Frank Geier's Sons Co., 1113 Seventh street northwest, until Thursday, October 6. Interment at Chester, Pa.

SUGRUE—On Monday, October 3, 1932, at 8:30 p. m., at his residence, 140 Quincy street, Chevy Chase, Md., PATRICK H., beloved husband of Elizabeth J. Sugrue.
Funeral from his late residence on Thursday, October 6, at 9:15 a. m., thence to St. Aloysius Church, where high requiem mass will be said at 10 a. m. for the repose of his soul. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment at Mount Olivet Cemetery.

SMITH—On Sunday, October 2, 1932, at his residence, 123 Fifteenth street southeast, PLADIUS JOSEPHUS, beloved husband of Mary Agnes Smith and father of Harry B., Edwin O., Josephus, S. J., Garner Hugh and Thomas M. Smith, of Washington, D. C.; George W. Smith, of Tampa, Fla.; Mrs. Lillian C. Smith, of Rosslyn, Va.; Miss Neva A. Gray and Mrs. Cora L. Parks.
Funeral from the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin street northwest, on Thursday, October 6, at 10 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment at Buckland, Va.

WATERS—On Sunday, October 2, 1932, at her residence, Germantown, Md., VALERIA D., wife of the late Horace D. Waters.
Funeral services at her late residence on Wednesday, October 5, at 11 a. m. Interment at Nealsville Church Cemetery.

A Complete Funeral for $75.00

Or even LESS. The $75 funeral includes: Casket, any color; plate engraved with name, No. 1 outside pine case, embalming by competent men, washing, dressing and shaving, if necessary; advertising of notices, hearse, 2 Cadillac limousines, russ. chairs, scarf for the door, removing from hospitals or home and all necessary services that are so well known at the DEAL FUNERAL HOME. NO EXTRAS.

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UNIFORM DRUG ACT STUDIED AT PARLEY

State Laws Commission Convenes at Mayflower; Delegates Register.

Consideration of a draft of a uniform narcotic drug act was begun yesterday afternoon by the forty-second annual national conference of commissioners on State laws at the Mayflower Hotel.

Completion of the study, together with recommendations for certain revisions, is expected to be reached this morning when consideration will be given to other proposed uniform acts. The recommendations will be taken up by a committee on a uniform narcotic act which will report to the conference.

Considerable discussion was devoted at yesterday afternoon's session to the sections of the act applying to the furnishing of narcotics to Government officers and others in Government employ, and to the sale of narcotics to foreign countries.

The District representatives are Walter C. Clephane, Frederick S. Tyler and Charles V. Imlay.

The commissioners were welcomed by Commissioner Herbert B. Crosby and Frank J. Hogan, president of the Bar Association of the District of Columbia. Mr. Hogan is chairman of the committee planning the Bar Association convention, of which the uniform State laws conference is a preliminary.

Judge William L. Hargest, of Harrisburg, Pa., president of the conference, in an address of welcome, stressed the need for a uniform statute for firearms, which would include machine guns and sawed-off shot guns.

Settlement of Textile Strike in Carolina Fails

Rockingham, N. C., Oct. 4 (A.P.).—An effort to settle a strike of 1,200 textile operatives here under a plan evolved by Gov. O. Max Gardner, failed today when a conference of four committees reported no agreement had been reached and the negotiations had been dropped.

Strikers, loyal workers, mill executives and business men discussed the problem in a closed conference. At its conclusion, W. H. Newell, jr., president of the local business men's club, issued a statement expressing regret at the "unfavorable results."

DAVIS MARKED FOR DEMOTION; BURKE READY TO FIGHT OUSTER

Continued From Page 1.

against Davis. It was believed to be "in the cards" for some time. But his action against Burke was a shock to everyone.

Also, relations have been strained between Gen. Glassford and Inspector Davis for some months, it was learned, because the police head had been embarrassed by some tactics of Inspector Davis, and particularly because of Inspector Davis' contradictions of Gen. Glassford's statements with reference to the handling of the bonus army.

The basis of Gen. Glassford's reported recommendation for the Davis demotion is believed to be insubordination.

Friendly Relations Existed.

With reference to the attempted ouster of Inspector Burke, there has been no obvious friction between them.

Friendly relations existed only a week ago, when they made plans for future development of the Detective Bureau. It was blasted by the police head's summary action in ordering Burke to "retire or be reduced."

That the fight on Inspector Burke will reach a critical stage was indicated in the favorable report of the Board of Police and Fire Surgeons, which will be acted upon tomorrow afternoon by the retiring board.

Under the law, the retiring board can not retire Inspector Burke if he is physically able. Any attempt to demote him from chief of detectives, which carried with it the rank of assistant superintendent, would have to be approved by the District Commissioners.

30 Years in Service.

Inspector Burke, with 30 years' service behind him, is prepared to fight to a finish the action of the chief of police. And he will have the opportunity to defend himself, Commissioner Herbert B. Crosby has promised.

The fight is not expected to reach a climax until Tuesday when the Board of Commissioners considers the report of the retiring board, together with the explanation of the order of Gen. Glassford to Inspector Burke to "either retire or be reduced."

So far, it is understood, Gen. Glassford has made no recommendation for Inspector Burke's demotion to the Commissioners. The reports he has filed are an "explanation" of his act.

Regardless of the Commissioners' action in the case, it is reliably reported the chief of police will persist in his move to oust the chief of detectives.

The chief of detectives explained that the reason he applied for retirement was that when he received the Glassford ultimatum he assumed that the District Commissioners had concurred in it.

Since then he has learned that the police head acted on his own initiative, and thereupon Burke decided to fight to the finish.

"No man in a high official position in the District service can be thrown out without a hearing," said Commissioner Crosby. "I intend to see that Inspector Burke is given a full opportunity to answer Gen. Glassford."

Willing to Appear.

"I will gladly appear before the Commissioners to answer Gen. Glassford's accusations," said Inspector Burke. "It will be my only opportunity to learn the reasons why he wants me removed from the Detective Bureau."

Inasmuch as Gen. Glassford took more than a day to prepare his accusations against Inspector Burke, it is not thought the Commissioners will require the chief of detectives to answer verbally the charges against him. In fairness to Inspector Burke, it is understood, he will be served with a copy of the charges so that he can gather the evidence to refute them.

While Inspector Burke was undergoing the physical examination in the No. 23 Engine House, Gen. Glassford "accidentally" dropped by. Upon emerging from the examination room, Inspector Burke said, "I believe I passed a perfect physical examination."

Gen. Glassford explained his presence at the scene of the examination by saying he was merely accompanying Lieut. Harvey Callahan, in charge of the police training school, who was interested in some of the candidates for police jobs and who were undergoing physical tests.

However, Gen. Glassford, asked whether Inspector Burke was inside. And a few minutes later he drove away.

Neither Commissioner Crosby nor Gen. Glassford would make public the contents of the statements. One, it is understood, contains specific "instances" of Inspector Burke's failure to cooperate with him, and the other revealed a clash of temperaments.

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Crisp Plans to Resign Congress Seat Friday

Americus, Ga., Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Representative Charles R. Crisp, recently appointed a member of the United States Tariff Commission, said today he would resign from Congress Friday to take his new post. Crisp was chosen by President Hoover shortly after he was defeated in a race for the Democratic senatorial nomination in Georgia by Gov. Richard B. Russell, jr.

He said he has written the governor his resignation so the latter could call a special election November 8, the date of the general election, to fill the remainder of his term.

DRY LAW IS CALLED TEMPERANCE CURB

Gov. Ritchie Addresses Rally in Prince Georges County of 300 Persons.

The greatest progress toward temperance in this country was made before prohibition, Gov. Albert C. Ritchie, of Maryland, told a political meeting yesterday in the courthouse at Marlboro. Representative Stephen W. Gambrill and Senator Millard E. Tydings, both candidates for reelection, also spoke at the rally, which was attended by about 300 persons.

All the many issues in the campaign are only important in their relation to the depression, Gov. Ritchie said. He added that the advice about not changing horses in the middle of the stream does not apply "if the horse goes halt and lame and blind and founders." Mr. Gambrill advised the voters to do three things—repeal the eighteenth amendment and the Volstead act, seek to revive international trade while keeping up the standard of living, and change the administration.

Senator Tydings pointed to the creation of the Federal Farm Board and the Smoot-Hawley tariff bill as the main results of the Hoover regime, and professed to see in them the cause of the depression. Reading a prepared statement, he said that the deficit of the last three years would wipe out all payments made on the national debt since 1920.

Speaking of prohibition, the senator said that five times as many persons under 21 were arrested for drunkenness after the eighteenth amendment as before it was passed.

ATTACK AT WHEEL FATAL TO MOTORIST

James McLernon, 35, Dies in Alexandria Following Heart Trouble.

THE WASHINGTON POST BUREAU,
907 Prince St., Alexandria, Va.
Phone Alexandria 523.

James McLernon, 35 years old, superintendent of the Alexandria plant of the American Agricultural Chemical Co., died yesterday following a heart attack while driving his automobile in the 200 block of North Fairfax street. His car crashed into a tree.

Passersby came to McLernon's assistance and Police Sergt. George Everly and Charles W. King took the man to the Alexandria Hospital, where he died within five minutes after being admitted.

McLernon lived at 131 Masonic View terrace, George Washington Park, and is survived by his wife, Mrs. Edith McLernon, and three small sons, James, Compton and Jack McLernon. He was born in Belfast, Ireland, and had lived in Baltimore, Md., before coming to Alexandria about three years ago.

The body was taken to his former home in Baltimore, where the funeral will be held.

The Rev. Ernest W. Aaron, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, is in Winchester, Va., attending the annual conference of the Baltimore Conference of that church.

Miss Park, of the Preventorium, in the Blue Ridge Mountains, will address the membership of St. Paul's Episcopal Church tonight at 8 o'clock at the church. The Sewing and Mite Society will meet at 3 o'clock today.

Frank H. Church, 79 years old, a retired life insurance agent, died yesterday at his home, 100 South Fayette street. He is survived by his wife and a small daughter, of this city, and a son by a former marriage, H. M. Church, of Charleston, S. C. The funeral will be held from Cunningham's funeral home at 3 o'clock today. Burial will be in St. Paul's Cemetery.

A meeting of the officers and executive committee of the Alexandria branch of the Woman's Organization for National Prohibition Reform will be held at 5 o'clock today at the home of the chairman, Mrs. Ben B. Cain, 619 South Lee street.

William Lindsey Carne, adjutant of Robert E. Lee Camp, Sons of Confederate Veterans of Alexandria, has been appointed inspector general on the staff of Robert M. Coivin, commander in chief of the Virginia division, Sons of Confederate Veterans.

Davila Arrives in Peru.

Lima, Peru, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Carlos Davila, deposed as president of Chile in the uprising of September 13, arrived here today with his family, en route to New York.

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TEXT OF ADDRESS PRESIDENT HOOVER MADE AT DES MOINES

ESCAPE FROM CHAOS REVEALED IN SPEECH

Tells How Near Country Was to Being Forced From Gold Standard.

Des Moines, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Following is the complete text of President Hoover's speech at the Iowa State Capital:

I am glad, a son of the soil of this State, to come back to where I was born and where I spent the first ten years of my boyhood. My parents and grandparents came to Iowa in the covered wagon—pioneers in this community. They lie buried in your soil. They broke the prairie into homes of independent living. They worshiped God, they did their duty to their neighbors. They toiled to bring to their children greater comfort, better education, and to open to them a wider opportunity than theirs.

It was my destiny in the solicitude for an orphaned family to be taken by the old emigrant railway train westward to the Pacific Coast, and ultimately to fix my home and hopes in California. My sons fly these long journeys in a span of daylight.

These contrasts of a half century are a vivid picture of the change and progress of American life.

My experiences of later years have in no way diminished my memories and my gratitude to my native State. It was here that the doors of opportunity were first opened to me. It was here that I was given that tender care of mind and body, those first steps in education, that knowledge of poverty and struggle for family betterment which contribute to understanding of American life.

And with it all, even in those days a boy had his first contact with the wider life of our Nation. Not that childhood grasps or understands these questions, yet great forces then, as now, touched every farm in our country.

Recalls Economic Storm Following Civil War.

As a boy, I walked alongside the torchlight procession in the Garfield campaign; I was awed by the whispered anxiety when the President was shot by an assassin, and by the genuine grief of every person in that village when the flag was placed at half-mast on his passing.

I have been accorded the greatest honor which my country can bestow—that is to lead it amongst the nations of the world in the paths of peace and to serve in the stern duty of the battle against the invisible forces of a great world calamity.

It was in this community that I came in contact with my first economic depression. I was born in the midst of the terrible times of the 70s, with their poverty and their difficulties. And only in that period has our Nation had to meet a situation in any degree comparable to that with which we now contend. That was the economic storm which struck us when the aftermath of the Civil War coincided with the wars in Europe. But in those days agriculture and industry were less dependent upon each other, there was far less interdependence among the nations of the world, and thus the violence of the storm in human suffering and loss was infinitely less disastrous.

Not that I would suggest that at that age I knew what an economic depression was or that I had ever heard the words, but I vividly recollect a Christmas upon the farm when the sole resources of joy were popcorn balls, sorghum and hickory nuts, when for a flock of disappointed children there were no store toys, no store clothes, when it was carefully explained that because of the hard times everything must be saved for the mortgage. The word "mortgage" became for me a dreaded and haunting fear from that day to this.

How All Parts of World Have Been Affected.

I know now from reading history that that Christmas was also a time when the country was coming out of that great depression. The Democratic party was still coquetting with the great panacea of that time, "greenbacks." I did not then know what greenbacks were, but I do know that the family tightened up its belt and, with confidence, voted for James A. Garfield, a Republican President. My purpose tonight is to deal with some of the problems of the day. Seldom in our history have we gone through greater dangers or have the difficulties before the Nation been of such gravity. They attain this gravity not only because of the unprecedented dislocation in our domestic life but because our problems are world-wide.

Aside from the value of truth, the causes and origins of this unparalleled storm are of importance only as they indicate the policies we must pursue for our safety. I say to you that a storm which embraces the whole world, which ramified to every village in China, every sheep ranch in Patagonia, every factory in Germany, every mine in Australia, every counting house in England, every farm in the State of Iowa, is the result of a terrific eruption in civilization itself. Something infinitely deeper and of greater portent has happened to the world than any reaction from our own reckless speculation and exploitation. We are contending today with forces at home and abroad which still threaten the safety of civilization.

I know it seems a far cry to the village home of America from the effect of 40,000,000 people killed, starved and maimed in the great war, with all its loss in skill and character. It seems a far cry from the increase in debt of governments from $20,000,000,000 to $200,000,000,000 an amount two-thirds the value of everything in the whole United States. It seems a far cry from the effect of an increase in the peace armies of the world in 20 years from 2,000,000 to 5,000,000 men with the hate and suspicion they excite. It seems a far cry from the last 12 years of frantic political and financial policies of foreign nations, with the ultimate collapse of governments, of revolutions and dictatorships.

Unending War Fought To Avert Calamity.

You can test the part which the great war played in the difficulties in your home and their relation to the gravity of the situation today right at your own doors.

You will recollect that the values of your land doubled and trebled under the transitory demands of the great war. You will recollect the expansion of mortgages, the collapse in values immediately thereafter, the doubling of taxation, the aftermaths of all which are still a part of your problems. You know the stifling of your markets from the collapse of other nations under the calamities they have inherited from the war.

We have fought an unending war against the effect of these calamities upon our people. This is no time to recount the battles on a thousand fronts. We have fought the good fight to protect our people in a thousand cities from hunger and cold.

We have carried on an unceasing campaign to protect the Nation from that unhealing class bitterness which arises from strikes and lockouts and industrial conflict. We have accomplished this through the willing agreement of employer and labor which placed humanity before money through the sacrifice of profits and dividends before wages. We have defended millions from the tragic result of droughts. We have mobilized a vast expansion of public construction to make work for the unemployed. We fought the battle to balance the budget. We have defended the country from being forced off the gold standard with its crushing effect upon all who are in debt. We have battled to provide a supply of credits to merchants and farmers and industries. We have fought to retard falling prices. We have struggled to save homes and farms from foreclosure of mortgages, battled to save millions of depositors and borrowers from the ruin caused by the failure of banks, fought to assure the safety of millions of policyholders from failure of their insurance companies, and fought to save commerce and employment from the failure of railways.

"Things Could Be Worse," In Spite of Belief.

We have fought to secure disarmament and maintain the peace of the world, fought for stability of other countries whose failure would inevitably injure us. And above all we have fought to preserve the safety, the principles and ideals of American life. We have builded the foundations of recovery.

All these battles, related and unrelated, have had a single strategy and a single purpose. That was to protect your living, your comfort and the safety of your fireside. They have been waged and have succeeded in protecting you from infinitely greater harm which would have to come to you.

Thousands of our people in their bitter distress and losses today are saying that "things could not be worse." No person who has any remote understanding of the forces which confronted this country during these last eighteen months ever utters that remark. Had it not been for the immediate and unprecedented actions of our Government, things would be infinitely worse today.

Instead of moving forward we would be degenerating for years to come even if we had not gone clear over the precipice with the total destruction of everything we hold dear.

Let no man tell you that it could not be worse. It could be so much worse that these days now, distressing as they are, would look like veritable prosperity.

In all these great efforts there has been the constant difficulty of translating the daily action into terms of public understanding. The forces in motion have been so gigantic, so complex in their character, the instrumentalities and actions we must undertake to deal with them are so involved, the figures we must use are so astronomical as to seem to have but little relation to the family in the apartment, the cottage or on the farm.

Disclosure of Forces Might Cause Panic.

Many of these battles have had to be fought in silence without the cheers of the limelight or the encouragement of public support, because the very disclosure of the forces opposed to us would have undermined the courage of the weak and induced panic in the timid, which would have destroyed the very basis of success.

Hideous misrepresentation and unjustified complaint had to be accepted in silence. It was as if a great battle in war should be fought without public knowledge of any incident except the stream of dead and wounded from the front. There has been much of tragedy, but there has been but little public evidence of the dangers and enormous risks from which a great national victory has been achieved.

I have every confidence that the whole American people know in their hearts that there has been but one test in my mind, one supreme object in the measures and policies we have forged to win in this war against depression—that test was the interest of the people in the homes and at the firesides of our country. I have had before me but one vision: that is, the vision of the millions of homes of the type which I knew as a boy in this State.

I wish to describe one of the battles we have fought to save this Nation from a defeat that would have dragged farmers and city dwellers alike down to a common ruin. This battle was fought parallel with other battles on other fronts. Much of what I will tell you has been hitherto undisclosed. It had to be fought in silence, for it will be evident to you that had the whole of the forces in motion been made public at the time there would have been no hope of victory because of the panic through fear and destruction of confidence that the very disclosure would have brought.

Saving United States From Crashing World.

Happily we have won this battle. There is no longer any danger from disclosure.

Our own speculative boom had weakened our own economic structure, but the critical assaults and dangers swept upon us from foreign countries. We were therefore plunged into a battle against invading forces of destruction from abroad to preserve the financial integrity of our Government; to counteract the terrific forces of deflation aligned against us; to protect the debtor class who were being strangled by the contraction of credit and the demands for payment of debt; to prevent our being pushed off the gold standard, which in our country would have meant disaster to every person who owed money; and, finally, to preserve the savings of the American people. We were fighting to hold the Gibraltar of world stability, because only by holding this last fortress could we be saved from a crashing world, with a decade of misery and the very destruction of our form of government and our ideals of national life.

When eighteen months ago the financial systems of Europe were no longer able to stand the strain of their war inheritances and of their afterwar economic and political policies, an earthquake ran through 40 nations, financial panics, governments unable to meet their obligations, banks unable to pay their depositors, citizens, fearing inflation of currency, seeking to export their savings to foreign countries for safety; citizens of other nations demanding payment of their loans, financial and monetary systems either in collapse or remaining only in appearance. The shocks of this earthquake ran from Vienna to Berlin, from Berlin to London, from London to Asia and South America. From all those countries they came to this country, to every city and farm in the United States.

German Moratorium Gave Breathing Spell.

First one and then another of these 40 nations either abandoned payment in gold of their obligations to other countries, or restricted payments by their citizens to foreign countries, so as practically to amount to at least temporary or partial repudiation of public and private debts. Every one of them, in a frantic endeavor to reduce the expenditures of their goods. These events were not as children playing with blocks. They brought revolutions, mutinies, riots, downfalls of governments, and a seething of despair which threatened civilization.

In order to prevent total collapse of the German people and its inevitable effect upon us, I brought about the German moratorium and so-called German standstill agreements by which Europe was given a breathing spell in which to arrange and stabilize their affairs. But the shocks grew in violence and finally at the end of September a year ago the difficulties of Europe culminated with the suspension of gold payments by the Bank of England, followed by many other nations. With no stability to foreign currencies trade again slackened because merchants could not calculate the amount they might realize when they shipped their goods.

An amazing statement was made a few days ago in this State that the passage of the tariff act of 1930 "started such a drain on the gold reserves of the principal commercial countries as to force practically all of them off the gold standard." The facts are that the tariff act was not passed until nearly one year after the depression began. The earthquake started in Europe; the gold of Europe was not drained; it has increased in total every year since the passage of the act and is right now $1,500,000,000 greater than when the act was passed, and the tariff is still on. It has been my daily task to analyze and know the forces which brought these calamities. I have had to look them in the face. They require far more penetration than such assertions as this indicate.

Greatest Collapse Threatened America.

The shocks which rocked these nations came from profound depths; their spread gave fearful blows to our own system, finally culminating last October in what, had they not been courageously met with unprecedented measures, would, because of our peculiar situation, have brought us to greater collapse than even other countries.

The first effect of these shocks on us was from foreign dumping of American securities on our markets which demoralized prices upon our exchanges, foreign buying power stagnated because of their internal paralysis and this in turn stifled the markets for our farm and factory products, increased our unemployment and by piling up our surpluses demoralized our commodity prices.

The frantic restrictive measures on exchanges and the abandonment of gold standards made it impossible for American citizens to collect billions of the moneys due to us for goods which our citizens had sold abroad, or short-term loans they had made to facilitate commerce. At the same time citizens of those countries demanded payment from our citizens of the moneys due for goods they had sold to our merchants and for securities they had sold in our country.

Before the end, foreign countries drained us of nearly a billion dollars of gold and a vast amount of other exchange.

Then we had also to meet an attack upon our own flank by some of our people, who, becoming infected with world fear and panic, withdrew vast sums from our own banks and hoarded it from the use of our own people, to the amount of $1,500,000,000. This brought its own train of failure and bankruptcies. Even worse, many of our less patriotic citizens started to export their money to foreign countries for fear we should be forced onto a paper money basis.

All this cataclysm did not develop at once; it came blow by blow; its effect upon us grew steadily, our difficulties mounted higher day by day.

This is no time to trace its effect stage by stage. No statement of mine is needed to portray the effects upon you. No statement of mine could portray the full measure of perils which threatened us.

Three Great Perils Invisible to Most.

Three of the great perils were invisible except to those who had the responsibility of dealing with the situation.

The first of these perils was the steady strangulation of credit through the removal of three billions of gold and currency by foreign drains and by hoarding from the channels of our commerce and business. And let me remind you that credit is the lifeblood of business, of prices, and of jobs. Had the full consequences of this action been allowed to run their full extent it would have resulted, under our system of currency and banking, in the deflation of credit anywhere from 20 to 25 billions, or the destruction of nearly half the immediate working capital of the country. There would have been almost a universal call for payment of debt which would have brought about universal bankruptcy, because property could not be converted to cash, no matter what its value.

And there were other forces equally dangerous. The tax income of the Federal Government is largely based upon profits and income. As these profits and income disappeared, the Federal revenues fell by nearly one-half, and thus the very stability of the Federal Treasury was imperiled. The Government was compelled to borrow enormous sums to pay current expenses.

What Going Off Gold Would Mean to All.

The third peril, which we escaped only by the most drastic action, was that of being forced off the gold standard. I would like to make clear to you what that would have meant had we failed in that sector of the battle. Going off the gold standard in the United States would have been a most crushing blow to most of those with savings and those with owed money, and it was these we were fighting to protect. Going off the gold standard is no academic matter. By going off the gold standard gold goes to a premium, and the currency dollar becomes depreciated. Largely as a result of fears generated by the experience after the Civil War and by the Democratic free silver campaign in 1896, our people have long insisted upon writing a large part of their long-term debtor documents as payable in gold.

A considerable part of farm mortgages, most of our industrial and all of our Government, most of our State and municipal bonds, and most other long-term obligations are written as payable in gold. This is not the case in foreign countries. They have no such practice; their obligations are written in currency. When they abandon the gold standard, and gold goes to a premium, the relations of their domestic debtors and creditors are unchanged, because both he who pays and he who receives use the same medium. But if the United States had been forced off the gold standard, you in this city would have sold your produce for depreciated currency. You would be paid your bank deposits and your insurance policy in currency, but you would have to pay a premium on such of your debts as are written in gold. The Federal Government, many of the States, the municipalities, to meet their obligations, would need to increase taxes which are payable in currency in order to pay the gold premium, provided, of course, they did not repudiate.

Gold Standard Loss Averted by Two Weeks.

I believe I can make clear why we were in danger of being forced off even with our theoretically large stocks of gold. I have told you of the enormous sums of gold and exchange drained from us by foreigners. You will realize also that our citizens who hoard Federal Reserve and some other forms of currency are in effect hoarding gold, because under the law we must maintain 40 per cent gold reserve behind such currency. Owing to the lack in the Federal Reserve system of the kind of securities required by the law for the additional 60 per cent of coverage of the currency, the Reserve system was forced to increase their gold reserve up to 75 per cent. Thus with $1,500,000,000 of hoarded currency, there was in effect over $1,000,000,000 of gold hoarded by our own citizens. These drains had at one moment reduced the amount of gold we could spare, for the Secretary of the Treasury informed me that unless we could put into effect a remedy, we could not hold to the gold standard but two weeks longer because of inability to meet the demands of foreigners and our own citizens for gold.

Being forced off the gold standard in the United States meant utter chaos. Never was our Nation in greater peril, not alone in banks and financial systems, money and currency, but that forebode dangers, moral and social chaos, with years of conflict and derangement.

Printing Press Plan For Currency Rejected.

In the midst of this hurricane the Republican administration kept a cool head and rejected every counsel of weakness or cowardice. Some of the reactionary economists urged that we should allow the liquidation to take its course until we had found bottom. Some people talked of vast issues of paper money. Some talked of suspending payments of Government issues. Some talked of setting up a council of national defense. Some talked foolishly of dictatorship, any of which would have produced panic itself. Some assured me that no man could propose increased taxes in the United States to balance the budget in the midst of a depression and survive an election.

We determined that we should not enter the morass of using the printing press for currency or bonds. All human experience has demonstrated that that path once taken can not be stopped, and that the moral integrity of the Government would be sacrificed, because ultimately both currency and bonds would become valueless.

We determined that we would not follow the advice of the bitter-end liquidationists and see the whole body of debtors of the United States brought to bankruptcy and the savings of our people brought to destruction. We determined we would stand up like men and render the credit of the United States Government impregnable through the drastic reduction of Government expenditures and increased revenues until we balanced our budget. We determined that if necessary we should lend the full credit of the Government thus made impregnable, to aid private institutions to protect the debtor and the savings of our people. We decided upon changes in the Federal Reserve System which would make our gold active in commercial use and that we would keep the American dollar ringing true in every city in America and in the world; that we would expand credit to offset the contraction brought about by hoarding and foreign withdrawals; that we would strengthen the Federal Land Banks and all other mortgage institutions; that we would lend to the farmers for production; that we would protect the insurance companies, the building and loan associations, the savings banks, the country banks and every other point of weakness. We determined to place the shield of the Federal Government in front of the local communities in protection of those in distress and that we would increase employment through profitable construction work with the aid of Government credit.

Gold Begins Flowing Back to United States.

On October 3 last year I called to Washington the leading bankers of the country and secured from them an agreement to combine the resources of the banks to stem the tide. They pledged themselves to $500,000,000 for this purpose. On October 6 I called in the leaders of both political parties. I placed before them the situation at home and abroad. I asked unity of national action. We published a united determination to the country. The people drew a breath of relief, the ship swung to a more even keel, but by December 1 the storm had grown in further intensity abroad and the menace became more serious than ever before. With the opening of Congress in December I laid before it a program of unprecedented dimensions to meet an unprecedented situation.

The battalions and regiments and armies thus mobilized for this great battle turned the tide toward victory by July. The foreigners drew out most of their money, but finding that the American dollar rang honest on every counter in new confidence they are sending it back. Since June $275,000,000 of gold has flowed back to us from abroad. Hoarders in our own country, finding our institutions safeguarded, have returned $250,000,000, to the useful channels of business. The securities held by our insurance companies, our savings banks, and our benevolent trusts have recovered in value. The rills of credit are expanding. The pressure on the debtor to sacrifice his all in order to pay is relaxing. Men are daily being reemployed. If we calculate the values of this year's agricultural products compared with the low points, the farmers, as a whole, are, despite the heartbreaking distress which still exists, $1,000,000,000 better off. Prices have a long way to go before the farmer has an adequate return, but, at least, the turn is toward recovery.

Money Institutions Have Been Made Safe.

I have been talking of currency, of gold, of credit, of bonds, of banks, of insurance policies, of loans. Do not think these things have no human interpretation. The happiness of 120,000,000 people was at stake in the measure to enable the Government to meet its debts and obligations, in saving the gold standard, in enabling 5,500 banks, insurance companies, building and loan associations and a multitude of other institutions to pay their obligations and ease pressure upon their debtors. These institutions have been rendered safe, and with them their 30,000,000 depositors, policyholders and borrowers. More than half of all of them were in the Midwest, 500 in your own State of Iowa. Had they gone down, the shock of their failure would have carried down with them every man and institution who owed money, and the whole employment and marketing fabric of the United States. I wish I were able to translate what these perils, had they not been overcome, would have meant to each person in America. The financial system is not alone intrusted with your saving. Its failure means that the manufacturer can not pay his worker, the worker his grocer, the merchant can not buy his stock of goods, the farmer can not sell his products. The great clock of economic life would stop. Had we failed, disaster would have translated itself into despair in every home, every city, village and farm.

We won this great battle to protect our people at home. We held the Gibraltar of world stability. The world today has a chance. It is growing in strength. Let that man who complains that things could not be worse thank God for this victory, and make reverent acknowledgement of the courage and stamina of a great democracy.

Democrats in Congress Had No Slump Remedy.

Let's be thankful for the presence in Washington of a Republican administration. I say this with full consideration of its portent, for I wish to call your attention to the part which the dominating leadership of the Democratic party has played in this great crisis. I wish to bring before you the real doctrines and program of the men who then and now and in the future will dominate that party.

You will recall that the congressional election two years ago gave the control of the lower house of Congress to our opponents. They were also in a position to control the policies of the Senate. After that election their leaders announced to the world that their party would present a program to restore prosperity. One year later, when the new Congress assembled last December in the midst of this crisis, they presented no program.

The administration did present a program which has saved the country from complete disaster. That program was patriotically supported by many members of the Democratic party, who joined in enactment of these measures. To these men who placed patriotism above party I pay tribute, but later in the session the opposition majority of the House of Representatives could not restrain their real purposes and doctrines. It is of importance that the country realize what that program was, for the American people are asked to intrust the future of the United States in the hands of these same men and to these policies.

At a time when the most vital need was for reduction in expenditure and balancing the budget to preserve the stability of the Federal Government as the keystone of all stability, they produced a program of pork barrel legislation in the sum of $1,200,000,000 for nonproductive and unnecessary works at the expense of the taxpayer. They produced the cash bonus bill. They passed that through the House of Representatives by their leadership. I opposed it. It failed the Senate. Under that bill it was proposed to expend $2,300,000,000. Worse still, the bill they passed provided the bonus should be paid through the creation of sheer fiat money. They would have made our currency a football of every speculator and every vicious element in the financial world at the very time when we were fighting for the honesty of the American dollar.

Daniel Webster Quoted On Guarding Currency.

I can do no better than to quote Daniel Webster who, 100 years ago, made one of the most prophetic statements ever made when he said:

"He who tampers with the currency robs labor of its bread. He panders, indeed, to greedy capital, which is keen sighted and may shift for itself, but he beggars labor, which is unsuspecting and too busy with the present to calculate for the future. The prosperity of the work people lives, moves, and has its being in established credit and steady medium of payment."

The experience of scores of governments in the world since that day has confirmed Webster's statement, and yet the dominant leadership of the Democratic party passed that measure to issue paper money through the House of Representatives.

And further, the administration proposed economy measures to bring about reduction in specialized Government expenditures by $300,000,000. When those recommendations had passed through the filter of the Democratic majority in the House only $50,000,000 of savings were left, yet we hear many speeches from them upon economy. They passed a bill to destroy the effectiveness of the Tariff Commission. I vetoed that bill.

They passed a price-fixing bill creating what might be colloquially called the "rubber dollar." I opposed this. It was held up in the Senate. They passed a provision for loans to corporations and everybody else, whether they were affected and guarded by public interest or not. It would have made the Government the most gigantic pawnbroker of history. I vetoed this measure. They passed other measures with this same reckless disregard for the safety of the Nation.

Democratic Measures Would Stop Recovery.

All this undermined public confidence and delayed all the efforts of the administration and the powerful instrumentalities which we had placed in action to save the country. These measures representing the dominant Democratic control brought discouragement and delay to recovery. That recovery began the moment when it was certain that these destructive measures of this Democratic-controlled House were stopped. Had their program passed it would have been the end of recovery. If it ever passes it will end hope of recovery. These measures were not simply gestures for vote-catching. These ideas and measures represented the true sentiments and doctrines of the majority of the control of the Democratic party. A small minority of Democratic members disapproved these measures, but these men obviously have no voice today. This program was passed through the Democratic House of Representatives under the leadership of the gentleman who has been nominated the Democratic candidate for Vice President and thus these measures and policies were approved by their party.

At no time in public discussion of the vital issues of this campaign has any Democratic candidate, high or low, disavowed these destructive acts which must emerge again if they come to power. I ask you to compare this actual Democratic program, and these Democratic actions with the constructive program produced by the administration to meet the emergency. Do you propose to place these men in power and subject the country to that sort of measures and policies? It is by their acts in Congress and their leadership that you shall know them.

Low Farm Prices Traced To Unemployment.

Of vital concern to you are the difficulties of agriculture. They have been of vital concern to me for the whole of these difficult years. I have been at the post to which the first news of every disaster is delivered, to which no detail of human suffering is spared. I have heard the cries of distress, and not only as a sympathetic listener but as one oppressed by a deep sense of responsibility to do all that human ingenuity could devise.

I wish to speak directly to those of my hearers who are farmers of what is on my mind, of what is in my heart, to tell you the conclusions I have reached from this bitter experience of the years in dealing with these problems which affect agriculture at home and their relations to foreign countries.

That agriculture is prostrate needs no proof. You have saved and economized and worked to reduce costs, but with all this yours is a story of distress and suffering.

What the farmer wants and needs is higher prices, and in the meantime to keep from being dispossessed from his farm, to have a fighting chance to keep his home. The pressing question is how these two things are to be attained. Every decent citizen wants to see the farmer receive higher prices and wants to see him hold his home. Every citizen realizes that the general recovery of the country can not be attained unless these things are secured to the farmer. Every thinking citizen knows that most of these low-price levels and most of this distress, except in one or two commodities where there is an unwieldly surplus, is due to the decreased demand for farm products by our millions of unemployed and by foreign countries. Every citizen knows that part of this unemployment is due to the inability of the farmer to buy the products of the factory. Every thinking citizen knows that the farmer, the worker, and the business man are in the same boat and must all come to shore together.

Republicans to Keep Tariff Farm Protection.

Every citizen who stretches his vision across the United States realizes that for the last three years we have been on this downward spiral, due to the destructive forces which I have already described. If he has this vision, he today takes courage and hope because he also knows that these destructive forces have been stopped; that the spiral is moving upward; that more men are being employed and are able to consume more agricultural products.

The policies of the Republican party and the unprecedented instrumentalities and measures which we have put in motion, many of which are designed directly for agriculture—they are winning out. If we continue to fight along these lines we shall win.

The very basis of safety to American agriculture is the protective tariff on farm products. The Republican party originated and proposes to maintain the protective tariff on agricultural products. We will even widen that tariff further where necessary to protect agriculture. Ninety per cent of your market is at home, and I propose to reserve this market to the American farmer.

Has the Democratic party ever proposed or supported a protective tariff on farm products? Has it ever given one single evidence of protection of the home market to the American farmer from the products raised by peasant labor on cheap land abroad?

The Democratic party took the tariff off a large part of farm products in 1913, and placed them on the free list. A Republican Congress passed the emergency farm tariff in 1921 and a Democratic President vetoed it. The Democratic minority in the next Congress in 1921 voted against the revived emergency farm tariff. The Republican majority passed it and the Republican President signed it. The Democratic minority voted against the increase of agricultural tariffs in the Republican tariff of 1922. Most of the Democratic members of Congress voted against the increases in the tariff bill of 1930. Their platform enunciates the principle of "a competitive tariff for revenue." The competition that means is peasant labor and cheap lands. Their candidate states: "We sit on a high wall of a Hawley-Smoot tariff;" "Sealed by the highest tariff in the history of the world;" "A wicked and exorbitant tariff;" "A ghastly jest;" "Our policy declares for lowered tariffs." This is a promise of reduction of farm tariffs. They will reduce agricultural tariffs if they come into power. Since when have our opponents become the friends of the farmer?

How Farm Prices Would Drop With Low Tariff.

When you return to your home you can compare prices with foreign countries and count up this proposed destruction at your own firesides. There are this minute 2,000,000 cattle in the northern states of Mexico seeking market. The price is about $2.50 per 100 pounds on the south bank of the Rio Grande. It is $4.50 on the north bank—and only the tariff wall between.

Bad as our prices are, if we take comparable prices of farm products today in the United States and abroad, I am informed by the Department of Agriculture that you will find that except for the guardianship of the tariff, butter could be imported for 25 per cent below your prices, pork products for 30 per cent below your prices, lamb and beef products from 30 to 50 per cent below your prices, flaxseed for 35 per cent below your prices, beans for 40 per cent below your prices, and wool 30 per cent below your prices. Both corn and wheat could be sold in New York from the Argentine at prices below yours at this moment were it not for the tariff. I suppose these are ghastly jests.

The removal of or reduction of the tariff on farm products means a flood of them into the United States from every direction, and either you would be forced to still further reduce your prices or your products would rot on your farms.

The opposition party has endeavored to persuade you that increased tariffs abroad are reprisals against the United States. There are a half-dozen suppressions of truth in this statement of profound interest to the farmer. The first is that many increases in tariffs abroad took place before, not after, our farm tariffs were increased. The second is that the restrictions on imports in most cases are not directed at the United States. They are for the purpose of reducing all expenditures of their people during their financial crises. The third is that if we survey the growls of some nations when our tariffs were changed we find their objections in overwhelming majority were directed at the increase in our agricultural tariffs. American farmers are entitled to know this. The very object of our increases was to protect you in the home market.

The main thing these foreign countries want is entrance for their surplus agricultural products into our markets. Many of these countries would decrease their tariffs against our industrial goods tomorrow in exchange for reduction on their farm products, but that is no help to our farmers.

Bipartisan Tariff Board Corrects Inequalities.

The Democratic party proposes that they would enter into bargaining tariffs to secure special concessions from other countries. They represent this to be in the farmer's interest. But I may tell you here and now that the largest part of the whole world desires to make only one bargain with the United States. The bargain these countries wish to make is to lower our tariff on agricultural products in exchange for lowering their tariffs on our industrial goods. American industrial leaders realizing the needs of the American farmer, do not want to be a party to such bargains.

All tariff acts contain injustices and inequities. That is the case with the last tariff bill. Some people get too much and some too little, but those of you who have followed the accomplishments of this administration will recollect that I secured in the last tariff act, 25 years after it had originally been advocated by President Theodore Roosevelt, the adoption of effective flexible tariff provisions to be administered by a bipartisan body. That authority to a bipartisan Tariff Commission is based upon a definite principle of protection to our people and it is one of the most progressive acts which have been secured in the history of all legislation.

By maintaining that reform the country need no longer be faced with heartbreaking, log-rolling selfishness and greed which come to the surface on every occasion when Congress revises the tariff.

This bipartisan Tariff Commission has now been engaged for over eighteen months in an effective revision of the tariff. It has heard every complaint. It was found that many rates were just, some were too high and some too low. But if there are tariffs which are too high and result in some damage to the United States, those tariffs can be readjusted by mere application to the commission. That tribunal is open to all the people.

Democrats in Congress Fail to Ask Adjustment.

Our opponents opposed this reform in tariff legislation. They passed a bill last session to destroy the independence of the commission. They promise in their platform to destroy it. The reasons for this action are obvious. The bipartisan Tariff Commission has proved a serious political embarrassment to them. Either House of Congress has the right to call upon the Tariff Commission for reconsideration of any schedule. Notwithstanding their outcries against the 1930 tariff act the Democratic-controlled House of Representatives, after being in session for seven months, did not pass a single resolution requesting readjustment of a single commodity or a single schedule.

What the Democratic party proposes is to reduce your farm tariffs. Aside from fuin to agriculture, such an undertaking in the midst of this depression will disturb every possibility of recovery.

Four years ago organized agriculture requested the passage of an agricultural marketing act. I called a special session of Congress to pass such an act and increase tariffs on farm products. A distinguished board of men recommended by organized agriculture was appointed to administer the act. Those portions of the board's activities which directed themselves to the support and expansion of cooperative marketing organizations have proved of great benefit to the farmer. Today over a million farm families participate in the benefits which flow from it.

Hundreds of Millions Are Saved for Farmers.

I wish to state frankly the difficulties that have arisen under some other portions of the act. They arise mostly from the so-caled stabilization provisions, which never were and are not now the major purpose of the Farm Board. Even indirect purchase and sale of commodities is absolutely opposed to my theory of government.

When the panic struck agricultural prices the board determined that unless the markets were supported hundreds of thousands of farmers would be bankrupt by the sale of their products at less than the money they had already borrowed upon them, that a thousand country banks would likely be closed, and that a general panic was possible.

As a result of these emergency purchases, the prices of farm commodities were temporarily held and their fall cushioned. The farmers secured hundreds of millions of dollars of income which they would not otherwise have received.

Experience has shown that the patent weakness of such actions is the damaging aftermath which accompanies disposal of these products. I am convinced that the act should be revised in the interest of the farmer in the light of our three years of experience and this proposal should be repealed.

For several years, the United States Department of Agriculture has studied the complex social and economic problems which lie embedded in the general problem of land use. About a year ago these studies had reached such a point that the Secretary of Agriculture felt justified in calling a conference of economists, farm leaders, agricultural college authorities, to formulate practical means of action. The broad objective of such a program is to promote the reorganization of agriculture so as to divert lands from unprofitable to profitable use, and to avoid the cultivation of lands, the chief return of which is the poverty and misery of those who live upon them. The Republican platform contains a plank which constitutes the first declaration upon this subject. I shall be happy to support a sound program.

Four years ago, in this State, I gave assurance to the farmers that one of the first policies of my administration would be the vigorous prosecution and completion of the inland waterway system and advancement of the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence seaway as a fundamental relief to agriculture by cheaper transportation. I am glad to report to you that more than twice the amount of work has been done on the waterways in the last three years than in any similar period in the history of the United States. I am also glad to report that after twenty years of discussion, examinations and intermittent negotiations, a treaty has been signed with Canada which only awaits ratification of the United States Senate and the Dominion Parliament for us to undertake that great contribution to the strengthening of Midwest agriculture in reaching out to world markets.

Readjustment of Land Taxes Vitally Needed.

We have suffered from unprecedented droughts both in the North and south of you. Some other sections were unable to obtain credit for seed and feed for live stock. Through various Government agencies loans to the amount of $120,000,000 have been made to 900,000 of our families to rehabilitate their production and ameliorate these conditions. Some of these families are in difficulties in making immediate repayment because of demoralized prices. I have seen to it that they are not unduly pressed.

Last April I delivered an address to the conference of the governors of the various States. I stated in effect that the most inflexible tax in our country is the tax on land and on real property. It is the least adaptable to the varying income of the taxpayers. I stated that in the present situation the taxes upon farms and homes have become almost unbearable, that such taxes are wholly out of proportion to other forms of taxes.

I stated then emphatically that there is no farm relief more needed today than readjustment of land taxes.

The Federal Government collects no direct property taxes, but at that meeting I proposed that we should review the whole relations of our tax system between Federal, State and local governments and seek a basis of taxation for each that would give opportunity for readjustments between our different forms of government. Such readjustments should be found which would enable the States to find other sources of tax revenue, and would more equitably distribute the burden over the whole people. I announced last April that I would call tax-experts of the Nation together to determine methods we should pursue. I shall do so as soon as the national election is out of the way, and I shall then recommend methods to Congress.

Short-Term Credits Restored for Farmers

The very first necessity to prevent collapse and secure recovery in agriculture has been to keep open to the farmer the banking and other sources from which to make short-term loans for planting, harvesting, feeding live stock and other production necessities. That has been accomplished indirectly in a large measure through the increased authority of the Federal Reserve system and its expansion of credits, and indirectly through the Reconstruction Corporation loans to your banks. It has been aided directly through the intermediate credit banks and through the ten new agricultural credit institutions which alone can command over $300,000,000 credit and which are now being erected in all parts of the country.

We are thus rapidly, everywhere restoring normal short-term credits to agriculture.

In another direction, upon my recommendation, the Reconstruction Corporation has been authorized to make credit available to processors to purchase and carry their usual stocks of agricultural products and thus relieve a burden which was resting upon farm prices because the farmer was forced to carry these stocks. But even more important than this, at my recommendation the Reconstruction Corporation has been authorized to make credits available for sales of farm products in new markets abroad. This is today and will with increasing activity extend immediate markets in relief of farmers and the prices of products.

The mortgage situation—that is, long-term credits—is one of our most difficult problems. On October 6 a year ago I secured and published an undertaking from the leaders of both political parties that we should extend aid to this situation. In December we appropriated $125,000,000 directly to increase the capital of the Federal Land Banks and we provided further capital through authority that the Reconstruction Corporation should purchase the bonds of these banks. The purpose was to enable the Federal Land Banks to expand their activities and to give humane and constructive consideration to those indebted to them who were in difficulties. In the large sense it has pursued this policy. A little over 1 per cent of the farms held under mortgage by the Federal Land Bank system today are under foreclosure and these mostly cases where men wished to give up.

Mortgage Problem Still Needs Solution.

The character of the organization of the joint stock land banks whose business methods are not controlled by the Federal Farm Loan Board has resulted in disastrous and unjust pressure for payments in some of these banks. The basis of that organization should be remedied. We have sought to further aid the whole mortgage situation by loans from the Reconstruction Corporation to banks, mortgage companies and insurance companies to enable them to show consideration to their farmer borrowers. As a result of these actions hundreds of thousands of foreclosures have been prevented.

But despite the relief afforded by these measures the mortgage situation has become more acute. There must be more effective relief. In it lies a primary social problem. I conceive that in this civilization of ours and more particularly under our distinctive American system, there is one primary necessity to its permanent success. That is, we must build up men and women in their own homes, on their own farms, where they may find their own security and express their own individuality. A nation on such foundations is a nation where the real satisfactions of life and happiness thrive, and where real freedom of mind and aspiration secure that individual progress in morals, in spirit, and accomplishment.

Continued on Page 5, Column 1.

HOOVER ASSAILS FOES

CALLS DEMOCRATIC EFFORTS HARMFUL

Assails Action Attempted in House Under Garner Leadership.

Continued from Page 4.

the sum of which makes up the greatness of America. Some will say this is a mere ideal. I am not ashamed of ideals. America was founded upon them, but they must be the premise for practical action.

And for prompt and practical action I have, during the past month, secured definite and positive steps in coordination of the policies not only of the Federal agencies, but the important private mortgage agencies as well. These agencies have undertaken to give their help.

Would Reorganize Federal Land Banks.

But further and more definite than this I shall propose to Congress at the next session that we further reorganize the Federal Land Banks, and give to them the resources and liberty of action necessary to enable them definitely and positively to expand in the refinancing of the farm-mortgage situation where it is necessary to give men who want to fight for it a chance to hold their homes.

I can not overemphasize the importance of the element of world stability in the recovery and expansion of our agricultural markets. This involves the promotion of good will, of disarmament and of maintained peace. It requires the rebuilding of the credit structure within nations which have been forced off the gold standard or compelled to restrict exchange. Until that is done there is a definite blockade upon the movement of commodities and upon the market for your products. We have given aid in these things. That we may get to grips with these questions in the interest of our agriculture and our industry and in the interest of world progress, I am participating in the organization of a world economic conference to be held late this year. Every intelligence the world can command will be concentrated on the rehabilitation of economic stability.

I shall send a representative of agriculture as a member of that world economic conference.

And in connection with agriculture I may mention the question of war debts. I do not approve cancellation of these debts. I certainly do not approve the proposal of our opponents to lower our tariffs.

In my acceptance address I stated the exact reverse of this proposal. I said: "If for some particular annual payment we are offered some other tangible form of compensation, such as the expansion of markets for American agriculture and labor and the restoration and maintenance of our prosperity, then I am sure our citizens would consider such a proposal."

Creating Foreign Markets For Farm Products.

I am prepared to go farther. I am prepared to recommend that any annual payment on the foreign debt be used for the specific purpose of securing an expansion of the foreign markets for American agricultural products. There is justice in that, for the difficulties inherited from the war are part of your difficulties today. That is a proposal of more importance to the farmer than any panacea.

In the advancement of agricultural prices from the depression the first fortress to take and to hold was the increased tariffs on farm products. There will be an immediate decrease in prices if these tariffs are reduced as our opponents propose. The next move in the battle for improved prices was to stop the general deflation. By deflation, I mean the lessening of market values and prices for land, products of the land, manufactures and all securities. That battle has been won. The next attack on this front is to reverse these processes of deflation and bring things back to their real values. That battle is in progress.

The Government is giving aid by its vast constructive program for agriculture, for commerce and for industry. Through the renewed flow of credit for industry and by direct measures of employment, by the great cooperative movements which we have instituted in commerce and industry, for attacks all along the line, we are returning men to work. Every new man reemployed is a greater purchaser of farm products. Wherever we properly can, without entangling ourselves in political difficulties abroad, we are joining for the rehabilitation of the world and thereby the foreign markets for agricultural products. I come to you with no economic patent medicine especially compounded for farmers. I refuse to offer counterfeit currency or false hopes. I will not make any pledge to you which I can not fulfill.

As I have stated before, in the shifting battle against depression, we shall need to adopt new measures and new tactics as the battle moves on. The essential thing is that we should build soundly and solidly for the future. My solicitude and willingness to advance and protect the interests of agriculture is shown by the record. Protection and advancement of this industry will have my continued deepest concern, for in it lies the progress of all America. It was in this industry that I was born.

The battle against depression is making progress. We are still faced with forces which render 10,000,000 men idle and agriculture prostrate. We have forged new weapons, we have turned the tide from defense to attack. I shall continue the fight. It calls for that cooperation, that courage, that patience and fortitude with which our fathers conquered these prairies.

Ultimate Realities For 25 Million Homes.

In conclusion, my friends, there are many other subjects of vast importance to our country. The farmers of America are not selfishly interested in their own industry alone. They are Americans with the same concern for the welfare of the Nation in its multitude of other problems, both at home and abroad. Time does not permit of their exposition tonight. The issues are grave, the stake is great. These issues rise above the concern of an ordinary campaign. Our cause is not alone the restoration of prosperity. It is to soundly and sanely correct the weaknesses in our system which this depression has brought to the surface. It is the maintenance of courageous integrity in political action and in government. It is the holding of this Nation to the principles and ideals which it has had from the beginning. It is to make free men and women.

Finally, let me deal for a moment with the ultimate realities. I have had to describe the complicated processes of currencies and taxation and other such dreary things. They are but the tools we use to manage the processes by which we answer the old, old question, where withal shall we live. They are necessary tools but they are not an end in themselves. Our toils and cares are for a higher purpose. We are not a Nation of 120 millions of solitary individuals; we are a Nation of 25 million families dwelling in 25 million homes, each warmed by the fires of affection and cherishing within it a mutual solicitude for kinfolk and children. Their safety is what we are really striving for. Their happiness is our true concern. Our most solemn hope for them is that they may share richly in a spiritual life as well, that puts them not only at peace with their fellows but also in harmony with the will of a beneficent Providence. Out of our strivings for material blessing must come safety for homes and schools and churches and holding of national ideals, the forming of national character. These are the real aspirations of our people. These are the promises of America, and those promises must be fulfilled.

DESIGN OF NEW HIGH SCHOOL COMPLETED

Plans for Institution for Fort Reno Section Given to Fine Arts Body.

A design of a new high school in the Fort Reno section to be located at the corner of Nebraska avenue and Chesapeake street, was laid before the Fine Arts Commission yesterday by Albert L. Harris, municipal architect.

The commission also considered plans for a memorial fountain to be erected at Chevy Chase Circle. The drawings were prepared by Architect E. W. Donn.

A design for a World War memorial tablet to be erected by the Department of State was taken up. Waddy Wood, local architect, submitted the drawings.

Brig. Gen. L. H. Bash, chief of construction of the Army Quartermaster Corps, petitioned the commission to see that an adequate water supply is provided for Arlington National Cemetery.

The commission discussed a program for a circle tentatively planned for the junction of Massachusetts and Nebraska avenues near American University.

Members of the commission also conferred with Col. U. S. Grant concerning the development of Columbian Island and a treatment of Memorial avenue to Arlington.

In the afternoon members of the commission visited the Roosevelt High and the Mall development. Later they motored to Fort Humphreys, Va., where they discussed the restoration of Belvoir, historic home of William Fairfax, with the commandant.

127 Baltimore Strike Pickets Are Arrested

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 4 (A.P.).—One hundred and ten women and seventeen men, striking garment workers, were arrested today when they refused to obey a police order to stop mass picketing.

ABOUT THE SHOWSHOPS

With NELSON B. BELL

It would not come as any very tremendous shock to this department if it were suddenly revealed that all of the vituperative comment unleashed upon the movies by that grand young man of the theater, Mr. George M. Cohan, turned out to be a shrewdly designed scheme on the part of the Yankee Doodle comedian to direct notice to "The Phantom President," his first essay at the talkies.

George M. Cohan.

You may recall that with regard to the dialogue provided for his picture Mr. Cohan has remarked, "If my little son could not write better dialogue than that, I would never speak to him again," and, again, that concerning the executive acumen of the powers that be on the West Coast, he has averred that he already knows more about their business than the producers who have been continuously plugging away at it for the past ten years!

Everything considered, it seems almost incomprehensible that "The Phantom President" should be as good as everyone who has seen it declares it to be and still be the product of all the immaturity, unsound business judgment and utter lack of showmanship with which Mr. Cohan has stigmatized it. So I say, maybe George M., is only kidding, after all.

At any rate, that is all his picture is doing. Surely, by this time, you must have heard that "The Phantom President," one of the Capital's imminent bookings—it is due at the Metropolitan on Friday, according to current announcement—makes its argument in favor of two Chief Executives, one to make the speeches, throw out the first ball, do the handshaking, &c.; the other to do the work!

Perhaps what its star really objects to is that in making it the producers insisted insisted on there being two George M. Cohans—one represented merely by chalk marks on the floor, which the star-spangled author - actor - composer - producer seems particularly to resent.

Speaking of imminent bookings, word was received by City Manager Carter Barron yesterday afternoon that the headline stage attraction at Loew's Fox the latter part of this month will be supplied by that fabulously successful partnership of Norma Talmadge and George Jessel, who have been cracking records wherever they have appeared. The date of their local appearance has not been positively set, but will probably be the week beginning October 28.

Intimations seeping through the heavy air of a soggy Tuesday afternoon are that in some minds anachronisms were to be found in the offering that served to inaugurate the new dramatic season in the National Theater Monday night. That would be Benjamin Glazer's English rendition of Ferenc Molnar's whimsical "Liliom." It is by no means certain that the charges are not justified.

For instance, while I wouldn't be sure just when Herr Molnar's masquerade is dated, it seems doubtful that even the tough young eggs around Madam Muskat's merry-go-round at the edge of Budapest were up in such modern patter as "I'll knock your block off" and the like. After Mr. Schildkraut, in a moment of perturbation, had pulled that line on one of Hungary's comparatively chaste young scullery maids, I momentarily awaited his further advice for her to "scram"—a prolepsis, which, I am happy to say, did not come off.

In case you have lost count, Miss Maxine Doyle, the Earle's mellifluous mistress of ceremonies, is in her 98th week of approximately continuous service on the Thirteenth street stage, thus rendering all previous records null and void. There is something extra brewing, I believe, for the 104th week, 104 weeks being practically two years, as the crow flies.

And what should come over the wire simultaneously with the advent of the New York Civic Repertory Theater Company but a reminder that John Galsworthy's best-known play, "Loyalties," has taken its place among the favorite revivals since it was first presented ten years ago. As proof, is offered the gratuitous suggestion that it is to be done again this season by no less distinguished a partnership than Miss Eva Le Gallienne and Mr. Joseph Schildkraut, of whom you may have heard.

Reverting momentarily to "Liliom," I have it on seemingly reliable authority that Walter Beck, who does such an excellent chore in the tatterdemalion role of "The Sparrow," was a former member of the acting forces of the Shakespeare Society of Washington. And while we are on the topic of character parts, it should, of course, be frankly confessed that our Tuesday morning review was flagrantly dilatory in not specifically crediting Leona Roberts with a perfect portrayal of that ancient harridan, Mother Hollunder.

So Charlie Chaplin denies that his limousine at the station to meet her signifies anything more than friendship between him and Paulette Goddard, although the gossips have got them just as good as married, and Estelle Taylor insists that the mere fact that she was discovered lunching with him at his studio means nothing at all except that she is fond of John Warburton. So what's romance coming to, anyhow?

Jack Denny, the swanky bandman, is in town ahead of schedule. That is to say, he is in town just long enough to get a flying start back to the Laurel track, where he is momentarily playing around for the first time since he can remember. His band opens a double-barreled engagement at Loew's Fox and Wardman Park beginning Friday.

The menu prices will probably be marked up 10 per cent for my especial benefit for mentioning it, but it is high time somebody mended that jagged rent on the field of stars in the tattered flag waving over the Pennsylvania avenue parapet of the Willard Hotel!

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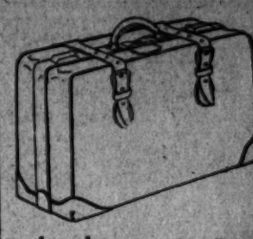

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Post Classified Ads Pay

Depression Laid to Wilson By Judge Robinson in Talk

Responsibility for the depression was placed on the Wilson administration by Judge Ira E. Robinson, former chairman of the Federal Radio Commission, in an address last night at the National Capital Republican Club.

Judge Robinson declared that the history of the United States has been a history of the Republican party since the time of Lincoln. He pointed out that in 1864 Lincoln, approaching his second administration, was more unpopular than President Hoover is today.

"Yet the American people righted themselves then, as they will now if a sensible educational program is carried out," Judge Robinson declared. "Let no man who is true at heart put spite and malice into the ballot box, but put there sincere and sensible thought. Interview your friends personally and get them down to facts. Pray for them if necessary. Fear thy God and vote the Republican ticket and you will dwell in your earth and inherit it."

Failure of Franklin D. Roosevelt to be specific and take a definite stand on tariff and other important issues was charged by Charles B. Rugg, Assistant United States Attorney General. He declared that Roosevelt has been a vicious critic of the Republican tariff and yet has professed to advocate protection for farm products without specifying what commodities he would sacrifice.

"Can there be any choice between a man who is silent on vital questions of this sort and one who has conducted the Government through the hardest four years since the Civil War?" Mr. Rugg inquired.

After hearing Judge Robinson and Mr. Rugg, the audience listened to the radio broadcast of President Hoover's speech from Des Moines. Following the address, Edward F. Colladay and G. R. Manchester spoke.

'WILD BILL' DONOVAN NAMED IN NEW YORK

Continued from Page 1.

York City World War veterans to "Wild Bill Donovan of the Fighting Sixty-ninth." Col. Donovan became by tumultuous acclamation the Republican candidate for Governor of New York.

Unanimously—with no other candidates submitted against any of them—the entire ticket was nominated.

F. Trubee Davison, Assistant Secretary of War, and himself a candidate for the gubernatorial nomination until he withdrew on Sunday in favor of Col. Donovan, was nominated, amid yells and the thumping of big bass drums, for lieutenant governor.

—By acclamation also the convention adopted a 2,000-word platform which included a 14-word indorsement of President Hoover's stand on prohibition.

George Z. Medalie, United States attorney for the southern district of New York, was given the third top place on the State ticket—the nomination for the United States Senate.

A few minutes after the ticket was completed, an airplane roared away to Albany with the State ticket, which had to be filed in the office of the secretary of state—Edward J. Flynn, a friend and adviser of the Democratic presidential nominee, Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt, by midnight.

Before adjourning, the convention sent to President Hoover in Des Moines, Iowa, a telegram stating that "one of the strongest New York State tickets in years" had just been nominated.

2,000 IOWANS STAGE PARADE OF PROTEST

Continued from Page 1.

objective of the farm holiday movement, and others demanded a special session of Congress before the November election.

One float depicted an Iowa cornfield, with cornstalks and pumpkins. It bore the legend: "Hooverized agriculture—corn, 16 cents a bushel; wheat, 30 cents; oats, 8 cents; hogs, 3 cents a pound—the reasons farmers are losing their homes."

Senator Smith W. Brookhart, who recently was named as candidate for reelection by a newly formed progressive party, chatted with the farmers. He greeted them with "Hello, boys." They replied cordially, "Hi, Brookhart."

Picketing to Be Renewed.

The crowds applauded a truck carrying a woman and several poorly dressed children, sitting on bales of hay.

It bore the sign: "We've been foreclosed and lost our homes. We want help, not political promises."

While the demonstration was being staged reports were received that the farmers' strike would be renewed in Emmett County, where the County Holiday Association voted to inaugurate a new crop-holding campaign.

Leaders said picketing will be started on four principal highways.

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Cuts Costs of Colds in Half

SPAIN

The Country where age-old castles — Man's masterpieces — are to be found set amongst Nature's splendid works of form, colour and beauty . . . The Country of a thousand delights.
And here, too, is to be found Nature's most precious gift . . . glorious sunshine.

Full particulars from PATRONATO NACIONAL DEL TURISMO (Spanish State Tourist Dept.), Madrid: Medinaceli 2. Paris: Bd. de la Madeleine 12. Thomas Cook & Son, Ltd.; American Express Co., Inc., and leading travel agencies.

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And remember this: Your Packard Standard Eight will last for years to come—years that make your Packard a wiser investment than ever.

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Wednesday, October 5, 1932.

MR. HOOVER'S SPEECH.

In his speech at Des Moines last night President Hoover rendered an accounting to the American people for his stewardship during one of the most trying periods of the country's history. The welfare of every citizen has been in his keeping. Upon his integrity, steadfastness, moral courage, and intelligence has depended the stability of the United States.

A stupendous drama of world disasters is outlined in Mr. Hoover's address. He could not go into details. The mere recital of the various phases of universal derangement and the steps taken by the administration to protect this country makes an address of great length.

Throughout the struggle it is shown that one blow after another fell upon this country. They were met and warded off by incessant vigilance and timely action. The country can not but marvel at the physical and mental endurance of the man in the White House who has carried the nation's burden.

The President reminds the country that he was handicapped by the necessity of maintaining silence during critical hours and days. He was subjected to detraction and ridicule at the very moment when his efforts were successfully engaged in warding off calamities that would have overwhelmed among others his ungenerous critics. "Many of these battles," says the President, "have had to be fought in silence without the cheers of the limelight or the encouragement of public support. . . . Hideous misrepresentation and unjustified complaint had to be accepted in silence." Then he adds a striking picture of the situation in which he was placed:

> It was as if a great battle in war should be fought without public knowledge of any incident except the stream of dead and wounded from the front. There has been much of tragedy, but there has been but little public evidence of the dangers and enormous risk from which a great national victory has been achieved.

There is grim fortitude even in Mr. Hoover's allusion to the critics who have been shooting him in the back while he has been working in their behalf. He seems to harbor little resentment. But there must be a feeling of shame in the hearts of some individuals when they realize the unfairness of their attacks upon the man who has been fighting the nation's battles. Most of the criticism against the President, however, has sprung from ignorance rather than malice, and it may be assumed that his account of his services will silence much of this criticism.

In comparison with the discussion of appalling realities by President Hoover the superficial utterances of Gov. Roosevelt appear even more empty than before. One man has fought national dangers and laid the foundation of safe recovery. The other reveals that he does not even comprehend the dangers that have threatened, and does not now know how he would have met them. One submits to the country a reconstruction program completed, made into law, and in operation—a program adapted to realities, such as only the President could know in all their scope and deadliness. The other discusses theories instead of facts, and makes vague promises of a "new deal" which seems to have no relation whatever to the nation's actual condition.

President Hoover discussed the various phases of the farm problem, and outlined his plans for bettering the condition of the farmer. Some of these plans are already in effect and are affording relief, especially in the matter of preventing mortgage foreclosures. The tariff is protecting the farmer against peasant labor and foreign farm products which would flood this market if the tariff wall were removed. President Hoover states his willingness to increase the farm tariff wherever additional protection is necessary. He proposes to apply the proceeds of war debt payments to the expansion of markets for American agricultural products. The American delegation to the forthcoming world economic conference will include a representative of agriculture. Co-operation by private mortgage bankers has been assured, in relieving farmers of the danger of foreclosure. A conference to consider the problem of eliminating unprofitable lands from agriculture will be called after the election.

In the enormous scope of subjects discussed, and in the mastery of complex problems of finance, taxation, tariffs, and economics, President Hoover's address is a revelation to the public. Gov. Roosevelt has not touched upon many of these subjects. He seems to be ignorant of them, or, if not ignorant, he prefers to be silent. The country can not fail to draw a comparison between the man who has fought the nation's fight and the man who disparages his work while offering no program himself.

CONFIDENCE BEGETS ACTION.

Couched in reserved financial diction, the official publication of the American Bankers Association parallels the recent expression of The Post that the country has now entered upon "a clearly defined second stage of recovery from the depression." That a substantial change has taken place must now be clear to any one who reviews even in a cursory manner the developments of the last four months. By the middle of June it became apparent that the gold drain had been stopped, the monetary standard secured, bank runs ended, that Congress would adjourn without making dangerous appropriations, or passing inflationary legislation, and that the various relief organizations established would be given opportunity to operate without hindrance.

Promptly the period of returning confidence was ushered in. It swept the Nation with remarkable promptitude. Within a few weeks reports began to arrive from every section that there was a better feeling abroad, that confidence was growing, that a turn for the better was in sight. The first tangible evidence of this increasing optimism was manifested in the security markets. Once the public was assured that the foundations of national finance and credit were safe it did not take long for investors to demonstrate their appreciation of the palpable fact that stock and bond prices were unreasonably low, by buying in a bargain market.

The gradual appreciation of commodity prices was an important factor in the general improvement, but the more deliberate response of commerce and industrial activity caused some apprehension, though general business is naturally and inevitably slower in its visible manifestations. However, early in September the signs of awakening became visible, and in a period of less than a month there were unmistakable evidences of reviving trade, both wholesale and retail, resulting in the opening of many closed factories with a notable number of employes recalled to their jobs. The second stage of recovery was ushered in when confidence became a generally accepted fact and reviving business activity started.

The American Bankers Association Journal finds reason for calm encouragement in various features of the situation in addition to greatly improved banking and credit conditions and the upward trend in commodity prices. In industrial lines it is considered important that improvement is reported in building contracts, railroad freight traffic increases, a slight expansion of steel output, general trade activity, increased power consumption, and sharp declines in both business and bank failures; while figures on currency in circulation indicate that more than $300,000,000 has emerged from hoarding during the last two months.

It is encouraging to see the bankers really feeling more cheerful, and it is to be hoped and expected that their renewed confidence, based not alone upon the conndence of the public, but the actual evidences of returning activity, will be reflected in more liberal credit policies. Their help is indispensable in supplementing the splendid work of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. The Nation has made a good start toward recovery in the very poorest business period of the entire year. With the opening of fall and winter trade and the necessity of replenishing empty shelves and supplying delayed purchases, large and small, there is every reason to expect continued improvement.

AN INFERIOR NAVY.

In spite of the ebullition of politics, a non-political issue presses forward for attention. The United States Navy is sinking into a position of inferiority to the Japanese navy and far below the strength of the British fleet. At the London naval conference the United States demanded parity with Britain and that right was recognized. Yet Congress has failed to build up the American Navy, and its vessels are becoming obsolete so fast that by 1936 it will not be able to guarantee national security.

This situation has been ignored because of the depression. Extensive demands have been made upon the Government for relief and increased building activity. At the same time revenue has fallen off, the national debt has increased and new taxes have been enacted. No doubt these conditions justified the Government in temporarily neglecting the Navy, but Congress should not allow a situation to arise in which the United States might not be prepared to defend itself

Other nations have been adding to their naval strength in spite of hard times. By 1936 Japan will have nearly nine times as much destroyer tonnage as the United States, and Great Britain will have 42 times as much. Japan's submarines will outnumber Uncle Sam's almost three to one. Only in heavy cruisers will the United States have superiority over the other two leading naval powers. In this category the ratios will be: United States, 152,900 tons; Great Britain, 144,260, and Japan, 108,400. In light cruisers Japan's superiority will be 103,895 tons to 70,500 for America. This country's aircraft carrier tonnage will lag far behind that of Britain and will be only slightly above that of Japan.

There is hardly any possibility that the naval ratios will be changed at the Geneva disarmament conference. No means of restoring the balance between the world's foremost navies is practical, except by naval construction in the United States. It is not economy to jeopardize national defense. In spite of the demand for reduced expenditures at the coming session of Congress, allowance should be made for a reasonable naval construction program extending over a period of years.

Unless immediate action is taken the United States will find itself in a position of decided inferiority at the expiration of the London treaty. In that event, negotiation of a new naval treaty satisfactory to this country would be difficult, because other nations would not give up actual advantages they had acquired. Failure to arrive at a new limitation agreement would result in another naval construction race in which the United States would be forced to build far more vessels than are now required to bring the Navy up to treaty strength.

AN IRISH REPUBLIC.

Ireland is moving definitely toward a divorce from the British commonwealth of nations. President Eamon de Valera has not yet come out in the open with a demand for severance of the relations between Great Britain and the Free State, but each official move lends strength to the belief that he is aiming at a free and independent Irish government.

James McNeill, governor-general of the Free State, has been forced from his office by the impetuous Irish president. Reports from Dublin indicate that Mr. de Valera will either assume the position himself or swing it to one of his trusted lieutenants. Although the governor-general is appointed by the British crown, the king acts only on advice from the Free State government. It may be that the post will be left vacant to emphasize the strained relations between Dublin and London.

The controversies over the oath of allegiance to the crown and the land annuities owed to Britain have never been settled. Indications are that President de Valera is merely using these disputes to turn public opinion in Ireland against the British and thus build up support for an Irish republic.

P. J. Ruttledge, a member of the de Valera cabinet, has revealed the aim of the present administration to convert the Free State into a republic. His address suggests that the change will soon be brought about, and that the government is determined to include the northern counties, which are now separate from the Free State, in its ultimate plans.

Great Britain shows no disposition to interfere with these developments, so far as they concern the Free State. The attitude seems to be that the Free State can take care of itself. If it wishes to risk economic disaster for the sake of gratifying Mr. de Valera's whims, that is the business of the Irish people. But, of course, Great Britain will not tolerate any coercion of Ulster. Northern Ireland is not willing to cast its lot with the republicans of Southern Ireland. Yet the Irish Republicans will never be content until all of the island has been united under one regime.

If Mr. de Valera proceeds with his plans to make the Free State a republic, this sore spot is certain to be more and more agitated. The old Irish row may be opened again. So long as the people entrust their interests to Eamon de Valera, it is not probable that there will be reconciliation on the basis of Irish allegiance to the British crown.

IMMIGRATION AND CRIME

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

For every eight deaths by homicide per 1,000,000 population in London there are 83 in New York City and 141 in Chicago. In the last fifteen years the rate of violent crimes has doubled. It has become the fashion to explain these grim facts by a vague remark about "foreign-born immigrants." Zealous patriots rail against our immigration laws, charging that the aliens being admitted from year to year are responsible for the gruesome increase of major crimes.

Examination of the facts does not bear out this belief. Dr. Frederick Hoffman, statistician of the Prudential Life Insurance Co., has made an excellent study of criminal statistics, and points out that the greatest increase in crime has taken place in a period when immigration has declined steadily, until now it is lower than the outflow of aliens. He shows also from statistics that the cities having the highest murder rate are cities with a very small proportion of foreign-born.

The cities with extremely high murder rates are Birmingham, Ala. (54.9 per 100,000); Memphis, Tenn. (52.2); Atlanta, Ga. (49.5); Jacksonville, Fla., (48.5), and a dozen others in the same region. These are cities with few alien residents. Taking a few cities known to have large foreign-born elements we find Providence, R. I., has a rate of 1.2; Fall River, Mass., 1.7; Boston, Mass., 3.6; Philadelphia, 7.2; New York City, 8.3.

As a nation we have a sordid record respecting crimes of violence, but it is only self-deception to lay the blame upon our immigrants. Crime is the product of our own institutions and the maladjustment of youth in our larger cities. The men who are guilty of violent crimes are the products of American conditions. We must look within the Nation, not outside it, to find the causes.

"Waiting."

POST HASTE.

The Ioway makes every candidate think it is a won way.

In Japan's position Occidentals would not have the face to back out of Manchuria. In such case Orientals are all face.

Business has started up hill on low gear. A November result which would return the menace of bonus, pork and inflation would speed up a shift —into reverse.

The Peruvian barque may be no more important than the bight it captured.

Chile's fifth government in four months is safely installed, or was at the hour of going to press.

It is to be hoped no one will suggest that its oil fields have smoothed the way for little Asia Minor Irak to become an adult nation.

If, as Gov. Roosevelt fears, the U. S. is already overbuilt, there isn't going to be much for the forgotten man to do; so why disturb him?

Admiral Nomura isn't coming as Japan's good-will envoy, after all. He got an eyeful of shrapnel at Shanghai and has had an earful since.

Congress wasn't sold on it last time, but the neat, new deficit makes a noise like a sales tax which wouldn't sprain anybody's pocketbook.

The success Chairman Farley has had in muffling Progressive radicals who nominated Gov. Roosevelt indicates that he should be engaged for the Senate session.

The press, the air and the ether are so full of campaign speeches that, singularly, politics seems as though it must be plural. PAUL HUDSON.

JUST FOLKS

By EDGAR A. GUEST.

MIDDLE AGE AND YOUTH.

"Oho!" said the middle-aged chap, "I am told
'Tis thinking not living that makes a man old,
And grownups of fifty and sixty can be
As sprightly and nimble as twenty and three
If only the heart had the courage to go
Where timid old reason keeps counseling 'no.'

"I'm young as the youngest. My years I forget.
I'd dance and I'd prance with the light-hearted set.
But the rollicking blades look with pity on me
And act as though kind 'tis their duty to be.
A chasm divides us! Whenever I'm nigh
I'm granted respect which themselves they deny.

"I fancy that still I can share in their fun.
I refuse to admit that my boyhood is done;
But the lads of today in a manner polite
Arise from their seats when I venture in sight,
And with something of sorrow and anguish I note
They all want to help when I put on my coat.

"They say that a man is as old as he feels,
And I laugh and I dance and enjoy all my meals.
That I've journeyed past fifty means nothing to me,
It's out with the young folks I'm eager to be.
And I could carry on just as brave and as bold,
But the youngsters won't let me forget that I'm old."

(Copyright, 1932.)

You Can't Blame the Car for Going in a Ditch if You Don't Hold the Wheel

By ROBERT QUILLEN

THE strangest and saddest thing in human nature is its resentment of sanity when it is perversely bent on playing the fool.

When an individual or a class or a nation is following some course that leads to inevitable disaster, the very fact of being in the wrong makes it intolerant of anybody who would set it right.

We resent another's superiority. If we are wrong and he is right, we can not quit our wrong way without confessing his superior wisdom. Therefore we risk our necks to save our vanity and pursue our wrongness more brazenly in a vain effort to prove it right.

Nations do not follow a blueprint. They develop by chance. Their destiny is shaped by selfishness and greed, by customs and standards that develop without guidance, and by mass pursuit of immediate gain.

People resent a warning of danger because they can not heed it without effort. They wish to continue drifting—and blaming somebody else for what happens. To heed the warning and make a conscious effort to change the course of their civilization would require serious thought and some sacrifice of pleasure. Therefore they continue to drift and ease their consciences by ridiculing the kill-joy who tries to save the country.

Every person capable of logical deduction realizes that America is riding for a fall.

We have made a religion of science and young people no longer are restrained by the fear of God. Children are no longer inferiors, subject to discipline, but equals or superiors to whose pleasure all adult life must be adjusted. And the number of youthful criminals increases daily.

We have changed the status of women and the nature of the marriage contract, and our reward is an ever-increasing divorce rate, a growing belief that chastity is absurd, and a decrease in the birth rate.

We have learned that organized minorities can loot the Treasury and the ever-increasing army of leeches steadily increases a tax burden that already approximates confiscation.

These are trends that show the drift of our civilization and no great degree of intelligence is needed to realize what the end will be.

Compare the present with conditions 25 years ago and you can see how far we have drifted.

Such trends don't stop themselves. We can exercise a little common horse sense and steer a new course, or we can wait for the wreck and pick up the pieces.

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PRO AND CON

Press Comment Upon Acts and Actors in the Great American Show, "Politics."

Weakening His Case.
Kansas City Star.

In handling the vast complexities of public business, every President makes mistakes in administration and in policy. It is the function of the opposition to call attention to those mistakes, and its privilege to capitalize them politically, when they are important.

Gov. Roosevelt performs a public as well as a party service when he calls attention to mistakes in the Hoover administration. But the Star believes he weakens his case when he makes such blanket charges as those made at Sioux City, accusing the administration of gross extravagance in "piling bureau on bureau, commission on commission."

In his message to Congress at its first regular session after his election President Hoover sharply urged the need of departmental organization to get rid of waste. He asked for executive authority to make the necessary reorganization subject to congressional review. Congress refused. The President constantly has pressed this plan; the last time in the present session. But always in vain.

Pity the Minority.
Chicago Tribune.

The Jefferson lads are getting so cocky that we're looking for them to issue a plea to the sovereign voters not to make it unanimous for Roosevelt on the grounds that a minority party is a necessity in a republic such as ours.

Happy Days.
Boston Transcript.

The Governor of North Carolina can assure the Governor of South Carolina that it will never again be so long a time between drinks.

Quit Your Shoveling.
New York Sun.

Former President Coolidge will accept the chairmanship of the Board to Rescue American Railroads. From now on those firemen had better go easy on the coal.

"If" Still Shorter.
Buffalo Courier-Express.

"Never" is still too long a word. There was a time when many said prohibition never would be put out of this country; now the shorter word "when" is preferred.

Why Politics Is Costly.
Florida Times-Union.

It is costing both political parties $16,000 an hour to broadcast campaign matter, is one estimate. No wonder it takes several million dollars to finance a campaign.

Senator Robinson Dissents.
Minneapolis Journal.

Joseph T. Robinson, Democratic floor leader in the United States Senate and nominee for the Vice Presidency on the ticket with Alfred E. Smith four years ago, had better look out, or the Huey Longs, Burton Wheelers and other field marshals of the Roosevelt campaign will be having him up for treason to his party. Said Senator Robinson, in a speech the other day at Hot Springs, in his own State of Arkansas:

"'I think that Democratic speakers should refrain from pledging the quick restoration of prosperity through legislative changes, for the reason that we should make no promises that can not be fully redeemed, and the present distressing situation has been brought about over a period of years by a combination of causes which are not all political."

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Tribute to Edgar Priest, Choirmaster and Organist of the Washington Cathedral.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: With felicity and force the Bishop of Washington spoke recently of what has been done toward the building of the great Cathedral of Washington from its beginning, 25 years ago. He gave credit to the spiritual vision of its founder, Bishop Satterlee, and to the continued interest of Bishop Harding. He paid a tribute of gratitude and affection to Dean Bratenahl and to Canon Devries, and also to those contributors who had made possible the building of a spiritual symbol.

But there seemed to be an omission which I may be permitted to mention. It is the long, continuous, faithful, efficient work of Edgar Priest, choirmaster and organist of the Cathedral from its beginning. Mr. Priest, for his artist gifts and musicianship and for a nature, direct and sincere, has the affection and respect of a great many of Washington's musicians. He may not know this, for we rarely see him. So I, possibly speaking for others, may not be quite happy in the omission of his name on the occasion of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Cathedral.

The building of a cathedral is not only from its exterior. The vibrations which linger from beautiful music, like incense, in nave, choir and transcepts, are a spiritual force tenderly felt, but unseen. And so, Mr. Priest has given this and it will spread as the Cathedral unfolds in its completion. Mr. Priest has helped to build the Cathedral.

OTTO T. SIMON.

Thinks Hoover's Choice of High Officers Is Good—Not Using His Office for Personal Ends.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: One way of determining the ability of a President is to study his appointments to the high public offices. The men Herbert Hoover has chosen will surely satisfy even the most discriminating. His Cabinet is excellent, and students of government are especially pleased with Stimson, Mitchell, Adams, Doak and Chapin. These men are visibly holding their offices at a great financial and political loss, for we all know that the salary and political significance of a Cabinet office are discouraging.

President Hoover has been called upon three times to appoint members of the Supreme Court of the United States. The appointments of Hughes, Roberts and Cardozo were universally approved. These, together with his diplomatic and other Federal choices, prove that Herbert Hoover is not using his office for his own political ends. GEORGE BRINTON COOPER.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Brake, Steering Gear and Headlight Inspection System Will Reduce Motor Accidents.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: I think many safety-minded citizens will be greatly pleased by Traffic Director Van Duzer's order that, after December 1, all automobiles must carry on their windshields a certificate that brakes, steering gear and headlights have been tested and approved by the traffic office. Probably more than half of the owners are particularly careful to have their cars properly equipped at all times, and all competent drivers should welcome the official test, as it will to some extent protect them from the indifferent and reckless few. I hope it will cause no hard feelings if I suggest that of more importance than the safe-automobile requirements is the traffic director's proposed mental test for motorists.

The rule requiring windshield tags showing inspection is in effect in Pennsylvania and has reduced accidents. G. F. BAKER.

Ohioan Complains That Bank Loans Are Hard to Get, Thus Retarding Employment.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The daily papers and court records, during the past few weeks, are bringing out some evidences of what might appear to be bankers' poor judgment in the past, but not so, because a lot of loans were good when made, and properly secured; but conditions changed them into poor loans and improperly secured. It is too bad that these conditions have so upset the bankers that they are withholding credit to concerns that could probably help them out of their predicament by putting men to work. The wages obtained would drift back into banks through the various business channels. R. G. TILEY.

Dayton, Ohio.

Sees National Economy League as Champion Against Bonus.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: I am interested in the National Economy League. It seems worth promoting. Several news items and other references to it have appeared in The Post.

Your editorial "Legion Loses Caste," in last Sunday's issue, mentions Representative Patman, of Texas. If the National Economy League meets with national success, it can handle Patman and others of his sort. I suggest a cartoon—"The Legion and the League." J. C. R.

Motorists Should Give Animals a Chance for Their Lives.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: In my opinion the National Safety Council just now in session should pay some attention to the safety of animals on country roads. The lives of cats, dogs, cattle, horses and poultry are quite frequently sacrificed by thoughtless motorists. These animals do not purposely endanger themselves in crossing the road, and motorists should be educated to give them a chance for their lives when possible.

C. F. J.

ACTS OF ASSEMBLY DECLARED ILLEGAL

Arlington County Demurrer Attacks Falls Church Measure.

ARLINGTON COUNTY BUREAU OF THE POST.
Tel. Cla. 509. Clarendon, Va.

In a demurrer filed in Circuit Court of Arlington County yesterday in the name of Mayor L. P. Daniel of the town of Falls Church by Attorneys John S. Barbour and H. M. Keyser to the petition recently filed it is charged that the acts of the General Assembly of Virginia, under which the section of Falls Church is given the right to withdraw from the corporation, are in violation of both the State constitution and the Constitution of the United States.

It is pointed out that it violates section 11 of the bill of rights of Virginia and the fourteenth amendment of the Constitution of the United States in that it permits the town of Falls Church and the residents of a portion thereof to be deprived of their property without due process of law. The town of Falls Church constitutes a separate school district and is governed by a separate board of school trustees, itself a corporate entity and by a vote of a majority of its inhabitants, residents of Fairfax and Arlington Counties, have, pursuant to law, issued bonds on the credit of the town for the purpose of establishing waterworks and unpaid, which under the law constitute potential charges upon the property of all of its citizens.

It is further denied in the demurrer that it will be to the interest of a majority of the people of the section to be stricken from the town to grant the prayer of said petition and calls for proof, and says that the general good of the residents of each section of the town and as a whole will be materially affected.

The matter will come before the Circuit Court of Arlington County at the October term, which will convene Monday, October 17.

L. C. McPherson, Arlington County Republican chairman, announces that this afternoon at 3 o'clock there will be launched at the headquarters in the Rucker Building at Clarendon a radio forum. It will consist of brief discussions of the presidential campaign, followed by listening-in on radio addresses from Stations WEAF and WJZ in New York by national speakers.

Arlington County Women's Democratic Club, meeting last night, completed its plans for a "Roosevelt tea" to be served at the headquarters located in the Rees Building at Clarendon tomorrow afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. The club announces that it will maintain open house at headquarters every afternoon beginning today from 2 to 6 o'clock. Tea will be served.

William E. Trussler, Republican chairman of the Eighth Congressional District of Virginia, was in Arlington County in conference with National Committeeman Joseph L. Crupper and County Chairman L. C. McPherson.

Mr. Trussler, on leaving the conference, expressed his confidence in the success of the presidential ticket in Arlington County. He further stated that glowing reports are coming from the Counties of Fairfax and Loudoun.

Young Couple Wounded In Gun-Cleaning Mishap

Sitting in a room of their houseboat anchored at the foot of Wharf street in Alexandria, Va., yesterday, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Elliott, both 22 years old, were accidentally shot by a gun in the hands of George W. Elliott, father of Earl.

The elder Elliott was in another room cleaning a shotgun. It suddenly went off, police were told, and the charge struck the young couple, after penetrating a thin partition separating the two rooms. Mr. and Mrs. Elliott were treated at the Alexandria Hospital for gunshot wounds in the legs.

DELEGATE OF POPE TO MEXICO OUSTED

Continued From Page 1.

noon to present formally the request that the Pope's representative be compelled to leave and the president informed them that he already had dictated an order to that effect.

At 5 o'clock this morning Mgr. Ruiz y Flores was awakened and taken by government agents to the office of the secretary of the interior.

The expulsion of Mgr. Ruiz y Flores is a repercussion from the controversy over last week's papal encyclical on the Mexican religious problem.

The monsignor publicly interpreted that document as directing the clergy and the people not to rise up in arms against what the church looks upon as persecution, and he denied that the encyclical incited the Mexican clergy to disobey the law.

A contrary view of the Pope's message was expressed in the resolution of the Chamber of Deputies adopted last night.

"The undersigned deputies of the Federal Congress have seen with displeasure the bad faith shown in the very rude, unjustified attack that the government of the papal state has directed against us in the papal encyclical which is under discussion here," the resolution said.

When the chamber delegation called upon President Rodriguez to present this resolution the president said:

"I am very pleased at this demonstration of adhesion by the chamber. It demonstrates again the friendship of revolutionaries. We are proceeding together.

"I already have given the order that the papal delegate be sent from Mexico."

The newspaper El Nacional printed a telegram from a group of Mexican workers in Detroit asking that the papal delegate be expelled. The message came from the Mexican Agricultural Workers Union. One of the signers was Diego Rivera, the noted Mexican frescoer.

THE MISSES SHOP
"For the Younger Set"
Clothes with Pasternak chic and good taste . . . at very modest prices.
M. PASTERNAK
1219 Connecticut Ave.

EVENTS IN CAPITAL SOCIETY

German Ambassador Arrives Sunday in New York.

THE AMBASSADOR OF GERMANY AND FRAU VON PRITTWITZ UND GAFFRON, who with their daughter, Marisa, have been in Europe for several months, will arrive in New York Sunday on the Europa, and will come immediately to Washington.

The Minister of Canada and Mrs. William Duncan Herridge, accompanied by their young son, William Richard Bennett Julian Vere Herridge, arrived in Washington yesterday from Canada. Their son was christened Sunday in Ottawa before the Minister and Mrs. Herridge started for Washington.

The Minister of Egypt, Sesostris Sidarouss Pasha has issued invitations for a reception on Saturday evening in celebration of the anniversary of the accession of His Majesty King Fuad I to the throne of Egypt.

Maj. Gen. George O. Squier had friends lunching with him yesterday at the Carlton.

Mr. L. G. van Hoorn, Counselor of the Netherlands Legation, entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Carlton.

The Counselor of the Szechoslovak Legation and Mme. Skalicky who have been at their home in Prague for several months, will return to Washington about the middle of October.

Miss Nella Veverka, daughter of the Minister of Czechoslovakia and Mme. Veverka, will arrive in New York October 19 on the City of Hamburg after a visit to Czechoslovakia.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Whitla Stinson have taken a house at 3036 P street, Georgetown, for the season and have moved there from their home on Twenty-third street. Mr. Stinson is in the Latin-American division of the Department of State.

Senor Don Jose Mario Amadon, Argentine Olympic delegate, who has been in Washington as the guest of the Charge d'Affaires of Chile, Senor Don Emilio Edwards Bello, sailed Saturday from New York for Buenos Aires.

The Vice Consul of the United States Consulate in Hamilton, Ontario, Mr. A. Beaumont, with Mrs. Beaumont, is visiting in this city for a short time, and during their stay they are occupying a suite at Wardman Park Hotel.

Lord and Lady Reading will arrive in New York this week and will be at the Waldorf-Astoria over Sunday, coming to Washington for the laying of the corner stone of the new Supreme Court Building next week.

Miss Francesca McKenney, who has been visiting her cousin, Miss Frances Miller, in New York since August, will leave New York Friday with Miss Miller for Hot Springs, Va., where they will spend about a week before coming to Washington.

Commander Thomas C. Kinkaid, former secretary to the Navy Department General Board, will leave Washington in January to become executive officer of the battleship Colorado. Commander Kincaid, who resides at the Chevy Chase Club, is from Philadelphia.

Commander Kinkaid served as naval expert at Geneva during the session of the preparatory committee for the Disarmament Conference in the fall of 1930. Later he was technical adviser for the United States at the Disarmament Conference.

Mrs. Katherine Prindeville and Mrs. Francis J. Fox are at Wardman Park Hotel for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyne Will Live in Denver.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lyne, who have spent the last six winters in Washington, have gone to Colorado and will be in Denver for the coming season, with Mrs. Lyne's mother, Mrs. J. Worden Pope, the widow of Brig. Gen. Pope. Mr. Henry Lyne, jr., has returned to the Harvard Business School.

Mr. and Mrs. George M. Eustis are at the Mayflower on their way by motor to their home in New York City. During part of the summer they were in Wyoming.

Mrs. J. Borden Harriman is the guest of Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt Whitney, at Westbury, Long Island, and will be among those assisting at the tea which Mrs. Whitney will give this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Linck, of Maracaibo, Venezuela, with their two children, are visiting in this country, and during their extensive sojourn in Washington they will be at the Wardman Park Hotel.

Mrs. Henry W. Fitch has given up her home at 2144 Wyoming avenue and will spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Albert P. Gerhard at 5635 Overbrook avenue, Philadelphia.

Mrs. Fitch spent the summer with another daughter, Mrs. Stephen C. Roman, at Newport, R. I.

Mrs. Clara Keck Heflebower, of Cincinnati and Washington, is visiting in Nashville, Tenn., where, as president general of the National League of American Pen Women, she is the guest of honor of the Nashville branch at a two-day series of meetings and entertainments, taking place today and tomorrow. The entertainments include a formal dinner at the Belle Meade Country Club, a luncheon and a breakfast and conference, this last to be held at the home of Mrs. Clyde B. Millspaugh, author, and president of the Nashville branch.

Mrs. Wilbur Lee Smith, with her daughter, Miss Diane Smith, has moved to Wardman Park Hotel, where they will make their home.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Seligman have returned to Washington from their home at Roslyn, Long Island, and have leased the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Francis Amherst Cecil, at 2132 Bancroft place, for the winter.

Miss Shaffer Married In Pohick Church.

Miss Alberta Shaffer, daughter of Mrs. C. Albert Shaffer, of Fairfax County, Va., was married to Mr. John T Schaaff, of Blencarlyn, on Saturday afternoon, October 1, at 5 o'clock. The wedding took place in old Pohick Church, the Rev. C. A. Langston officiating. The bride was given in marriage by her brother, Mr. Arthur I. Shaffer, and wore a white satin gown with a tulle veil and carried bride's roses and lilies of the valley. She was attended by her sister, Miss Marion E. Shaffer, who wore powder blue velvet, with matching accessories, and carried yellow chrysanthemums.

Mr. James Blake Schaaff, brother of the bridegroom, was best man. The ushers were Mr. Clarence C. Shaffer, brother of the bride; Mr. H. R. Haar, of Lorton, and Mr. Heywood Addison, of Washington. The organist was Mr. Oakley M. Parker, of Lakewood, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor Robertson, of St. Paul, are spending several days at the Mayflower before continuing a motor trip that will carry them into the Carolinas. Mrs. Robertson is the daughter of Aaron Goodrich, who represented the United States in Belgium during the Lincoln administration.

Mrs. Horace R. Shares will return to Washington the middle of the month from Stockbridge, Mass., where she has been for the summer. For the past few days Mrs. Shares has been with her daughter, Miss Janet Shares, a senior at Smith College.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Bevans, of New York City, are at the Carlton, having come on to attend the National Safety Council Congress being held here this week.

Mrs. John A. Drake To Visit in Capital.

Mrs. F. Eberhart Haynes will have as her guest for several days Mrs. John A. Drake, of Grosse Pointe, Mich., who will arrive today. Mrs. Drake was formerly Miss Eleanor Smith, of Washington. Mr. Haynes is in Germany and will return to this country the end of the month.

Mrs. Haynes will entertain at luncheon Saturday for Miss Anne Southard Larner, whose marriage to Mr. James Huston Simpson Cox will take place on October 15.

Mrs. Walter Scotten and her daughter, Miss Edith T. Scotten, of Grosse Pointe, Mich., are passing a few days in Washington at the Mayflower before going to New York for a short visit.

While her daughter, Miss Cina Scotten, was at King-Smith School about four years ago, Mrs. Scotten made frequent visits to the city. Her brother-in-law, Mr. Robert Scotten, was also in Washington at that time in the State Department. He is now first secretary of embassy in Paris.

Miss Edith Scotten made her debut last November in Grosse Pointe after having spent three years in school in Europe, part of the time at Mme. Boissier's School in Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert A. Clark with Mrs. Mason Clark and Mr. Prentiss Clark, returned from Europe last week after spending the summer abroad with Maj. and Mrs. Clifford Church in Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest J. Brasseur and their daughter, Miss Mildred Brasseur, of Winnetka, Ill., have been on a motor trip through the North and are guests at the Mayflower while in Washington for a day or two.

Maj. and Mrs. Granville Fortescue and their daughters, Miss Rion Fortescue and Miss Helene Fortescue, have moved to 1903 S street northwest, the house which they have leased from Mrs. Edward S. Munford. Maj. and Mrs. Fortescue will have with them for a brief visit Mrs. Charles J. Bell, who will sail for Europe later in the fall to spend the winter.

Judge William C. Larson, of Minneapolis, is at Wardman Park Hotel.

Mrs. Mable Walker Willebrandt was among those who entertained informally at luncheon yesterday at the Carlton.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Grosner have returned to Washington after spending two months in Europe. During their stay they visited the Counselor of the Czechoslovak Legation and Mme. Skalicky, in Prague.

Attractive Army Girl

Harris & Ewing.

MISS ELEANOR BECK, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Clyde Beck, of Fort Myer, Va., and one of the most popular members of the younger army set.

Two Cleveland Papers Under Joint Ownership

Cleveland, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—The Cleveland Plain Dealer and the Cleveland News today announced they have been placed under joint ownership through the formation of the Forest City Publishing Co., a $9,000,000 holding concern.

The separate identities, policies and managements of the two newspapers will be maintained, it was announced. The News is an afternoon paper and the Plain Dealer is in the morning field. The Forest City Co. will acquire all of the stock of the Plain Dealer Publishing Co. and of the Cleveland Co., which publishes the News. The holding company is headed by B. P. Bole, president of the Plain Dealer Co.

Today's Happenings

Meeting — Washington Society of Engineers, Cosmos Club, 8:15 p. m.

Meeting — West Virginia Society, Meridian Mansions, 8 p. m.

Meeting—Association Oldest Inhabitants, Union Engine House, 7:30 p. m.

Luncheon—Monarch Club, New Colonial Hotel, 12:15 p. m.

Meeting — District Public School Association, District Building, 8 p. m.

Meeting—Men's Club, Mount Pleasant Congregational Church, 8 p. m.

Luncheon—Lions Club, Mayflower Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Meeting—District Bar Association, Mayflower Hotel, 8 p. m.

Meeting — Military Order of the World War, Mayflower Hotel, 8 p. m.

Luncheon—Rotary Club, Willard Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Luncheon—District Bankers Association, Willard Hotel, 12:45 p. m.

Meeting—Daughters of the British Empire, Willard Hotel, 8 p. m.

Luncheon—Georgetown Medical Society, University Club, 12:30 p. m.

Luncheon—Optimist Club, Hamilton Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Meeting—Fellowship Club, Hamilton Hotel, 7:30 p. m.

Meeting — Washington Philatelic Society, 1518 K street northwest, 8 p. m.

Luncheon—P. E. O., the Hobnob, 12:30 p. m.

FATE OF WAIF FOUND IN BARN UP TO COURT

Boy, 7, Is Fed and Clothed While He Awaits Decision at Hyattsville.

The future of a 7-year-old boy found in a shack in the woods near Berwyn, Md., early Sunday will be settled today when Judge J. Chew Sheriff considers his case in Hyattsville Police Court. The child, believed to be Francis Thomas, apparently had been abandoned by his mother.

The name of the boy was furnished by attendants at St. Ann's Orphanage, nearby. According to them, the child is the son of Ethel Thomas, a former employe of the orphanage. She had lived there with the boy for several years, they said, but left a few months ago after a disagreement with officials. She took the child with her, but later was reported in the neighborhood with the boy and an unidentified man.

Last week it was reported to Constable Howard Slater, of Berwyn, that a child apparently was living wild in the woods and had been begging food from neighbors. Slater searched through the patch of woodland several times, and found an empty shack. Early Sunday he went to the place again and found the little boy, blue with cold, huddled on a pile of rags in the corner. There was no evidence any food had been left for him.

Soothing the boy's fright, Slater took him to a barbecue stand and attempted to give him his fill of food. This proved rather difficult, the youngster consuming five scrambled eggs, four slices of bread, a large portion of ham, a cup of coffee and a glass of milk. At this point Slater called a halt, fearing too much food at once might make him ill.

After spending the night at the Hyattsville Police Station, Francis was given a new suit of clothes by the Associated Charities. His old garments, consisting of a thin shirt and a pair of overalls, were too spare to withstand October weather. Today Judge Sheriff will decide whether the child shall be sent to an institution or returned to relatives of the woman believed to be his mother. In the meantime, warrants for Ethel Thomas and the unknown man have been sworn out.

Teachers Appointed To Instruct Cadets

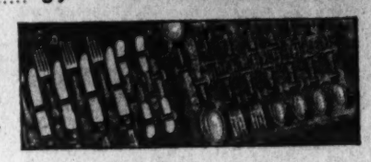
The five instructors appointed are Announcement was made yesterday of the names of five faculty cadet instructors who will assist Lieut. Col. Wallace M. Craigie, U. S. A., retired, professor of military science and tactics in the high schools. These teachers will replace regular Army officers withdrawn by the economy act.

Thomas J. Holmes, instructor in chemistry at Eastern High School; Joseph G. Murphy, instructor in the science of accountancy, Western; Frank J. Brunner, instructor in swimming, Central; R. M. Warren, instructor in chemistry, Roosevelt, and E. S. French, instructor in printing at McKinley. All these teachers have had military experience.

Special Introductory Sets in two famous International Sterling patterns at 38% off present low prices!

The chance of a thrifty woman's lifetime! Orchid and Wedgwood, two of our loveliest International Sterling patterns—at 38% off present low prices! October 22nd is the last day of this remarkable price reduction. Come in—today—and make your selection of exquisite silver.

36-pc. set. The Regular Price, ORCHID $63.90. WEDGWOOD $64.00. Special Price $39.75
Velvet lined Tuck-away Roll extra, $2.00.



38-pc. set. The Regular Price, ORCHID $87.50. WEDGWOOD $87.50. Special Price $54.50
Velvet lined Tuck-away Roll extra, $2.00.

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Now Open!
CLUB MICHEL
Washington's Leading Nite Club
No. 1 Thomas Circle
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The ARGONNE
1629 Columbia Rd. N.W.
2 rooms, kitchen and bath apartment, at moderate rental.
Semi-Hotel Service

Est. 40 Years 1892
POTTHAST
The true Antiques of Tomorrow
SALE
Handmade Antique Furniture Reproductions
Visit this unique shop and see the many lovely Dining, Living and Bed Room pieces handmade in our shops—now at drastic price reductions for October.
1741-43 CONNECTICUT AVE.

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National University
Fall Term Now Beginning.
SCHOOL OF LAW
School of Economics and Government
Registrar's Office
Open for Registration 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.
818 13th STREET N.W.
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The School for the Individual
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SPECIAL EVENING CLASSES!
Beginner's Gregg Class—Oct. 10, 5:15 P.M.
Review Gregg Class—Oct. 17, 7:00 P.M.
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Learn easily and inexpensively by the famous Berlitz method. French, German, Spanish, Italian. Experienced native teachers.
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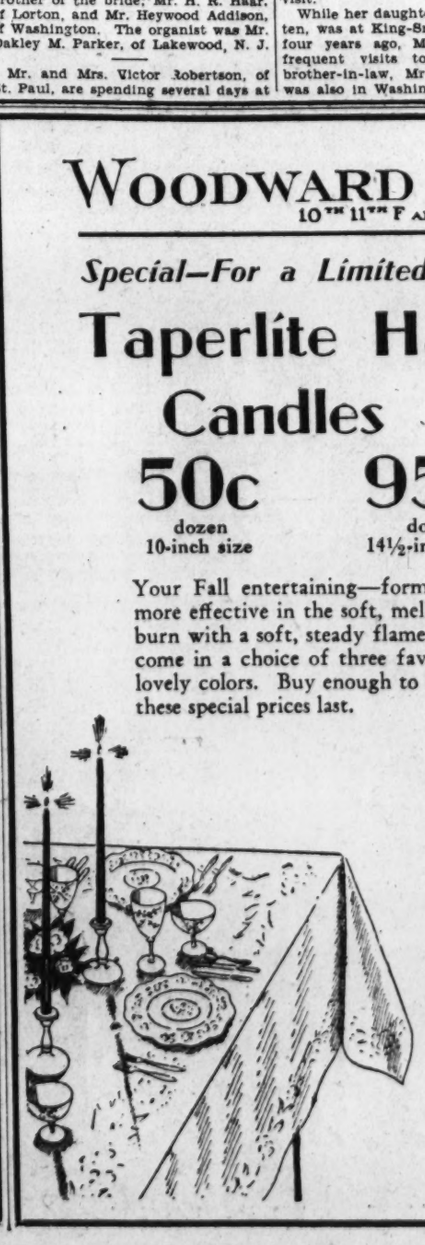
WOODWARD & LOTHROP
10TH 11TH F AND G STREETS

Special—For a Limited Time—
Taperlite Hand-Dipped Candles (From The Makers of the Popular "Waxels")

50c dozen 10-inch size
95c dozen 14½-inch size
$1 dozen 17½-inch size

Your Fall entertaining—formal or informal—will be much more effective in the soft, mellow light of these tapers. They burn with a soft, steady flame—are odorless and dripless—and come in a choice of three favored sizes, and a wide range of lovely colors. Buy enough to last the whole season long, while these special prices last.



Use This Blank for Ordering
(Orders filled in dozens units only.)

Colors.	Quantity 10-inch 50c dozen	Quantity 14½-inch 95c dozen	Quantity 17½-inch $1 dozen
Red			
White			
Apple Green			
Medium Green			
Light Blue			
Dark Blue			
Yellow			
Orange			
Black			
Old Rose			
Old Gold			
Sunshine			
Pink			
Old Ivory			
Peach			

Charge (..) Cash, Check or Money Order Enclosed (..) C. O. D. (..)
Name .....
Address .....
City ..... State .....

CANDLES, SEVENTH FLOOR

WOODWARD & LOTHROP
10TH 11TH F AND G STREETS

Here is a Fashion Tip
Buttons, buttons, and more buttons is the fashion—and we have a section that covers buttons to match or contrast with your frock—buckles, too.
HEMSTITCHING
AISLE 17
FIRST FLOOR

—that new velvet-crepe of "Bagheera" inspiration

It is a year of silk news—and especially so at Woodward & Lothrop, where the smartest of high quality silks are always found. This velvet-crepe with mossy surface sets a new and interesting style in silks. It is available in the shades you want for daytime occasions — white—and the black is the blackest black you ever saw.

$2.95 yard
SILKS, SECOND FLOOR

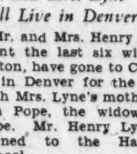
New Low Prices for Cutting and Fitting

—make one's dressmaking expenses very inexpensive—as well as practically no work at all for you. Our expert cuts and pin-fits your garment, leaving it all ready to sew up. These new low prices (minimum) for this helpful service:

DRESS	$3.00
COAT	$3.50
BLOUSE	$2.00
SKIRT	$2.00
DRESS (2 pieces)	$3.50
DRESS & SHORT JACKET	$4.00
ENSEMBLE—Skirt, blouse, jacket and lining	$5.00
COSTUME SLIP	$1.00
PAJAMAS	$1.50

Autumn Fashion Books and Patterns Now on Sale—In the Pattern Section

PATTERNS, CUTTING AND FITTING SERVICE SECOND FLOOR



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Sanitary Carpet & Rug Cleaning Co.
106 Indiana Ave.
Members of the Rug Cleaners Institute of America

THE ONCE OVER

By H. I. PHILLIPS

THE DEPRESSION IS OVER, IF—

1. We don't turn the job over to so many planning boards that the planners block the big parade.

2. We don't jump to the conclusion that there was no justification for the slump anyhow and that it was just a little blizzard between sleigh rides.

3. We get rid of the notion that business recovery is all a matter of button pressing.

4. We junk the notion that 1927, 1928 and 1929 were normal years and that all that is necessary to get them back is a little flag waving, some community singing and a return to pajamas for office wear.

5. We scrap the idea that nothing stopped the Great Joyride except Roger Babson's 1929 prophecy, the break in Radio common and the fact we were all on the golf links when the cyclone struck.

6. We toss out the theory that the slump was just a slight interruption in the process of becoming financially independent by listening to barbers' tips, reading market letters, playing the Irish Sweepstakes lottery and taking a chance on anything except perspiring freely.

* * * *

AND IF—

7. We sidetrack the thesis that hard work went out of fashion with the siege of Vicksburg.

8. We keep away from the theory that a pair of white golf pants and a brassie are signs of economic superiority.

9. We get back to the ancient American belief that a good sweat never hurt anybody.

10. We never again proceed on the assumption that business is something carried on between golf matches, that the first hour of any industrial conference should be taken up with a discussion of wrist motion and that no executive can do his best work if he has fewer then three hours for lunch.

* * * *

AND IF—

11. We get back to the firm basis of trusting to intelligence and diligence in business rather than to luck, inside information and time payments.

12. We keep firmly fixed in our minds that a balloon ascension and industrial progress have nothing in common, and that the blowing up of an automobile tire and the preparation of a business statement are not allied arts.

13. We look before we leap, and even then stop to think that we are not Swiss acrobats, mountain goats or Olympic pole vaulters.

14. We don't return to the belief that success in America is chiefly a matter of nice teeth, the right cigarette, good hair and the ability to croon, wisecrack or dance a rumba.

15. We don't refuse hard work with a man yawning into a desk phone or get energy mixed up with jitters.

16. We keep away from the notion that the only big men in America are those who get their picture in the rotogravure section with a Florida-caught sailfish.

"C. V. WHITNEY and Wife Wed Year: Are On Speaking Tour"—headline. Some of us think we're doing well if at the end of that time we're even on speaking terms.

* * * *

Editor Al Smith is out with the first number of his magazine. He indorses the Democratic party in a long article in which he doesn't mention the candidate once by name. We still believe Al knows who it is, however.

* * * *

"Jimmy Walker, Annoyed by Liner's Delay, Threatens to Quit Ship"—headline. This is the first time in his career that the ex-mayor of New York has been upset by the idea he might be late.

* * * *

Secretary Mills is denouncing Mr. Roosevelt for "inaccuracies in his speeches." Gosh! have candidates for public office got to stick to facts?

* * * *

They say that when Gov. Roosevelt got his copy of Al Smith's "New Outlook" he froze three fingers of his right hand and suffered the first heavy frost of the season.

(Copyright, 1932.)

Owner of Lost Homing Pigeon Sought byReader

The Post has been asked to help locate the owner of a homing pigeon which yesterday flew into the home of a subscriber in a central section of the city.

On the left leg of the pigeon are the following markings: A U 32 H R 193. On the right leg appears 536 L. The finder requests the owner, or any one knowing the meaning of these markings, to call him at North 4181, Branch 14.

Y. W. C. A. Music Hour Arranged.

Under the direction of Miss Mary M. Burnett, music secretary of the Y. W. C. A., the second "Music Hour" in the regular autumn program of this organization will be given next Sunday at the Y. W. C. A. at Seventeenth and K streets northwest. Mrs. Edwin B. Parker, pianist and chairman of the music committee, and Miss Burnett, soprano, will furnish the program.

"EVERY DAY MOVIES"

By DENYS WORTMAN

"I carried this elephant all over Europe—or rather Mr. Townsend did."

Daily Cross-Word Puzzle

ACROSS.

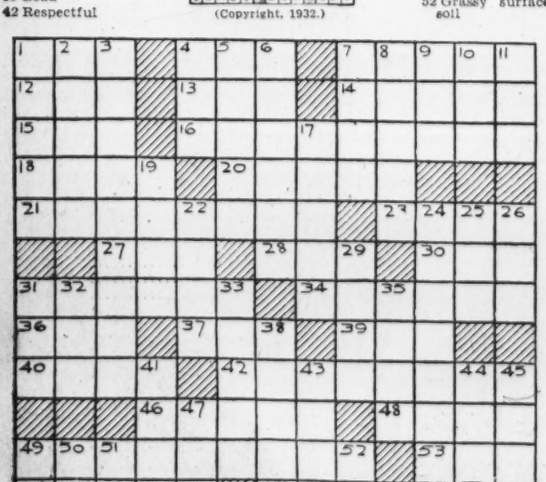
1 To stuff
4 An oily liquid
7 Shrimp-like crustacean
12 Arabian garment
13 One of a series of hymns
14 Uncanny
15 White metallic element
16 Man or woman of importance
18 Redact
20 To correct
21 One who labors for reform
23 Set firmly
27 Epoch
28 Obscure
30 For
31 Small invertebrate animal
34 Cognizance
36 A witty saying
37 Expose publicly
39 Boy
40 Goad
42 Respectful
46 Pass rope through hole
48 Set of three
49 Champions
53 Cry of cat
54 A mountain nymph
55 Since
56 To freeze
57 Conduces
58 Conducted
59 A weight of 80 Tolas used in India

DOWN.

1 Appraiser
2 Dwell
3 Public declaration
4 A dandy
5 Revoke legacy
6 Named
7 A common laborer
8 Takes away by force
9 A macaw
10 Covering of false hair
11 By birth
17 A finch
19 Sundered violently
22 Worthless (ancient Jewish)
24 Cuticle
25 Portion of curved line
26 Front part of hoof
29 Jetty
31 Mischievous child
32 And not
33 Jaded
35 A pastry
38 Divulge
41 Anticipatory terror
43 Brink
44 Daughter of one's brother
45 Structure higher than its own diameter
47 Concludes
49 Speck
50 Sooner than
51 Marsh
52 Grassy surface soil

YESTERDAY'S ANSWER.

(Copyright, 1932.)



Dial Flashes

By ROBERT D. HEINL.

SHERLOCK HOLMES is back tonight in the "Empty House" (WJZ, WBAL, WLW, but not WRC, 9 o'clock). Also the "Shadow" (WRC, 8 o'clock).

STATION WMAL announces a new educational feature to be added to its late afternoon programs, beginning this afternoon at 4:45 o'clock. For fourteen weeks the station, with the cooperation of the law faculty of Southeastern University (Y. M. C. A.), will present a series of lectures on "Legal Highlights" under the general subject of "The Layman and the Law."

The first of this series of presentations will be an introductory talk by George W. Offutt, a prominent member of the bar of the District of Columbia, former president of the Board of Trade and the dean of the Law School of Southeastern University.

Some of the practical subjects listed are "When You Sign Your Name," "Checks and Promissory Notes," "Making a Will," "Libel and Slander," "Automobile Collisions," "Buying a Home." In addition to Dean Offutt, the members of the law faculty who will take part in the presentation of these subjects are Messrs. Moran, Snyder, Eden, Johnson, Wainwright, Collins, Winn, Albus, Burton, Wilson, Reed and Denit.

Ruth Etting in contrasting moods when she sings "Something to Be Thankful For," "Mighty Blue" and "Love Me Tonight" (Music That Satisfies, WMAL, 10 p. m.).

TO give emphasis to the fine talent comprised in the orchestra under Josef Pasternack's direction one Melody Moments concert every four weeks will be purely orchestral. Oliver Smith, who has been the tenor soloist ever since Melody Moments went on the air in 1929, will appear as guest star with the orchestra at four-week intervals.

"Air-o-torials," Alan Kaufman (WRC, 9:15 a. m.).

William Tyler Page, "Keeping America American," (WMAL, 6:45 p. m.).

REPRESENTATIVE FRED S. PURNELL, high Republican member of the Agricultural committee, is whetting his scythe for Gov. Roosevelt.

"Although I have been asked to answer Gov. Roosevelt over a national network next Tuesday," Mr. Pudnell said, "I would like to know how I would discuss his farm stand when I haven't been able to find out what it is. I have a copy of his Topeka speech, but if any mother's son or daughter of you can tell me what it's all about, I'll be much obliged."

"CAPE Diamond Light," a new series based on the lives of old seafaring men, (WJZ, 8 p. m.).

To "listeners in" on the series of lectures on "Labor and the Nation" and "About Your Government," sponsored by the National Advisory Council on Radio in Education, the Public Library offers copies of the complete programs.

George Washington University Glee Club (WOL, 6:45 p. m.).

Lee Simonson, one of America's best known scenic designers, (WEAF, 7 p. m.).

In the scene between President Hoover and poet-playwright-novelist, Christopher Morley, the latter was invited to play his own part on the program and gladly did so. This is believed to be the first time in the history of the radio dramatizations that a prominent personality ever "imitated" himself.

The Flying Family, (WRC, 5:30 p. m.).

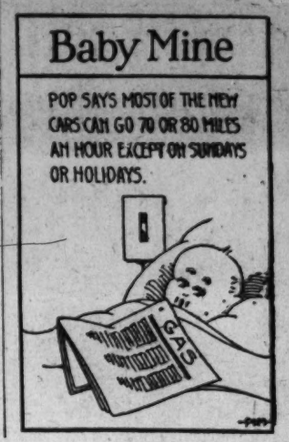
Comdr. Gulliver is Guest Speaker.

Commander Louis J. Gulliver, U. S. N., commanding officer of the frigate Constitution, was guest speaker at the first fall luncheon of the Yale Club at the University Club yesterday.

DICK TRACY—Bull's Eye

NOW, REMEMBER, JUNIOR, IF YOU HEAR ANY NOISES DURING THE NIGHT—WAKE ME—WE'VE GOT TO BE ON OUR TOES!
OH SURE! G'NIGHT.
12 O'CLOCK
WELL FER—
ZING
OW-OH-H-H MY HEAD! MY HEAD! THAT LITTLE RAT—I'LL SHOW 'IM YET—I'LL SHOW 'IM!
10-5

Baby Mine



MINUTE MOVIES

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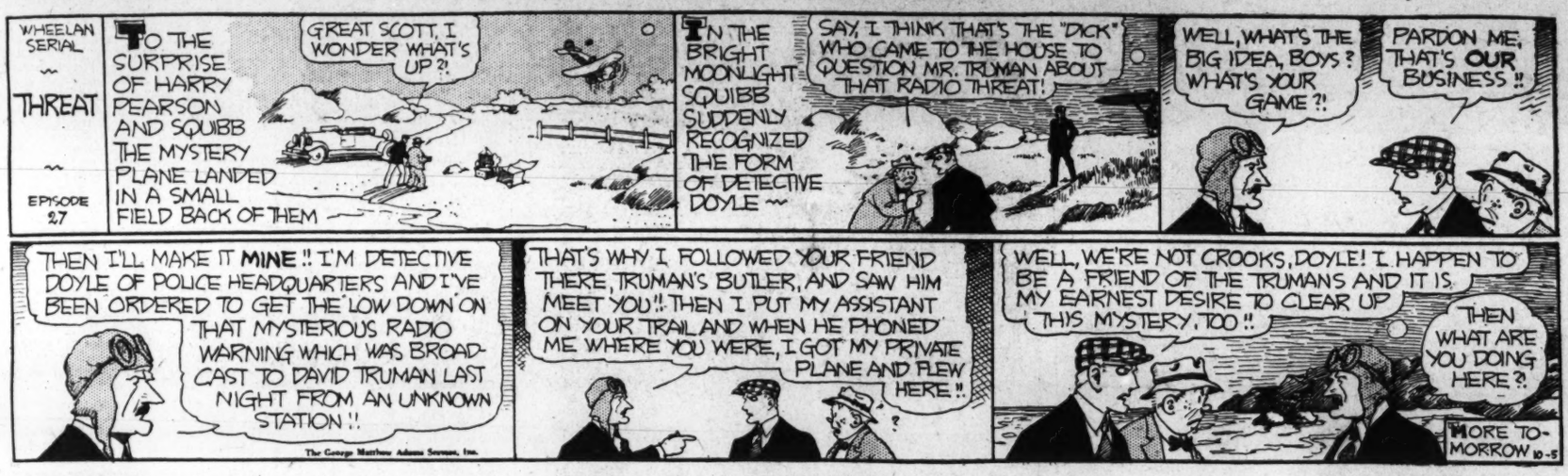
By Ed Wheelc


WHEELAN SERIAL
THREAT
EPISODE 27
TO THE SURPRISE OF HARRY PEARSON AND SQUIBB THE MYSTERY PLANE LANDED IN A SMALL FIELD BACK OF THEM
GREAT SCOTT, I WONDER WHAT'S UP?!
IN THE BRIGHT MOONLIGHT SQUIBB SUDDENLY RECOGNIZED THE FORM OF DETECTIVE DOYLE
SAY, I THINK THAT'S THE "DICK" WHO CAME TO THE HOUSE TO QUESTION MR. TRUMAN ABOUT THAT RADIO THREAT!
WELL, WHAT'S THE BIG IDEA, BOYS? WHAT'S YOUR GAME?!
PARDON ME, THAT'S OUR BUSINESS!!
THEN I'LL MAKE IT MINE!! I'M DETECTIVE DOYLE OF POLICE HEADQUARTERS AND I'VE BEEN ORDERED TO GET THE LOW DOWN ON THAT MYSTERIOUS RADIO WARNING WHICH WAS BROADCAST TO DAVID TRUMAN LAST NIGHT FROM AN UNKNOWN STATION!!
THAT'S WHY I FOLLOWED YOUR FRIEND THERE, TRUMAN'S BUTLER, AND SAW HIM MEET YOU!! THEN I PUT MY ASSISTANT ON YOUR TRAIL AND WHEN HE PHONED ME WHERE YOU WERE, I GOT MY PRIVATE PLANE AND FLEW HERE!!
WELL, WE'RE NOT CROOKS, DOYLE! I HAPPEN TO BE A FRIEND OF THE TRUMANS AND IT IS MY EARNEST DESIRE TO CLEAR UP THIS MYSTERY, TOO!!
THEN WHAT ARE YOU DOING HERE?!
MORE TO-MORROW 10-5

THE GUMPS

Follow the Gumps in the Colored Comic Section of The Sunday Post

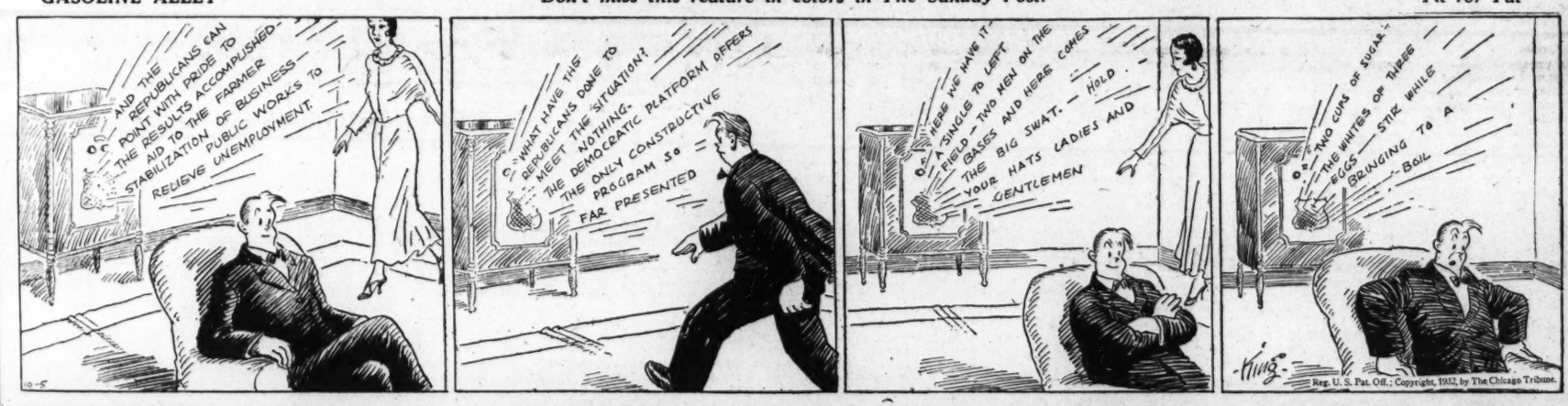
That's All I Want to Know

ANDY—HERE'S AN ALMANAC THAT I JUST HAPPENED TO RUN ACROSS AND IN IT ARE A FEW FACTS CONCERNING THE PRESIDENT—HIS LIFE—DUTIES—INCOME—AND SO FORTH—PERHAPS YOU'D LIKE TO HAVE ME READ IT TO YOU—
10-5
WELL—FOR ONE THING—HE GETS HIS RENT FREE AT THE WHITE HOUSE—I KNOW THAT WILL BE OF INTEREST TO YOU—HE HAS A YACHT AT HIS DISPOSAL—AND IS ALLOWED TWENTY FIVE THOUSAND A YEAR FOR EXPENSES—HIS SALARY IS SEVENTY FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS A YEAR—
HOW MUCH A YEAR?
SEVENTY FIVE THOUSAND
THAT'S ALL I WANT TO KNOW
SIDNEY SMITH
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.; Copyright, 1932, by The Chicago Tribune.

GASOLINE ALLEY

Don't miss this feature in colors in The Sunday Post.

Tit for Tat


AND THE REPUBLICANS CAN POINT WITH PRIDE TO THE RESULTS ACCOMPLISHED—AID TO THE FARMER STABILIZATION OF BUSINESS RELIEVE PUBLIC WORKS TO RELIEVE UNEMPLOYMENT.
WHAT HAVE THE REPUBLICANS DONE TO MEET THE SITUATION? NOTHING—THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM OFFERS THE ONLY CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAM SO FAR PRESENTED
HERE WE HAVE IT—A SINGLE TO LEFT FIELD—TWO MEN ON THE BASES AND HERE COMES THE BIG SWAT.—HOLD YOUR HATS LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
TWO CUPS OF SUGAR—THE WHITES OF THREE EGGS—STIR WHILE BRINGING TO A BOIL
KING
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.; Copyright, 1932, by The Chicago Tribune.

WINNIE WINKLE, THE BREADWINNER

See the Winkle Family in colors in The Sunday Post.

It Happens in the Best of Offices

I'M SORRY, MR. WILLIAMS, BUT MR. BIBBS CANNOT SEE ANYONE. HE'S BUSY NOW!!
BUT, MISS, THIS IS A MATTER OF LIFE AND DEATH!
OCT. 5
I'M BUSY!! WHO IS IT? WHAT IS IT?? WHAT'S HE WANT??
-ER-HE SAYS IT'S A MATTER OF LIFE AND DEATH!
LIFE AND DEATH? YE GODS—SEND HIM IN HERE QUICK!!!
Y-YES SIR!!
MR. BIBBS, I SELL LIFE INSURANCE!!
BRANNER
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ON THE AIR TODAY

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5.

WMAL—Columbia Broadcasting System. (475.9 Meters, 630 Kilocycles.)

8:00 a. m.—Salon Musicale.
8:15 a. m.—Morning Devotions, Columbia Heights Christian Church.
8:30 a. m.—Raincrow Bill, the One-Man Hillbilly Band.
8:45 a. m.—Ellen H. Wheatley, pianist.
9:00 a. m.—Jack Little.
9:15 a. m.—Melody Magic.
9:30 a. m.—Tony Wons.
9:45 a. m.—Jean Abbey.
10:00 a. m.—Strudley Sisters.
10:15 a. m.—Better Business Bureau Talk for Women, Sally P. Muchmore.
10:30 a. m.—Melody Parade.
10:45 a. m.—Four Clubmen.
11:00 p. m.—Nell Vinick, beauty adviser.
11:15 a. m.—Morning Moods.
11:45 a. m.—Fashions.
12:00 (noon)—Harrod Orchestra.
12:30 p. m.—Lotus Orchestra.
1:00 p. m.—Hall Orchestra.
1:30 p. m.—Madison Ensemble.
2:00 p. m.—Jemima.
2:15 p. m.—Evelyn Scott, violinist, and Marjorie Davis, pianist.
2:30 p. m.—Everett Stevens, pianist.
2:45 p. m.—Salon Orchestra.
3:15 p. m.—Mme. Belle Forbes Cutter.
3:45 p. m.—Les Colvin, piano.
4:00 p. m.—The Masqueraders.
4:15 p. m.—Mayor John T. Alsop, jr., of Jacksonville, Fla.
4:30 p. m.—Westphal Orchestra.
4:45 p. m.—"The Layman and the Law," George W. Offutt, jr.
5:00 p. m.—George Emmans, Improvisations.
5:15 p. m.—Primer for Town Farmers.
5:25 p. m.—Frank Young.
6:00 p. m.—Vaughn De Leath.
6:15 p. m.—Stern Orchestra.
6:30 p. m.—Ina Holtzscheiter and Catherine Gross, duets, jr.
6:45 p. m.—"Keep America American," William Tyler Page.
7:00 p. m.—Myrt and Marge.
7:15 p. m.—Robert E. Clark, trombonist, and Robert Ruckman, pianist.
7:30 p. m.—Three X Sisters.
7:45 p. m.—Angelo Patri, "Your Child."
8:00 p. m.—Presidential Poll.
8:15 p. m.—Singin' Sam.
8:30 p. m.—Kate Smith.
8:45 p. m.—Musical Fast Freight.
9:00 p. m.—Royal Canadians.
9:30 p. m.—Eno Crime Club.
10:00 p. m.—Ruth Etting, in Music That Satisfies.
10:15 p. m.—Easy Aces.
10:30 p. m.—Little Jack Little.
10:45 p. m.—Meyer Davis' Arabian Nights' Orchestra.
11:30 p. m.—Isham Jones Orchestra.
12:00 (midnight)—Government Weather Report.

WRC—National Broadcasting Co. (316 Meters, 950 Kilocycles.)

6:45 a. m.—Health Exercises.
8:00 a. m.—Pie Plant Pete.
8:15 a. m.—Morning Varieties.
8:30 a. m.—Cheerio.
9:00 a. m.—Today's Menu.
9:15 a. m.—"Air-o-torials," by Alan Kaufman.
9:30 a. m.—Flying Fingers.
10:00 a. m.—N. B. C. Program.
10:15 a. m.—National Home Hour.
10:30 a. m.—Genia Fonariova, mezzo-soprano.
10:45 a. m.—Betty Crocker.
11:00 a. m.—Breen and De Rose.
11:15 a. m.—Radio Household Institute.
11:30 a. m.—U. S. Army Band.
12:00 (noon)—Johnny Marvin, tenor.
12:15 p. m.—On Wings of Song.
12:30 p. m.—Hessick Correct Time.
12:31 p. m.—National Farm and Home Hour. Speakers, J. B. Kincer and L. A. Wheeler. Also Dairy Cattle Congress, from Waterloo, Iowa.
1:30 a. m.—Rex Battle.
2:00 p. m.—Words and Music.
2:30 p. m.—Two Seats in the Balcony.
3:00 p. m.—Salon Concert Orchestra.
3:15 p. m.—Republican National Committee Address.
3:30 p. m.—Woman's Radio Review.
4:00 p. m.—Song Souvenirs.
4:30 p. m.—Tea Dansante.
4:45 p. m.—Lady Next Door.
5:00 p. m.—"The Physician Mother Looks at Home Safety," by Dr. Marjorie D. Batchelor National Safety Council.
5:15 p. m.—Afternoon Varieties.
5:30 p. m.—The Flying Family.
5:45 p. m.—G. E. Circle.
6:00 p. m.—Waldorf Astoria Orchestra.
6:30 p. m.—Colonial Weather Forecast.
6:31 p. m.—Drifting and Dreaming.
6:45 p. m.—Wilkins Quarter-Hour, Marguerite Cromwell, soprano.

WILKINS COFFEE PROGRAM
MARGUERITE CROMWELL
Rudolph Schramm & His Music
(EVERY MON., WED., FRI.)

7:00 p. m.—Amos 'n' Andy.
7:15 p. m.—Wheatenaville.
7:30 p. m.—Billy Jones and Ernie Hare.
7:45 p. m.—Goldbergs.
8:00 p. m.—The Shadow.
8:30 p. m.—Republican National Committee Program.
8:45 p. m.—Wakefield Songbirds.
9:00 p. m.—Goodyear Program, Virginia Rea, soprano.
9:30 p. m.—Mobiloil Concert.
10:00 p. m.—Corn Cob Pipe Club of Virginia.
10:30 p. m.—Republican National Committee Program.
11:17 p. m.—St. Regis Orchestra.
12:00 (midnight)—Ralph Kirbery.
12:05 p. m.—Lopez Orchestra.
12:30-1:00 a. m.—Diamond Orchestra.

WOL—American Broadcasting Co. (229 Meters, 1,310 Kilocycles.)

7:00 a. m.—Musical Clock.
8:00 a. m.—Chimes, Birthdays.
8:05 a. m.—Musical Clock, continued.
9:55 a. m.—Police Flashes.
10:00 a. m.—Concert Waltzes.
10:30 a. m.—Requests Hour.
11:30 a. m.—Songs We Love.
11:45 a. m.—Piano Pieces.
11:59 a. m.—Weather Report.
12:00 (noon)—Organ Echoes.
12:30 p. m.—Luncheon Dance Music.
1:00 p. m.—Sign Off.
3:00 p. m.—Variety Hour.
3:55 p. m.—World Book Man.
4:00 p. m.—Popular Vocal Bits.
4:15 p. m.—Better Business Bureau.
4:30 p. m.—Salon Musicale.
4:45 p. m.—High School Sodality Program.
5:00 p. m.—Something for Every One.
5:30 p. m.—Crazy Crystal Quartet.
5:45 p. m.—Lelia Endicott and Mae Davis.
6:00 p. m.—Tango Troubadours.
6:29 p. m.—Weather Report.
6:30 p. m.—Question and Answer Man.
6:45 p. m.—Gorge Washington University Glee Club; Capt. Wayne Chambers; G. W. Univ. vs. Alabama.
7:00 p. m.—Dinner Concert.
7:20 p. m.—Globe Trotter.
7:30 p. m.—Today in Sports.
7:45 p. m.—Sunshine Girl.
8:00 p. m.—Silver Crescent Orchestra.
8:15 p. m.—Piano Improvisations.
8:30 p. m.—Royal Hawaiians.
8:45 p. m.—Under the Midnite Sun.
9:00 p. m.—Good Night.

Band Concert

UNITED STATES NAVY BAND.
Navy Yard, 7:30 p. m.

March, "Soldier of Fortune".....Pryor
Overture, "In the Springtime"...Goldmark
Solo for cornet, "Student's Sweetheart," Musician Earl Miller.....Bellstedt
Valse, "Espania".....Waldteufel
Rhapsodie, "Hungarian, No. 14".....Liszt
Excerpts from "The Cat and Fiddle".....Kern
Tone poem, "On the Plantation"...Busch
Two songs:
(a) "At Dawning".....Cadman
(b) "The Heart of Her".....Cadman
Tone poem, "The Ride of the Valkyries."
Wagner
"Anchors Aweigh."
"The Star-Spangled Banner."

METHODISTS START WINCHESTER PARLEY

Baltimore Conference Will Hear Bishop Cannon This Afternoon.

Special to The Washington Post.

Winchester, Va., Oct. 4.—The 148th session of the Baltimore annual conference of the Southern Methodist Church will officially open in Braddock Street Methodist Church South here tomorrow morning at 9:30 o'clock, with Bishop W. F. McMurry, of Fayette, Mo., presiding. The sessions will continue through Monday when announcement of pastorates for 1932-33 will bring the meeting to a conclusion.

Between 400 and 500 ministers and laymen arrived yesterday and today for the opening session, and 200 more are expected before the conference formally opens tomorrow. Those in attendance represent, either as official delegates or as visitors, the more than 100 churches of the Baltimore Conference, which comprises parts of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia and the District of Columbia.

The delegates and visitors are being entertained in the homes of ministers and laymen in this section and adjacent West Virginia. The Rev. E. A. Lambert is pastor of Braddock Street Church, the host.

Glamorous Opening.

Tomorrow's program, glamorous with the formal opening of the conference by Bishop McMurry, will reach its climax in the afternoon when Bishop James Cannon, jr., will address a mass meeting in Braddock Street Church. The subject of Bishop Cannon's address has not been made public, however, but it is intimated that it will probably deal with the moral uplift endeavors of the church, especially along the line of prohibition and public morale.

Tonight the Rev. E. C. Beery, pastor of Raleigh Court Southern Methodist Church, Roanoke, Va., preached in Braddock Street Church. The Rev. Mr. Beery's sermon was heard by a majority of those who have arrived for the conference.

The program for the 6-day conference beginning tomorrow follows:

Formal opening of conference 9:30 a. m., by Bishop McMurry; 2 p. m., meeting of the Board of Christian Education; 2:30 p. m., address by Bishop James Cannon, jr.; 7:30 p. m., sermon in Braddock Street Church by the Rev. George Wesley Jones, pastor of Mount Vernon Methodist Church, Danville, Va.

Official Business.

Thursday—9:30 a. m., meeting of conference committees for official business; 2 p. m., mass meeting sponsored by the Board of Lay Activities; 7:30 p. m., sermon by the Rev. Jones; 7:30 p. m., meeting of the trustees of the Home for the Aged, Gaithersburg, Md.

Friday—9:30 a. m., meeting of conference committees; 3 p. m., guild meeting of women at seat of conference sponsored by the Home for the Aged; 6:30 p. m., banquet of the Preachers Wives and Daughters' Association in social hall of First Baptist Church; 7:30 p. m., sermon by the Rev. Jones.

Saturday—9:30 a. m., meeting of conference committees; 8:30 p. m., banquet of Epworth League chapters in George Washington Hotel.

Sunday—11 a. m., sermons by visiting ministers in all Protestant churches of Winchester, ordination of deacons and elders at Braddock Street Church by Bishop McMurry; 7:30 p. m., sermons in Protestant churches of city by visiting ministers.

Monday—Announcement of appointments of pastors for the year 1932-33. Adjournment.

What Today Means to You

By MARY BLAKE

"LIBRA."

If October 5 is your birthday, the best hours for you are on this date from 1:15 p. m. to 3 p. m., from 5:30 p. m. to 6:30 p. m., and from 10 p. m. to 11 p. m. The danger hours are from 9:30 to 11:30 in the morning and again from 7:30 to 8:30 in the evening.

There seem to be no influences that would make this other than an ordinary day. The day's routine should go along smoothly, and any plans in the making should unfold themselves logically and naturally. Being a quiet period, it should prove a day particularly adaptable to thought and meditation. Any plans or enterprises inaugurated on this day should get off to an auspicious start.

Children born on October 5 are inclined to fits of temper. They require much understanding from their parents. They are inclined to be fretful. They do not fit well into groups, but have a tendency to go and play by themselves. This they should outgrow, and parents can do much to teach them the necessity of adaptability to surroundings. These children have alert and methodical minds.

People born on October 5 are inclined to take life too seriously. They are inclined to magnify their troubles, make mountains out of ant hills. At the same time they do not seem to realize that others are having difficulties of their own to iron out. Life may not be just a "bowl of cherries," but its larger part does have a cheery glow if you'll only let yourself see it. Away from the office or work you are better at buying your own amusements than creating them yourself. You enjoy the theater and movies, and good music seems to lift you out of yourself and into another world.

Life won't be too easy on you because you won't be too easy on it. You surprise yourself at times by the genuine sympathy you can show to a friend who comes to you in difficulty, and these are the occasions when you have succeeded in breaking away from your own problems. You have a good analytical mind and are capable of handling masses of detail. You are not a creator or builder, but your judgment and power of analysis should prove invaluable to one of that type. Though not a particularly cheerful person you are easy to get along with, and are generally known as a "good fellow." You are extremely honest in all things.

Successful people born on October 5:

Jonathan Edwards, theologian and metaphysician.

James Iredell, jurist.

Robert P. Parrott, soldier and inventor.

Chester A. Arthur, twenty-first President of the United States.

William Hamilton Gibson, artist, naturalist, author.

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Anthracite Pay Slash Conference Is Failure

New York, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Efforts of the anthracite operators of northeastern Pennsylvania to negotiate a voluntary reduction in miners' wages ended in failure today after protracted conferences with the representatives of the United Mine Workers of America.

"The miners' representatives," said a statement issued after today's conference at the anthracite institute, "have opposed the request of the operators and have refused to accept any downward revision of wages. Thirty days having practically expired since the negotiations started, a recess has been agreed upon to permit both sides to select their representatives to serve on the board of two provided for in the agreement."

Interpreting the Mode

By DARE

Afternoon dress with graceful sleeves and a short scarf in the two colors. And the upper part of another interesting afternoon frock in two tones. (Courtesy of the Maison Heim, Paris).

VAMPS are getting a little shorter and are slightly more rounded.

(Business of assorted and unseemly giggles from various of the staff, as one Dah-ray tries to write this article seriously.)

"Now lissen—you all pipe down at least until I finish this—I mean shoe vamps, silly!"

Women with dainty feet welcome the news that shoes show no inclination to relegate themselves to the background, and women without dainty feet are at least resigned to the fact that the really new shoes have taken their trials into consideration, and have incorporated line with beauty.

I think the most important fact of the modern footwear mode is the shoe for every occasion, almost every hour in the day. There just are and just are not the proper types of shoes for different occasions, and one is immediately put down as not "being in the know" if found wearing the wrong ones!

And vamps are getting a little shorter and more rounded, so there!

* * * *

Nightgowns follow the general style trend of luxuriousness in their trimmings of real lace, their touches of hand embroidery, or hand painting. The rather high back and low V in front are the only noticeable new-style trend, unless the absence of pleats might be called one, though there is a tendency toward form-fitting lines secured by pleats.

In keeping with the coldness of the autumn moon's rays, Milady's nightgown materials are of increasing weight. Flat crepes, satin back crepes and heavy crepe de chines are the noticeable fabrics.

How does your closet really look? Why, it should be every bit as attractive as any other room in your house, my dear! And not only for its attractiveness, but for its helpfulness to your clothes, should it be just right. Equipped with every accessory, every convenience, every detail that will at one and the same time make it look attractive and be practical.

There are secrets to it, too! What to do with your shoes, for instance—oh, nothing as simple as putting shoe trees into them! And then, what to do with your hats—'n' your furs—oh, well, better just send a stamped, self-addressed envelope to the Dare Department of The Washington Post for this week's leaflet, and find out!

* * * *

Envelopes from the Maison Heim, Paris, are always opened with secret thrills, and outward delight. For they always contain something or other that is interesting to our dear public—as well as interesting to ourselves. Today we found this delightful "croquis" (yes, sketch) of an afternoon dress in gray and white, with very graceful sleeves, and an oddly twisted scarf in two colors—the white and the gray, of course.

Au revoir!

(Copyright, 1932.)

How to Keep Well

By DR. W. A. EVANS

COLDS.

WE are in the midst of the season of simple, common colds, called coryzas by physicians, as a rule. This form of disorder is most prevalent in the months of September and October. There is some reason for thinking that the colds of November are more prone to cause sore throat, or that they are of a different character, being due to infections with something other than the common cold or coryza.

There is even better evidence that as the coryzas tend to decrease as the winter goes along, the influenzas tend to increase. If these are all due to the coryza microbe infection they tend to cause more fevers, coughs, and pneumonias in the late winter, say, January to March. If the infection is different, then the evidence indicates that infection with the coryza microbe is most prevalent in September and October; and that due to the influenza microbe, in January, February, and March.

One of the great difficulties in studying the great waves of influenza, the latest of which was in 1918, and the next of which will be here about 1940 if the old cycles are followed, has been our lack of knowledge of coryza. One group of scientists holds the great waves of influenza to be caused by transformations of the homely microbe of coryza. Others claim it to be something entirely different. Since neither microbe is known the wars between these camps result in drawn battles.

Beginning with 1923 the U. S. public health service undertook a very extensive study of the common cold. With the cooperation of many people they studied common colds among about ten thousand people over long periods of time. The study covered several university and college groups totaling more than three thousand persons, and was continued through one summer and two winters. The other study covered nearly seven thousand family groups and lasted through two summers and three winters.

Three reports have been made on these studies. The latest was by W. H. Frost and Miss Mary Gover. Among their conclusions are these:

They divide the acute respiratory disorders into coryzas, influenza, and miscellaneous. A coryza is a case of acute cold with rhinitis, watery discharge, profuse discharge of the mucus and pus, as about the only symptoms. The cases with rhinitis and also sore throat or cough or both, and fever, prostration, and aching they call influenza. The miscellaneous group includes those cases not in the first two.

Colds act like endemic diseases due to microbes. They are always present, but they are least prevalent in July and August. A wave of prevalence begins to build up in August. The coryza type is at its prevalence in September and October; the influenza type in the late winter. After that the prevalence lessens progressively until the low is reached. This prevalence rate is similar in some particulars to the waves of smallpox, measles, and scarlet fever, but in other particulars it differs.

In addition to these greater waves colds have minor secondary waves interspersed with periods in which there is not much of the disease. Colds are about equally prevalent north and south, east and west.

SCROFULA.

Mrs. J. L. D. writes: There is an old fashioned disease called scrofula which is a disease of the blood and is passed on from one generation to another, sometimes skipping a generation, then reappearing in the next one. It usually causes scrofulous tumors, which develop what was called consumption. Is this disease the same as what is now known as tuberculosis? What part of the body is most susceptible to tumors?

REPLY.

Scrofula is an old fashioned disease in more ways than one. It is very old and its history is enriched with much that is interesting because of other than medical considerations. That it was in existence and recognized in Bible times is certainly shown by statements found in holy writ. The earliest medical writings describe it with reasonable clearness. It is often on the face and other exposed parts. It is rather striking in appearance; it causes pain, and it destroys tissue. It spreads gradually and it lasts many years. Possessing these characteristics, there is little wonder that it came to be recognized early.

It was once a widely prevalent disorder under the name the king's evil, and the prevailing notion of that day was that the king could cure it by the laying on of hands. Our present day conception is much more prosaic. We think of it as a form of tuberculosis somewhat closely related to tuberculosis in the lungs and in other parts of the body, as is the case with all other discharging forms of tuberculosis. It is mildly contagious. It is curable by radiation, though X-ray and radium are not used against it now except in rare cases. The rule is that they do more harm than good. The radiation that benefits it is sunlight, with ultra-violet lamp radiation occupying second place.

SEE A DENTIST.

B. P. S. writes: My friend has a habit of sucking her thumb. This has hindered the growth of her jaw. When she shows her teeth there is a space in front that looks ugly.

She is now 18 and has had this habit up to the present time. Is there any chance of her jaw growing to the correct size if this habit is stopped?

REPLY.

The jaw can be straightened by a dentist. The speciality is called orthodontia. The teeth will not straighten themselves without help.

USE OF STRYCHNINE.

Rosepont writes:

1. Is the use of strychnine at the dose of one-twentieth of a grain three times day dangerous?

2. What will be the effect of a single dose, six grains?

REPLY.

1. The dose is a large one, but physicians sometimes use it. Do not try it except on your physician's responsibility.

2. Death.

REGAINS COMPOSURE.

Mrs. H. E. writes: I am 43 years old and going through the change. A year ago it seemed that I was going on the rocks. I had no interest in life, no zest, no pep. On advice, I commenced taking ovarian extract and, in addition, I took myself in hand mentally, emotionally, and spiritually. I read Menninger's "The Human Mind" and Myerson's "The Nervous Housewife." Now I have regained my interest in life and my emotional poise. I feel like I have taken a new lease on life.

(Copyright, 1932.)

FALL FASHION WEEK

Aristocratic is the one word that best characterizes the beautiful new COATS in our Third Floor Collections. Well-bred Coats, from the very best sources, of the smartest fabrics, the finest furs, with true distinction and quality in every line. Our special Fall Fashion Week collection is at $98.50. Others, $69.50 to $195.

THE NEW Jelleff's
1216-1220 F STREET

How to Be Beautiful

By ELSIE PIERCE

Inquiries About Blackheads.

So many inquiries about blackhead troubles! They force me to write on that subject frequently. Even though I have circulars for their treatment which will be mailed upon request. Blackheads probably take the lead in my correspondents' questions. And, as I've written on this subject so often it is rather difficult to write anything new.

There is a simple everyday aid which may be new to the majority of you. And as it costs less than 1 cent the treatment should appeal to you in these days of frenzied finances. Blackheads must of course be eradicated by both absolute internal and external cleanliness. There must be no constipation, no dust and oil clogged pores. My new suggestion is that you use the looped end of an invisible hairpin to run over the afflicted area and clear it of the blackheads which have already formed, or of the substance which is in a partial state of formation. There are comedone extractors on the market, but many of you have written that it is impossible for you to use them satisfactorily, to hold them in the exact position necessary, especially if one wears glasses or is suffering from impaired eyesight.

Simple Method.

Try this simple method: After washing the skin with warm water and soap, and softening by patting with cream, in accordance with my usual routine instruction, apply a mild disinfectant, preferably one with a glycerin base, as such solutions penetrate deeply. Then take a so-called invisible hairpin, press it together slightly, so as to make the loop end a little narrower, then run the loop end firmly, but very gently, over the entire blackhead-infected area. It will press out many real blackheads, and it will also press out much stale oil and dust which would be blackheads tomorrow or next week. The good thing about the little hairpin loop is that it may not only be effectively used by people with poor eyesight, but also by people who know little or nothing about pore construction and the direction for exerting the pressure. Use the tiny hairpin first from one direction, then from others. But, if you find the skin is turning too pink, rub on a little cream and discontinue the treatment until the next day. A little perseverance will turn the trick some day. Always wipe the hairpin with the disinfectant before using.

Resume.

After the treatment pat the skin vigorously with skin tonic or with a mixture of witch hazel and benzoin soaked into a cotton pad. Then pat dry with finger tips. When starting this treatment, you can follow it daily and the pores should be very clean by the end of the week. Then a weekly treatment should keep them clean, provided that you have taken proper exercise, proper diet, have kept the pores clean over the entire body by taking proper baths.

(Copyright, 1932.)

Dahlia Show in Takoma Park.

There will be 22 classes at the fifteenth annual dahlia show of the Takoma Park Horticultural Club today and Thursday in the auditorium of the Takoma Park Public School.

THE DANGEROUS AGE

EVERY day the mail brings us a flood of letters . . . many from middle-aged women. They prove that Change of Life need not always be dreaded. They tell how the headaches, backaches, can be overcome or avoided.

Please read the end of a typical letter. It's from Mrs. MacCraig. "I took three bottles. It made me strong and healthy. I will always praise your medicine and tell other women about it."

Try Lydia E. Pinkham's VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Uncle Sam's Home Hints

HOME CARE OF MILK.

(Bureau of Dairy Industry.)

The milkman's responsibility for clean, high-quality, fresh milk ends when he delivers the bottles at our doors. It's up to us—the consumers—from that time on to continue the proper care of the milk in our homes.

Let's assume that you have picked out a milk dealer who supplies good quality milk with a low bacterial count, guaranteed to come from healthy cows and to be produced under sanitary conditions. Also that you buy your milk in bottles—and keep it in bottles. The first point suggested in connection with good home care of milk is to take it in the house as soon as you can after delivery. If possible, provide a box with a hinged lid on the porch so the milkman can leave the bottles there out of reach of cats and dogs and sunlight.

Then when you get the milk indoors, put it at once in the coldest part of the refrigerator. Check up with a thermometer and find where that coldest part is. Milk and other dairy products need a refrigerator temperature of 45 degrees Fahrenheit or even colder. Keep the milk in the original bottle in the refrigerator until the moment you want to use it. One dairy specialist believes in serving milk from the bottle right on the table. This is because every time milk is poured into another container more bacteria get into it. If the milk is for the children to drink pour out a glassful for each child just at serving time and put the bottle back in the refrigerator. Milk or cream left in a pitcher at the end of a meal should never be poured back in the bottle with the main supply, nor should bottles from different days be mixed together. Be sure to keep all bottles of milk and cream in the refrigerator covered. Turn a tumbler over the milk bottle if you've lost the paper cap.

A word about the milk bottle. Milk bottles cost the dealer money, and are figured into the price of milk. They are intended to hold milk and nothing else. So let's cooperate and wash all milk bottles and return them promptly. If you have an infectious disease in your house, consult the health authorities as to how the milk bottles are to be returned, and do what they say.

Fifth Avenue Fashions

Paris is thinking about our fall needs, the newest collections showing many further developments of liked features.

Take today's blouse, it's simple swagger cut will have instant appeal to the smart woman.

And you couldn't find anything easier to put together. And its cost will be surprisingly small.

Dove-gray crepe satin, orangy-red crinkle crepe and violet dull flat crepe are advanced fall suggestions.

It would also look charming in white or pastel chalky crepe for resort made with short sleeves.

Style No. 3023 is designed for sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust.

Size 16 requires 2 yards of 35-inch material. Price of pattern, 15 cents.

Our Fashion Magazine shows all the new and interesting styles. You can save the price of the book over and over again, and look your very best. Send 10 cents for your copy. Address Fashion Department, The Washington Post, Fifth avenue and Twenty-third street, New York City.

No. 3023. Size.....

Name.

.....

Street Address.

.....

City. State.

.....

Culbertson on Bridge

By ELY CULBERTSON

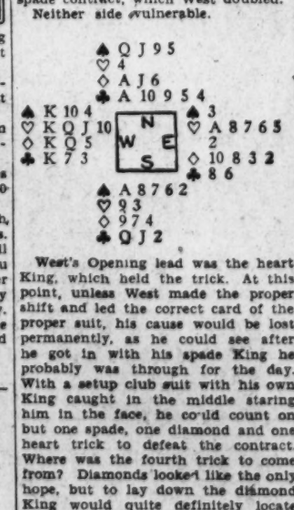
458.

A GOOD DEFENSIVE PLAY.

THE opportunity for sheer brilliancy at cards is presented most frequently to him who is defending a game bid at Contract Bridge. It is true that Contract offers opportunities for brilliant bids, brilliant end-plays by Declarer, and so on; but it is the man on the defense, who does not see his partner's hand, who has the best chance to make a play that would bring a gallery to its feet, cheering wildly.

The Declarer sees both his hand and the Dummy, and therefore knows the sum total of the strength that is out against him, although he is not quite sure as to how it is divided. The man on the defense knows half of his team's strength and half of the enemy's strength, but he can not coordinate his plan of attack—or, rather, defense—as readily as the Declarer. The defense must be based on finer and much more subtle deductions than those of Declarer. His movements must be more daring and perfectly timed. He must be willing to take a shot in the dark, or to gamble all on one bold stroke. It is only at the start of a hand that he has the element of time in his favor, and if he ever loses it by not taking full advantage of it at that moment, it is permanently lost. On the hand given below, South was Declarer at a four-spade contract, which West doubled.

Neither side vulnerable.



West's Opening lead was the heart King, which held the trick. At this point, unless West made the proper shift and led the correct card of the proper suit, his cause would be lost permanently, as he could see after he got in with his spade King he probably was through for the day. With a setup club suit with his own King caught in the middle staring him in the face, he could count on but one spade, one diamond and one heart trick to defeat the contract. Where was the fourth trick to come from? Diamonds looked like the only hope, but to lay down the diamond King would quite definitely locate the Queen for Declarer, and the Knave in Dummy would top him from taking more than one trick in that suit. West at this point boldly led the low diamond away from his King-Queen. The play was perfectly timed, the psychology was correctly analyzed, and the gamble rewarded. The Declarer did have the diamond 9 and decided upon the natural play of finessing against the Ten in West's hand and finding the two major honors split. No one could possibly blame the Declarer for not reading that West had led away from the King-Queen of the suit with the Ace-Knave over him, and he made the logical play, hoping East might have to go up with a high honor on the first lead. Of course, the rest of the story is quite simple. East took the trick with the diamond 10, returned a diamond, and when West got in with the King of trumps he cashed the setting trick.

The player, either Declarer or defender, who can think quickly and can make an unnatural play as quickly as a natural one, will surely have a big advantage over his opponents. He will not give them an opportunity to mass their forces and he will very often catch them unawares. His most brilliant and most tricky plays will be masked under the guise of innocence and normality, and unless the opponents hold a very high opinion of his ability, they will fall into most of the traps he sets for them. However, it is far better to play slowly and come out with the right plan than to play quickly and come out with a plan which must surely be a losing one.

Be prepared to do the unusual, and, in addition, be prepared to change your plans and your line of attack at a moment's notice if your first deductions as to the mode of play on the hand turn out to be wrong. The games that you save by correct defense count just as much for you at the end of the evening as the games that you make yourself.

(Copyright 1932.)

GROW THIN

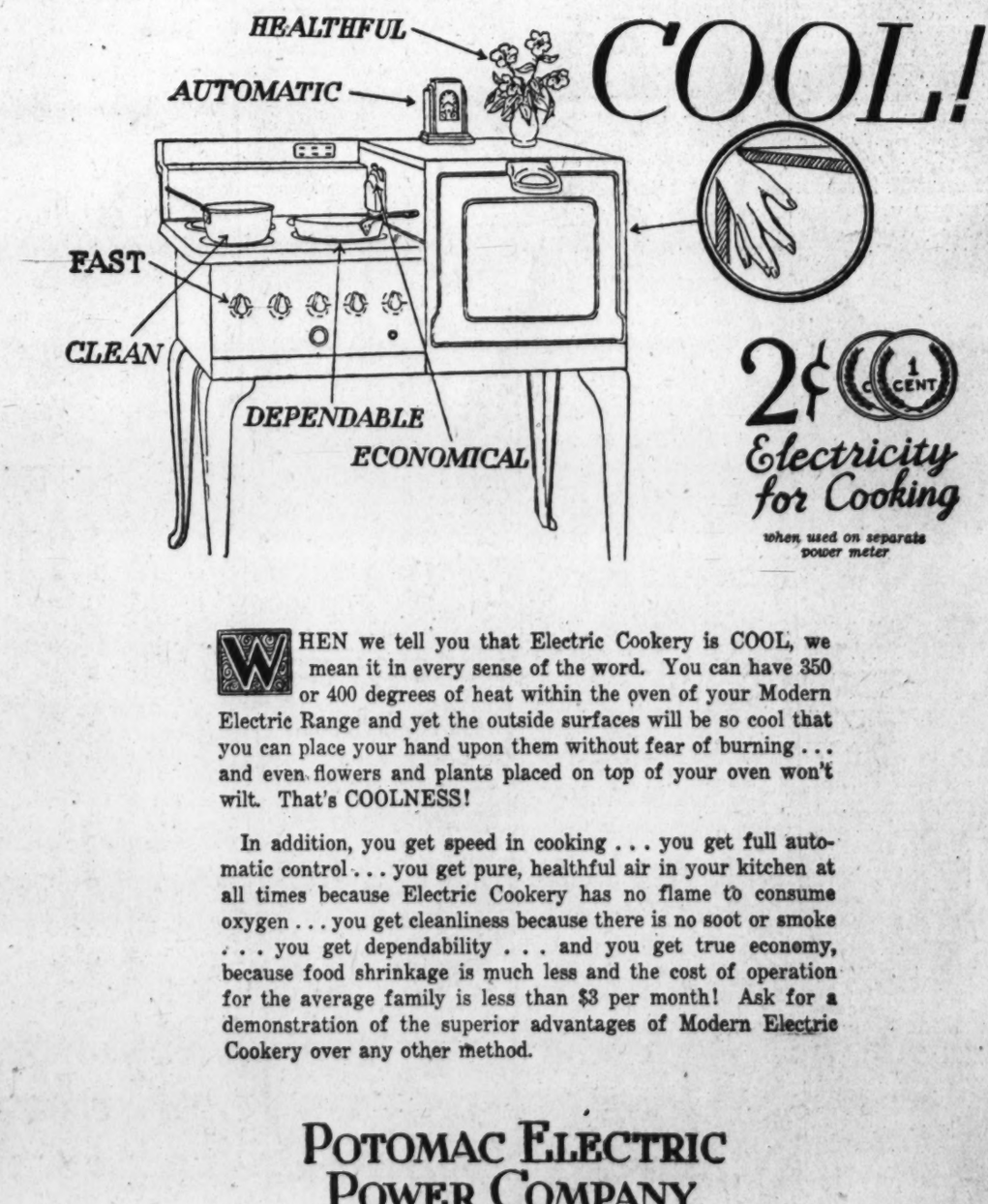
As Millions Have Done

Why let your friends grow thin while you stay fat? Modern science has discovered a great cause of excess fat. It lies in lack of a certain factor in the blood. Now doctors, the world over, prescribe that factor to the over-fat. Abnormal figures have been disappearing fast.

That factor is the basis of Marmola prescription tablets, prepared by a famous medical laboratory. Every box contains the formula, and tells how and why it acts. People have used Marmola for 25 years—millions of boxes of it. So countless people now know its results.

Go try Marmola if you over-weigh. Do what your friends have done. Starvation cannot help much if this cause remains. Try the real way to reduce. Go ask your druggist for Marmola now, and read the book.

MARMOLA
PRESCRIPTION TABLETS
The Real Way to Reduce



WHEN we tell you that Electric Cookery is COOL, we mean it in every sense of the word. You can have 350 or 400 degrees of heat within the oven of your Modern Electric Range and yet the outside surfaces will be so cool that you can place your hand upon them without fear of burning . . . and even flowers and plants placed on top of your oven won't wilt. That's COOLNESS!

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THE WASHINGTON POST'S DAILY LEGAL RECORD

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1932.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Present: Chief Justice Martin and Associate Justices Robb, Van Orsdel, Hitz and Groner.

No. 5604. Goss vs. Radio Commission; time of appellant extended ten days to file brief.

No. 5604. Fleming vs. U. S. A.; docketed and dismissed.

No. 5803. Denny et al. vs. Quinter, &c.; docketed and dismissed.

No. 5633. Siegal vs. U. S. A.; argument continued by Mr. Abner Siegal in proper person, continued for appellee by Mr. Leo A. Rover, and concluded by Mr. Siegal.

No. 5692. U. S. ex rel. Greathouse et al. vs. Hurley et al.; argument commenced for appellant by Mr. Chester I. Long, continued for appellee by Mr. John W. Pihelly, and concluded by Mr. C. I. Long.

No. 5693. Mostyn et al. vs. U. S. A.; argument commenced for appellants by Mr John H. Burnett.

Assignment for Wednesday, October 5:

No. 5693. Mostyn et al. vs. U. S. A. (On hearing.)

SPECIAL CALENDAR.

No. 5694. Clawans vs. District of Columbia. Attys., R. L. Merrick—W. W. Bride, Raymond Sparks.

No. 5715. Southern Transportation Co. et al. vs. Interstate Commerce Commission. Attys., K. K. Gertner—D. W. Knowlton.

No. 5720. U. S. ex rel. Clifton Mfg. Co. vs. Burnett, &c. Attys., F. O. Graves—C. K. Hoover.

No. 5736. U. S. ex rel. Connor et al. vs. District of Columbia et al. Attys., J. A. and V. L. Toomey—W. W. Bride, R. E. Lynch.

GENERAL CALENDAR.

No. 5631. R. F. & P. R. R. Co. vs. McCarl, &c. Attys., W. G. Brantley—R. L. Golze, G. R. McGuire.

No. 5277. First National Bank vs. Burnettt. Attys., R. N. Anderson—Key, Charest, Williams, Mitchell, Youngquist.

No. 5316. Public Utilities Commission et al. vs. Capital Traction Co. et al. Attys., A. S. Bowen, J. R. Barbour, G. E. Hamilton, G. T. Dunlop.

No. 5479. Standard Slag Co. vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue. Attys., Blaine Mallan—Charest, Thompson, Youngquist, Key, Jackson.

DISTRICT SUPREME COURT.

Notice: Contested motions as scheduled will be heard Wednesday, October 5.

ASSIGNMENT COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

Assignment for Thursday, October 6:

LAW CASES.

No. 1. Ffasher vs. A. G. Spalding & Co. Attys., A. L. Newmyer—F. J. Hogan, E. L. Jones, H. I. Quinn.

No. 2. Schleier & Garrett vs. District of Columbia. Attys., Rhodes & Rhodes—W. W. Bride, E. W. Thomas.

No. 4. McLachlen vs. Perry. Attys., S. M. Boyd—A. L. Newmyer.

No. 5. Lewis vs. Sixsmith. Attys., L. O. Hodges, jr.—F. H. Myers.

No. 6. Marsh Elevator Co. vs. Title & Inv. Co. of Md. Attys., F. J. Hogan, E. L. Jones—H. I. Quinn.

No. 9. Tuefel vs. Legg. Attys., A. L. Newmyer—A. D. Smith.

No. 10. Small 2d. vs. Rhodes & Richardson. Attys., P. Sieman, L. J. Heller, P. Rosenfeld—P. B. Rhodes, W. E. Richardson.

No. 16. Kraft vs. Stelzer. Attys., J. B. Stein—W. M. Bastian.

No. 17. Rubin vs. Hetherington et al. Attys., S. Hirshman, M. M. Grudd—M. M. Doyle.

No. 22. Gunnell vs. Steinmetz. Attys., E. C. Kriz—A. L. Bennett.

No. 26. Krozybski vs. Everett. Attys., D. Birney, Peelle, Ogilby & Lesh—D. A. DeVane.

No. 41. Colman, Admr., vs. Wardman Construction Co. Attys., Boyd, Linkins—Wright, Ershier.

No. 43. Youngman vs. McCarrell. Attys., W. B. Wolf, Brylawski—G. K. Baker.

Nos. 45 and 46. Reid vs. Liberty Fruit Co. Attys., Beach, Mather—Welch, Daily & Welch.

EQUITY CASES.

No. 1. Rider vs. Rider. Attys., J. J. O'Brien—W. C. Burton.

No. 2. Dennison vs. Dennison et al. Attys., J. P. Mullen, M. J. Colbert—P. B. Klein.

No. 3. Chinn vs. Chinn et al. Attys., F. J. Rice—J. M. Boardman.

No. 5. Alfred vs. Alfred et al. Attys., A. Cusick—H. C. Espey.

No. 6. Green vs. Green et al. Attys., R. Neudecker—Hayes, Davis, Hughes.

No. 7. Delinski vs. Delinski. Attys., J. J. O'Brien—Burton, Marye.

No. 8. Whittemore vs. Whittemore. Attys., J. S. Detwiler—P. B. Elcan.

No. 9. Thomas vs. Drakoulis et al. Attys., Plaintiff in proper person—Defendant in proper person.

No. 10. McCulloch vs. McCulloch. Attys., B. Emerson—G. E. McNeil.

No. 11. National Disabled Soldiers League vs. New, &c. Atty., U. S. Atty.

No. 12. Baker vs. Baker et al. Attys., Burkart & Quinn—H. C. Espey.

No. 13. Hall vs. Hall. Atty., J. J. O'Brien.

No. 15. Richardson vs. Richardson. Attys., Loving & Hamner—W. C. English.

No. 17. Frasier vs. Frasier. Atty., L. E. Simonton.

No. 18. Lyon vs. Lyon et al. Atty., G. E. McNeil.

No. 19. Johnson vs. Johnson et al. Attys., B. Emerson, J. J. Sirica, N. S. Hinman—Ray Neudecker.

No. 20. Zimmerman vs. Zimmerman. Attys., Casteel & King—S. F. Beach.

No. 22. Gilbert et al. vs. Crawford et al. Attys., H. K. Acker—Seal & Dice.

No. 24. Jackson vs. Jackson. Attys., J. L. Krupsaw—M. P. Friedlander, E. H. Watson.

No. 26. Osborn vs. Osborn. Attys., H. F. Kennedy—Whelan & O'Connell.

No. 27. Hawkins & Hawkins. Attys., W. O. Davis—W. S. Porter.

No. 28. Habib vs. Johnson. Attys., J. T. Grouch, L. Q. H. Alward—Hayes & Davis.

No. 30. Stearns vs. Stearns et al. Linkins, Boyd—P. J. Sedgwick.

No. 31. Goodkowitz vs. Goodkowitz. Attys., Pelzman, Weiner—G. S. Paregol.

No. 32. Jackson vs. Jackson et al. Attys., S. E. Bonnar, E. Hill, jr.—J. F. Bird.

No. 33. Tryon vs. Tryon. Attys., W. C. Burton—L. Pearlstein.

No. 34. Scafone vs. Scafone. Attys., Burkart & Quinn—J. C. Turco.

No. 35. Braun vs. Braun. Attys., C. F. Johnson—J. P. Jones.

No. 36. Hall vs. Hall. Attys., A. W. Scott—J. L. Chapman, J. A. Doolan.

No. 37. Brown vs. Brown et al. Attys., Shefferman & Aronson—A. A. Stern, B. Emerson.

No. 38. Van Brakle vs. Van Brakle. Attys., P. P. Richardson—B. L. Gaskins.

No. 39. Mancuso vs. Mancuso. Attys., Lambert & Yeatman, A. F. Canfield—P. A. Chamberlain, J. R. Shields.

No. 40. Perry vs. McNey Realty Co. et al. Attys., J. T. Krupsaw—W. J. Dow.

No. 41. Pickett vs. Pickett. Attys., Casteel & King—N. S. Hinman.

No. 42. Potts vs. Potts. Attys., C. M. Walker, H. W. Johnson—D. A. Hart.

No. 44. Clement vs. Clement et al. Attys., D. L. Granthan—M. Conn.

No. 45. Curtis vs. Curtis. Attys., J. J. O'Brien—S. F. Beach.

No. 46 (Dist. No. 1378). U. S. A. vs. One and One-half Barrels Egrowhite. Attys., L. A. Rover, R. S. Greathouse—Sadler & Lyell.

No. 48. Pittiglio vs. Jamieson. Attys., Purcell—L. N. Coe.

No. 50. Quinn et al. vs. Commercial National Bank et al. Attys., Gardiner—Donaldson & Johnson et al.

MOTIONS COURT—Mr. Justice O. R. Luhring presiding; William W. Stickney, clerk.

No. 81324. Isaac Tepper vs. Joseph L. Tepper; motion to strike plea granted. Attys., L. O. Hodges, jr.—D. L. Blanken.

No. 81247. Ben J. Chromy vs. Wired Radio Co. et al.; particulars as to contract granted; motion for particulars of demand submitted. Attys., R. A. Ford, W. C. Burton—P. H. Loughran.

No. 81657. May K. Henderson et al. vs. Morrison's, Inc.; judgment of condemnation against property attached in hands of Union Storage Co. as garnishee less lien of garnishee, &c., granted. Attys., C. C. Caywood, D. Partridge 3d.

No. 78744. U. S. ex rel W. B. Duke et al vs. Secretary Mellon et al.; cause dismissed by agreement; judgment against petitioner for costs. Atty., W. H. White, jr.

No. 81361. Oscar D. Humphreys vs. Kenneth T. Showers; time within which to amend extended five days. Attys., W. E. Miller—C. J. Brandt.

No. 53623. Julia Catlin vs. Elmer H. Catlin; final decree for absolute divorce. Attys., M. W. Kine—S. M. Boyd.

No. 48831. Rose M. Mangum vs. James W. Mangum et al.; returnable October 17. Attys., Ray Neudecker—N. E. Bleckman.

No. 54879. Louis Hurwitz vs. Fletcher Fixture Co.; returnable October 20. Atty., M. M. Harris.

No. 54783. Wynne P. Hansen vs. Chester Hansen; Nita S. Hinman appointed to defend. Atty., N. H. Britton.

No. 53658. Annie Grant et al. vs. Eliza Johnson et al.; reference to auditor on account, &c. Attys., M. M. Harris—W. H. Wahly, G. G. Jefferson.

No. 54606. U. S. A. vs. Tessie Boyd, et al.; final decree for injunction. Attys., Leo A. Rover, H. W. Orcutt.

No. 53659. Eva May White vs. Theodore White; returnable two days service, &c. Attys., F. A. Hampton, C. A. Sheldon.

No. 54041. Mindelle D. Ehrlich vs. Alvin H. Ehrlich et al.; continued to October 6. Attys., M. F. O'Donoghue, M. J. McNamara—G. B. Cowles.

No. 11272. Lunacy, in re Melvin L. Crisp; restored to legal status.

No. 12150. Lunacy in re Eugene P. Forson; expenditure authorized.

No. 12221. Lunacy, in re Marshall Richardson; expenditure authorized.

No. 14552. Lunacy, in re Elise K. Taylor; Eugene R. Johnson appointed committee; bond, $10,000.

No. 53188. Elizabeth Gehrmann vs. Harry A. Gehrmann, jr.; continued to October 10. Attys., D. F. Smith, J. P. Jones—R. E. Lynch, E. B. Sullivan.

No. 54656. Edith F. Cardd vs. Merle D. Cardd; continued to October 17. Atty., John A. Bresnahan.

No. 53729. Elsie C. Tinsley vs. James W. Tinsley et al.; decree for absolute divorce. Attys., H. M. Fowler—W. M. Mondell.

No. 53156. Lillian Jones vs. Arthur W. Jones; decree for absolute divorce. Attys., H. W. Fowler—H. H. Shaller.

No. 54883. In re Big Vein Coal Co., Inc.; assignee's bond set at $5,000.

No. 1080. Adoption in re Mary J. Dougherty; decree legalizing adoption. Atty., Gregory Ciprian.

No. 14674. Lunacy in re Nicholas A. Long; loan by committee authorized.

No. 53740. Anna W. Heley vs. Frank R. Heley; order to make payment and rule continued to October 17. Attys., Crandal Mackey—J. B. Fitzgerald.

No. 53659. Eva May White vs. Theodore White; Robert E. McLaughlin appointed to defend. Attys., F. A. Hampton, C. A. Sheldon.

No. 53475. Potomac Electric Power Co. vs. Public Utilities Commission et al.; stipulation as to record and evidence approved. Attys., S. R. Bowan, J. S. Barbour—W. A. Roberts, R. B. Keech.

No. 54881. George A. Martin vs. Jeremiah Booth et al., &c.; James E. Richards appointed to serve process. Atty., A. W. Kaiser.

No. 50676. Vergel Cunningham vs. Commissioner Robertson; decree dismissing bill. Attys., Watson, Colt, Morse & Grindle—T. A. Hostetler.

No. 2741. Bankruptcy in re Mary H. Saffell; adjudication and reference to Fred J. Eden, referee. Atty., A. E. Steinem.

No. 2452. Bankruptcy in re Swartzell, Rheem & Hensey Co.; orders for certain sales of realty, for payment of interest entered. Attys., Tobriner & Graham, Michael M. Doyle et al.

No. 2733. Bankruptcy in re Penn Improvement & Electric Co.; reference to Fred J. Eden, referee. Atty., A. E. Steinem.

No. 2720. Bankruptcy in re Wallace's, Inc.; Riggs National Bank designated as depository. Attys., Shefferman & Aronson.

No. 2180. District in re 2 half barrels beer; order of publication. Atty., Leo A. Rover.

No. 1944. District in re Benning Road; payment of money out of court registry. Atty., W. W. Bride et al.

CIRCUIT COURT 1—Mr. Justice James M. Proctor presiding; R. E. Lee Goff, clerk.

No. 79434. National Savings & Trust Co. vs. Morris Cafritz; motion to strike plea one overruled and motion to file additional plea granted. Attys., Minor, Gatley & Drury—Milton Strasburger.

No. 80455. Normandie National Securities Corporation vs. Ayoub M. Rizik; motion for further particulars overruled; motion to strike motion of particulars granted. Attys., Frodel & Stanley—Alvin L. Newmyer.

No. 81115. George C. McLeod et al. vs. U. S. A.; demurrer to petition submitted. Attys., Daubin & Williams—John J. Wilson.

No. 81200. Elsie E. McReynolds vs. District of Columbia; demurrer to first plea treated as motion to strike and granted; demurrer to second plea overruled. Attys., Peter, Edelin & Peyser—W. W. Bride, E. W. Thomas.

No. 53711. Timothy T. Ansberry vs. Charles J. Harrah et al.; motion to file service submitted. Attys., M. P. Friedlander—Marvin Farrington.

No. 52866. Lillie K. Vertner Jones vs. Thomas K. Vertner et al.; returnable October 17. Attys., H. A. Barker—Milton Strasburger.

No. 54315. Maud R. Allen et al. vs. Robert O. Scholzy et al.; motion to dismiss bill argued and submitted. Attys., M. P. Friedlander—Fischer, Bendheim & Fischer.

CIRCUIT COURT 2—Mr. Justice Joseph W. Cox presiding; George A. Watts, clerk.

No. 81177. Jacob Janofky vs. Frank L. Applestein; motion for judgment overruled with leave to plaintiff to file amended declaration and affidavit of merit in five days. Attys., Charles Walker—J. B. Stein.

No. 77924. John H. Causack vs. U. S. A.; motion for nonsuit in form requested denied with leave to renew motion. Attys., J. J. Slattery, Darr & Darr—J. W. Wood.

No. 50297. Elfrids K. Taylor vs. James E. H. Taylor; bill of exceptions signed. Attys., Lambert & Yeatman, A. F. Canfield—B. L. Gaskins.

No. 53193. Maryland Casualty Co. vs. Murch Bros.; motion to dismiss stricken as prematurely filed. Attys., Swingle & Swingle—Kelley & Nicolaides.

No. 54249. Col. Sec. Co. vs. Kennedy-Warren, &c.; leave to Otis Elevator Co. to intervene granted as party plaintiff. Attys., G. P. McGlue, T. F. Burke—W. G. Gardiner, Hamilton & Hamilton et al.

CIRCUIT COURT 3—Mr. Justice Jesse C. Adkins presiding; Al G. Buhrman, clerk.

No. 80132. Henry N. Brawner vs. Carl W. Markham; motion to strike pleas one and two granted with leave to amend in ten days. Attys., Whiteford, Marshall & Hart—H. P. Ganss.

No. 81166. Gertrude Thomas Maxfield vs. Washington Times Co.; demurrer to pleas three and four overruled. Attys., H. P. Cochran, H. Friedman—W. J. Lambert.

No. 80490. Pedro F. Diago et al. vs. Charles J. Harrah; demurrer to second and third pleas sustained with leave to amend declaration in ten days and defendant to plead thereto within 30 days. Attys., J. P. McGovern, Peelle, Ogilby & Lesh—Daniel Dunning.

No. 81436. Albert Grebale vs. Secretary of Labor Doak.

No. 81435. Elias Kalafatis vs. Secretary Doak, &c.

No. 81539. N. Bondura vs. Secretary Doak, &c.; each case, motion for rehearing denied, counsel not appearing. Attys., R. M. Hudson—Leo A. Rover.

No. 80177. U. S. ex rel. Flynn vs. Commissioners D. C.; motion for judgment continued pending filing of briefs both sides; Comptroller McCarl permitted to appear as amicus curiae. Attys., J. P. Donovan—W. W. Bride.

No. 81439. U. S. ex rel. Birch Valley Lumber Co., vs. Interstate Commerce Commission; judgment dismissing petition, discharging rule with costs against petitioner; appeal noted. Attys., W. S. Bronson, J. B. Campbell, A. H. Walter—E. M. Reidy, D. W. Knowlton.

No. 2501. Bankruptcy in re Adolph C. Baehr; time for hearing fixed. Attys., J. A. Sweeney—M. F. Bischoff.

CIRCUIT COURT 4—Mr. Justice Jennings Bailey presiding; Russel P. Belew, clerk.

No. 79752. F. Kenneth Schulmier vs. George L. Goodacre; demurrer to third plea to amended declaration overruled with leave to reply and raise same points of law. Attys., John E. Laskey, Leonard J. Ganse, Padgett—Morris.

No. 81149. Joseph Ottenberg et al., administrators, vs. James A. La Fontaine et al.; demurrer to plea and motion for judgment withdrawn and leave granted to file amended declaration. Attys., Leonard A. Block—Charles E. Ford.

No. 81216. Jacob W. Scher, executor, vs. John O. Keys; motion to strike declaration and motion to vacate judgment of June 1, 1932, severally overruled; judgment on verdict against defendant for $1,399.20, with interest and costs; appeal noted; bond as supersedeas, $1,750. Attys., C. W. Fowler—G. C. Thompson.

No. 78582. E. G. Schafer Co. vs. Frederick C. Frost et al.; leave granted to withdraw motion for oral examination of garnishee. Atty., George C. Shinn.

No. 81353. Joseph L. Tepper vs. Isaac Tepper; demurrer to declaration overruled; motion for judgment withdrawn and leave granted defendant to file affidavit of defense in five days. Attys., David L. Blanken—L. O. Hodges, jr.

No. 51484. Nettie E. Gray vs. Charles E. Gray; cause revived. Atty., John F. Labofish.

EQUITY COURT 1—Mr. Justice Peyton Gordon presiding; Harry B. Dertzbaugh, clerk.

Naturalization hearings were held.

No. 54772. Riggs National Bank vs. Washington Arcade Co.; receivers authorized to make repairs. Attys., F. J. Hogan, W. H. Donovan, N. T. Hartson—A. L. Newmyer.

No. 81431. Washington Times Co. vs. Western Union Telegraph Co.; motion to strike items 1 to 5 of declaration granted with leave to amend in ten days. Attys., Lambert & Yeatman—Paul E. Lesh.

No. 81348. Becker Leather Goods Co. vs. Capital Miniature Golf Club, Inc.; motion to strike declaration overruled with ten days to plead. Attys., Peelle, Ogilby & Lesh—A. F. Adams.

No. 81351. Mary F. Eastman vs. John E. Laskey et al.; receivers; demurrer to first and second pleas overruled. Attys., M. P. Friedlander—J. E. Laskey, Spencer Gordon.

No. 9810. Lunacy in re Alexander D. Brendt; committee discharged.

No. 53612. Chatham Phoenix National Bank & Trust Co. vs. Mayflower Hotel Co.; entrance into lease granted. Attys., Douglas, Obear & Douglas—W. E. Leahy, E. M. Toland, W. J. Hughes, jr., W. W. Ross.

EQUITY COURT 2—Mr. Justice F. Dickinson Letts presiding; Williams P. Lemon, clerk.

No. 78032. Charles B. Richard vs. J. William Monroe; motion for condemnation judgment overruled. Attys., J. Ridley Shields, Tracy L. Jeffords—Minor, Gatley & Drury.

No. 61179. M. M. Habey vs. Washington Times Co.; motion to strike amended declaration argued and submitted. Attys., James J. O'Leary—Lambert & Yeatman.

No. 80928. B. Janet Best vs. Park Central Apartment Hotel, Inc.; demurrer to third amended declaration sustained; judgment entered and appeal noted. Attys., A. L. Newmyer—Henry I. Quinn.

No. 81315. Robert C. Harman, receiver, vs. Joseph H. Hines; demurrer to declaration argued and submitted. Attys., J. H. Bilbrey, H. H. Glassie—Lambert & Yeatman.

No. 80177. J. A. Flynn vs. Commissioners D. C.; motion for judgment certified to Adkins, justice. Attys., J. P. Donovan—F. H. Stephens.

No. 81367. Samuel Lichtenstein vs. Nathan Puzrin; demurrer overruled; ten days to plead. Attys., Max Rhoads—Philip Wagshal.

No. 49698. Alva Von S. Goltl vs. Albert Von S. Goltl; motion to reduce alimony granted. Attys., Ray Neudecker—Lucien H. Vandoren.

No. 53271. Dolores B. Foster vs. Robert McK. Foster; motion to vacate decree certified to Proctor, justice. Attys., John J. O'Brien—Jo V. Morgan.

No. 47534. William S. Johnson vs. Claire Craig Johnson; counsel fees ordered. Attys., Nita S. Hinman—Ray Neudecker.

No. 2124. District in re Reservation D; fixing of jurors' compensation set; cause dismissed on motions of petition and opposed by property owners. Attys., H. H. Glassie, A. H. Bell, jr., A. G. Lambert—Joseph I. Weller et al.

No. 2169. District in re lots 8 et al; continued to October 6. Atty., W. L. Fowler.

EQUITY COURT 3—Mr. Justice Daniel W. O'Donoghue presiding; Richard J. Kirkland, clerk.

No. 79540. Walter S. Hutchins vs. Harry Wardman et al.; motion of defendants Wardman and Bones to stay proceedings overruled; motion of plaintiff for judgment 73d rule vs. defendants Wardman and Bones granted; judgment vs. defendants Harry Wardman and Thomas P. Bones for plaintiff for $26,174.37, with interest and costs; appeal noted; plaintiff's motion to strike plea of equitable defense, to plea of recoupment and demurrer to equitable defense of defendants Wardman and Bones withdrawn. Attys., Charles H. Merillat—Wright & Ershler.

No. 79544. William D. Hoover et al., trustees, vs. Harry Wardman et al.; motion of defendants Wardman and Bones to stay proceedings overruled; judgment vs. defendants Harry Wardman and Thomas P. Bones for plaintiff for $26,187.72, &c. Attys., T. M. Gittings—Wright & Ershler.

No. 80776. Early McGuire & Rolfe, Inc., vs. Roy D. Schlegal; motion to strike plea one overruled. Attys., Fischer, Bendheim & Fischer—C. H. Doherty, J. Glynn.

No. 81124. Harry H. Kerr vs. Blanche E. O'Brien; motion to strike plea overruled. Attys., Peelle, Ogilby & Lesh—J. W. Guider, A. J. Phelan.

No. 81215. William J. O'Donnell vs. Etta H. Brown; motion for judgment granted; judgment for plaintiff vs. defendant for $2,691.71, with interest and costs. Attys., J. F. Reilly—M. M. Doyle, F. A. Thuee, J. J. Malloy.

No. 81328. Hammond Investment Co. vs. the Munsey Trust Co.; demurrer to amended declaration sustained; ten days to amend. Attys., R. L. Merrick—W. J. Lambert.

No. 81410. Theresa T. Kahn vs. Asenath Cox; motion to strike plea continued to November 4. Atty., R. L. Merrick.

No. 54334. Eulalia J. France vs. Joseph Milton France; decree to be signed permitting wife to have custody of children on certain days, &c. Attys., R. Lyman—R. Neudecker.

No. 54652. William A. Wagner vs. Ernest L. Stewart et al.; decree dismissing bill as to defendant Charles S. Muir Co.; pro confesso vs. defendant Stewart. Attys., A. Lang—J. J. Mahon.

No. 53691. Louis E. Wood vs. Aline Wood et al.; decree to be presented. Attys., J. C. Turco—R. Neudecker, J. P. Kelly.

No. 54384. Harry A. Kite, Inc., vs. Claire W. Kite et al.; decree to be presented. Attys., D. C. Wright—P. Ershler.

PROBATE PROCEEDINGS.

Mr. Justice Gordon, presiding.

Estate of Louis W. Austin; will filed dated November 16, 1908; codicil filed dated January 29, 1909.

Estate of David M. Nesbit; will filed dated April 22, 1932; will filed dated May 2, 1927; will filed dated June 30, 1930; petition for probate of will and letters testamentary. Atty., F. Stetson.

Estate of Samuel H. Cooper; petition for probate of will and letters testamentary. Atty., G. H. Laleger.

Estate of Florence W. Beardsley; petition for letters of administration. Atty., F. Stetson.

Estate of Anton A. Auth; will filed dated November 14, 1919.

Estate of Madeline Masters Stone; will filed dated February 23, 1928; codicil filed dated May 21, 1931; testamentary papers dated January 28, 1927, and December 12, 1930.

Estate of L. Kemp Duval; will filed dated April 3, 1928.

Estate of Oscar William Slane; order for a commission to issue to take proof of will. Attys., Douglas, Obear & Douglas.

Estate of Grace Williams; petition for probate of will and letters testamentary. Atty., A. Lyman.

Estate of Clayton Ethridge; petition for letters of administration. Atty., C. Linkins.

Estate of Mary E. Quigley; order granting letters of administration to Richard J. Quigley; general undertaking, $7,000. Atty., R. J. Quigley.

Estate of George Edward Logan, sr. (also known as George Logan); petition for letters of administration. Attys., G. E. McNeil and T. E. Lodge.

Estate of Helen M. Stoops; will filed dated July 11, 1932.

Estate of Anna L. Barr; order granting letters of administration to Robert R. Cook; special undertaking, $1,000. Atty., W. H. Hutcherson.

Estate of Hazel Humphreys; order granting letters of administration to Oscar D. Humphreys; special undertaking, $1,000. Atty., W. F. Miller.

Estate of Samuel H. Cooper; order admitting will to probate and granting letters testamentary to Jennie R. Cooper; special bond, $500. Atty., G. H. Laleger.

Estate of Florence W. Beardsley; order granting letters of administration to Grove S. Beardsley; special undertaking, $1,000. Atty., F. Stetson.

Estate of Ralph C. Hamilton; order admitting will to probate and granting letters testamentary to Grace N. Hamilton and Mabel L. Hamilton; special undertaking, $1,000. Atty., W. R. Vallance.

Estate of Margaret Fitzgerald; order of publication for probate of will.

Estate of John Lowe; petition to turn over horse in settlement of lien; order authorizing same. Attys., Ellis, Ferguson, Houghton & Gary.

Estate of Samuel Clark; order ratifying and confirming sale of real estate. Atty., F. Yasmer.

Estate of Blanche A. Williams; petition for sale of personalty; order authorizing same. Atty., W. J. Lambert.

Estate of Alphonson McClay; petition to ratify probate of will; order ratifying and confirming probate of will.

In re Margaret Read; petition for an allowance; order granting same. Attys., Sullivan & Needle.

In re Margaret M. Gramm; petition for an allowance to purchase clothing for minor; order authorizing expenditure for same. Atty., A. H. Bennett.

In re Norman Pickling; petition for an additional allowance; order allowing additional allowance, &c. Atty., G. G. Jefferson.

Estate of Theodore F. Wilson; petition for guardian ad litem.

Estate of Nathanial T. Goldsberry; petition for caveat. Atty., J. P. Wilson.

Estate of Hugh Williams; will filed dated September 6, 1932.

Estate of Robert E. L. Hall; petition for guardian ad litem.

In re Juanita Bonner; petition for the appointment of a new guardian and for an allowance; order appointing Benjamin F. Fells, guardian of the estate of the minor; bond, $400 and for an allowance. Atty., M. L. Raedy.

Estate of Margaret Halley Carr; petition for probate of will and letters testamentary. Attys., Weitzel, Imlay & Reed.

Estate of Cora B. Taylor; order granting letters of administration to Eugene R. Johnson, general undertaking, $6,000. Attys., W. C. Taylor and N. W. Britton.

Estate of Lillian Young; petition for rejection of testamentary paper, and for probate of will. Attys., Hawken & Havell.

Estate of Florence L. Pettz; will filed dated August 7, 1930; petition for probate of will and letters testamentary. Atty., C. C. Mulladay.

Estate of Eleanor Morrison Flournoy; petition for letters of administration. Atty., R. W. Flournoy, jr.

Estate of May E. Townsend; petition for probate of will and letters testamentary. Atty., R. F. Hollingsworth.

Estate of Margaret H. Carr; order admitting will to probate and granting letters testamentary to Irving J. Carr; special bond, $1,000. Atty., C. V. Imlay.

Estate of Annie S. Crowe; order admitting will to probate and granting letters testamentary to Sydney Small; bond, $2,000. Atty., C. H. Marillat.

Estate of Josephine Stevenson; order admitting will to probate and granting letters testamentary to William H. Lomax; bond, $800. Atty., E. C. Dickson.

Estate of May E. Townsend; order admitting will to probate and granting letters testamentary to the National Metropolitan Bank. Atty., R. F. Hollingsworth.

Estate of Mary E. Higdon; order for authorizing payments of $25 to guardian ad litem, T. T. Marye.

Estate of Augustus C. Macomb; petition for sale of certificate; order authorizing same. Atty., R. F. Hollingsworth.

Estate of John Hubbard; petition for sale of securities; order authorizing same. Attys., Sherley, Faust and Wilson.

Estate of Clarence M. Exley; order authorizing payment of $10 fee to guardian ad litem P. J. Sedgwick.

In re Phyllis Cahill; petition for an allowance; order granting same. Atty., H. T. Jones.

Estate of Edmont B. Myers; will filed dated July 24, 1931; will filed dated March 13, 1905.

Estate of Catherine F. Nolan; petition for probate of will and letters testamentary. Attys., Lyons & Miller.

Estate of Bessie L. Johnson; testamentary paper filed.

Estate of Louis A. LaGarde; petition to reappoint executors to receive additional assets. Atty., C. D. Garrett.

CRIMINAL COURT 1—Mr. Chief Justice Alfred A. Wheat presiding; William S. Adkins, clerk.

Empaneling of jurors for grand jury and petit juries completed.

Assignment for Wednesday, October 5. Trials:

U. S. vs. John A. Ryan and William Pogue; U. S. vs. Charles Wells; U. S. vs. Thomas Dixon and William Jefferson; U. S. vs. Joseph Edwards; U. S. vs. Willie Jackson; U. S. vs. William Moore; U. S. vs. Jesse Moten; U. S. vs. Sylvester Blackman; U. S. vs. Frank R. Hopkins; U. S. vs. James Boyd and Ralph Davenport; U. S. vs. John Hugh McCarthy.

CRIMINAL COURT 2—Mr. Justice Daniel W. O'Donoghue presiding.

Proceedings for today are found under Equity Court 3.

Assignment for Wednesday, October 5. Trials:

U. S. vs. Mildred Briscoe; U. S. vs. Richard Broadnox; U. S. vs. Robert Thompson; U. S. vs. Isaac Cunningham and Price White; U. S. vs. Ernest Glover and Ollie Hammond; U. S. vs. Thomas I. Jones; U. S. vs. Lester Medley; U. S. vs. John B. Carson and Joseph M. Robinson; U. S. vs. Samuel Carry and Edward Day; U. S. vs. Herbert O. Foss; U. S. vs. John W. Campbell; U. S. vs. John H. Garges.

LAWSUITS FILED.

No. 81909. Felix Lake, &c. vs. The District of Columbia; a special assessment. Atty., Aaron W. Jacobson.

No. 81910. June J. Bordin vs. Edward B. Dean, sr.; damages, $25,000. Atty., W. C. Balderson.

No. 81911. Adolf Gobel, Inc., &c. vs. Minnie E. Davis; note, $1,400. Attys., Loving & Hamner.

No. 81912. Margaret U. Conley vs. Emmett M. Carter; damages, $25,000. Attys., Reamey, Barnett & Waldman.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

No. 15718. Standard Art Marble & Tile Co., Inc., vs. Delia A. Burke; lot 36, in John H. Waters subdivision of lots 31 and 32 in block 11 in Kalorama Heights, being known as square 2516 for taxation purposes, &c. Amount, $225.00. Atty., Simon Fleishman.

No. 15719. Davis Paint Co., Inc., vs. Mrs. John M. Williams; premises 633 Lamont st., nw.; amount, $32.

No. 15720. M. Kapnack, trading as M. Kapnack Electric Co., vs. R. W. Langmaid; lots 97 and 98, known as premises 6124 29th st. nw.; amount, $72.50.

EQUITY SUITS.

No. 54879. Louis Herwitz vs. The Fletcher Fixture Co.; reform contract. Atty., M. M. Harris.

No. 54880. School of American Research vs. Washington Loan & Trust Co. et al; to declare trust. Attys., C. H. Merillat and C. J. Lappler.

No. 54881. George A. Martin et al. vs. The Unknown Heirs, Devisees and Alienees of Jeremiah Booth et al. Attys., A. W. Kaiser.

No. 54882. Vera A. Jones vs. Elbert B. Jones; absolute divorce. Atty., H. Silligan.

FILM TIME TABLES

Feature pictures are presented on the following schedule at the theaters named:

RKO-Keith's—"A Bill of Divorcement," at 11 a. m., 12:48, 2:36, 4:24, 6:12, 8 and 9:48 p. m.

Metropolitan—"A Successful Calamity," at 10:45 a. m., 12:35, 2:25, 4:15, 6:05, 7:55 and 9:46 p. m.

Loew's Fox—"Pack Up Your Troubles," at 11 a. m., 1:40, 4:20, 7:20 and 10 p. m. Stage shows, with Morton Downey, in person, at 12:35, 3:20, 6:20 and 9 p. m.

Earle—"The Crooner," at 11:10 a. m., 1:55, 4:35, 7:40 and 10:25 p. m. Stage shows at 12:45, 3:30, 6:30 and 9:15 p. m.

Palace—"Kongo," at 11:20 a. m., 1:26, 3:25, 5:30, 7:30 and 9:35 p. m.

Columbia—"Gold," at 12:10, 1:56, 3:30, 5:10, 6:50, 8:30 and 10:10 p. m.

Rialto—John Boles and Irene Dunne in "Back Street," at 11:34 a. m., 1:39, 3:44, 5:48, 7:53 and 10 p. m.

Tivoli—"Bird of Paradise," at 2:25, 4:10, 6, 7:45 and 9:35 p. m.

Ambassador—"Horse Feathers," at 6:15, 8 and 9:45 p. m.

FIRE RECORD.

10:23 a. m.—211 Delaware avenue southwest; floor.

4:37 p. m.—Sixteenth and M streets northwest; automobile.

5:58 p. m.—2100 I street northwest; awning.

PATENTS.

No. 3138. Ex parte Thomas W. Gigoney. Dismissed upon motion of appellant.

No. 3245. Ex parte Albert E. Greene. Dismissed upon motion of appellant.

No. 3135. Ex parte Louis C. Rexford. Motion of appellant to advance to November session, 1932, denied. Case ordered advanced to January session, 1933.

No. 3003. Ex parte Albert R. Thompson. Appellant granted leave to file supplemental brief instanter.

No. 3004. Ex parte Albert R. Thompson. Appellant granted leave to file supplemental brief instanter.

No. 3216. Romine vs. Hodges & Remde. Motion of appellant to amend title by striking out the words "Remde, appellee" granted. Motion of appellee to print Remde record denied.

No. 2933. Ex parte Harry M. Horton. Motion of appellee for leave to file 6 typewritten copies of petition for rehearing instead of usual number of printed copies granted.

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AMUSEMENTS

NATIONAL TONIGHT at 8:20 50c to $2.50
Mat. Today at 2:20. 50c to $2
LE GALLIENNE, SCHILDKRAUT
And The Permanent N. Y. Company
MAT. TODAY AT 2:20
And Thurs. "CAMILLE"
and Sat. Eves.
TONIGHT at 8:20
Fri. Night and "LILIOM"
Sat. Mat.
NEXT WEEK—SEATS TOMORROW
THE THEATRE GUILD PRESENTS
The First Subscription Play
Auspices American Theatre Society
THE GOOD EARTH
A Dramatization by Owen & Donald Davis of Pearl S. Buck's Novel
Nights, $1.10 to $2.75. Wed. & Sat. Mats., 83c to $2.20 (Inc. Tax).

AMUSEMENTS

Coming FRIDAY
THE GREATEST FOOTBALL ROMANCE OF ALL TIME..!
The ALL-AMERICAN
WITH RICHARD ARLEN and GLORIA STUART
MIGHTIER THAN SPIRIT OF NOTRE DAME
A Thrilling Love Story Too!
ALBIE BOOTH · CHRIS CAGLE
FRANK CARIDEO · ERNIE NEVERS
and the entire 1931 ALL-AMERICA FOOTBALL TEAM
Last 2 Days
Fannie Hurst's
BACK STREET
IRENE DUNNE - JOHN BOLES
RIALTO
always a better show at
KEITH'S
JOHN BARR

The Washington Post.

CRONIN OR JUDGE SEEN AS JOHNSON'S SUCCESSOR

This MORNING with SHIRLEY L. POVICH

THE managerial head of Walter Johnson was guillotined last night, but what was he convicted of?

Mr. Griffith could answer that, if he would, but he can stand on his constitutional rights as owner of his ball club, and there are none to say him nay. The Washington team is his investment, he has the right to hire and fire his own managers, and in the final analysis, he is accountable only to himself.

If Griffith chose to depose Johnson, which he did, he doubtless had his reasons despite his refusal to state them, and baseball managers have been discharged on far less evidence than can be brought to bear against Johnson, as testified by the cases of Bill McKechnie, who was fired after winning a pennant for the Cardinals in 1928, and Joe McCarthy, who suffered the same fate after winning a flag with the Cubs in 1929.

Griffith Was Fond Of 1932 Outlook.

Johnson didn't win a pennant with the Nats this season, and that may have been sufficient cause for Griffith to decide on a change in management for 1933, for it is known that the Nats' owner was quite fond of his team's prospects at the start of the 1932 campaign, and if he deemed Johnson's efforts this season unworthy of his material, then no other reason is needed.

This department, too, thought quite highly of the outlook for the Washington team down in Biloxi this spring, but I could not foresee the surprising strength of the Yankees and it was in that direction rather than the shortcomings of the Nats that I attribute the Washington Club's third-place fate.

But there were other factors that may have caused Griffith to believe that Johnson had not succeeded as a manager in Washington. And this belief may be wrapped up in the several trades that were engineered to strengthen the Nats with no great degree of success.

Trades May Be Cause Of Release.

In the past three years, from a club treasury hard hit by lean intake at the turnstiles, Griffith has dug far down into his resources to bolster his team during every campaign. The crux may be in the identity of the one who engineered these trades.

Was it Griffith or Johnson who swapped Carl Fischer for Dick Coffman, of the Browns? That trade brought the Nats a pitcher who was knocked out of the box in five of his six starts for a rookie who showed a wealth of promise in Washington, despite his indifferent success.

Was it Griffith or Johnson who recommended the trade of Irving Hadley, Sam Jones and Jack Hayes for Carl Reynolds and Johnny Kerr, releasing two veteran and fairly successful pitchers with weak clubs in exchange for an outfielder who was a disappointment at a time when the Nats needed pitching strength primarily?

Was it Griffith or Johnson who recommended the purchase of Alphonse Thomas from the White Sox for $20,000 cash, only to see the pitcher develop a sore arm and prove useless to the club in the final month of the campaign?

Johnson's release may be the answer to these queries.

BLOCKER GOLF VICTOR.

E. J. Blocker captured the A. A. A. golf tournament played at Manor Club yesterday with a net score of 87 for the eighteen holes. C. C. Collins was runner-up with 88, and G. W. Collins finished third with a net of 90. H. Holloway, 91, and V. J. Mulligan, 91, rounded out the leading group of five.

D. C. BOY HONORED.

George G. Cornwell, jr., local youth who is attending Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, in Troy, N. Y., has been named manager of his class football team. Cornwell went to Friends School here.

Daring Game Aim of G. W. Saturday

Pixlee Says Team Has All to Gain Against Alabama.

Doose Is Shifted to Back Field; Aerials Stressed in Drill.

By BOB CONSIDINE.

PLAYING the role of a team that has everything to gain and nothing to lose, George Washington University will play reckless, take-a-chance football Saturday against Alabama, Coach Jim Pixlee declared yesterday in his best Missouri twang.

Faced with the realization that Alabama, bringing along 40 of the greatest football players in the country, will heavily outweigh the Colonials and stand far ahead of them in experience, Pixlee has promised to unleash a style of game built around the element of surprise.

G. W. was subjected to such football last year when it met Tulsa, and its bunch of backs who tossed footballs around like baseballs. It saw Tulsa, on its own 5-yard line, forward pass on the final down and score a 95-yard touchdown. And taking the note from the great Southwest team G. W. will show a style of game which it probably has never shown in the District.

Alabama Can Afford No Injuries.

One fact may do more to make Saturday's struggle at Griffith Stadium an evenly contested game than anything else. Alabama, for all its speed and brawn, can not afford to extend itself to its very limit to hand the Colonials a bad lacing, for it must take no chances of bruising up the bruisers who the following week meet perhaps their most important test of the year, against Tennessee.

Pixlee is probably the last man connected with the sport in Washington who would predict a G. W. victory Saturday. He believes the Colonials are going to take a trimming, but if his own burly bunch can seize the opportunities that arise in every game, and gain a slight advantage in the breaks it will be a game worth anyone's attention.

Crimson Tide Line Praised by Walsh.

Alabama publicity rates its line as 192 pounds per man, but Len Walsh, assistant coach of the Colonials, who saw Alabama play last Saturday, pronounces their first string line as the heaviest he has ever seen, and probably will average between 205 and 210. And this is not beef, Walsh asserts, but the kind of bone and muscle they manufacture in the mountains which Alabama uses as a "farm."

Yesterday's heavy rain cut down the Colonial practice to an hour and a half, but there was a deal of scrimmaging and emphasis on forward passing. Chris Doose, the made-over guard, who has been shifted to the back field to sub for Otts Kriemelmeyer, continued to impress and is beginning to find the stride which made him a prep school back-field man of some note in Midwest circles.

Although Alabama has intimated that it would not object if G. W. used Frank Blackistone and Ras Nielsen, regular center and tackle, ineligible under the Southern Conference rules (which the six leading Southern Conference colleges pay no particular attention to), the Colonials will not use the two husky forward wall men.

G. U. Preps Impress In Drill for Landon

Drilling hard for Friday's opening game with Landon, Georgetown Prep gridders yesterday impressed Coach Joe Gardner by their spirit and fine condition.

Entering in upon the new season with several 1931 stars absent, Gardner's prospects were the gloomiest he has ever encountered at the Garrett Park institution, but the willingness his charges have shown thus far has done much to remove their tutor's frown.

Hurley Leslie, has clinched the regular center position, and Cy Cummings, acquiring more polish daily, looms as the regular occupant of left tackle. Don McNamara, full back; Ziba Graham, quarter back, and Tom Keeting and George Eddy, have earned the right to start in the back field against Landon.

The game will be played at Garrett Park starting at 3:30 o'clock.

FRATERS START SUNDAY.

Shorty Scrivener's Alexandria Fraters, champions of the Capital City League last season, will open their season Sunday at Baggett's Stadium, meeting the strong Mercury eleven starting at 3 o'clock. Mercury was runner-up for the title last year.

Eliet Cabell and Earl Goodwin, back-field men, reported for practice the first time this season last night and will play for the Fraters Sunday. For games with the Virginians call Scrivener at Alexandria 848-W.

Sale!
FOOTBALLS
LEATHER "VALVE TYPE"
Special at Only
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OFFICIAL "VALVE TYPE"
Genuine leather (cowhide)
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$4.95
Boys' Football
Pants, $2.25 Pr.
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GROCE'S
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Auto Auction
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TODAY
10 A. M.

"No foot too hard to fit"
Wright ARCH PRESERVER SHOE
BOYCE-LEWIS
Custom Fitting Store
439 7th ST., N.W.

Byrd, Gomez and Dickey Take Brides This Week

New York, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Handsome Sammy Byrd, the first of three members of the New York Yankees who plan to be married this week, today secured a license to wed Rachel E. Smith, of Birmingham, Ala. They planned to be married later in the day at St. Malachy's Church.

Vernon Gomez, the Yankees leading pitcher, and June O'Day, musical comedy actress, plan to get married later in the week as do Bill Dickey, the Yankees catcher, and Violet Arnold, of Jackson Heights, Long Island.

V. P. I. EAGER TO HUMBLE MARYLAND

Poly Eleven Seeks to Avenge 40-0 Defeat of Last Year.

MARYLAND UNIVERSITY'S annual home-coming day will be held Saturday with a full day's program, the feature event of which will be a clash between the Old Line football team and that new star of the Southern Conference firmament, Virginia Polytechnic Institute.

Although Maryland and V. P. I. have been playing football since 1897, and opposed annually since 1919, it will be the first time that the game has been played at Maryland's field.

V. P. I. lifted itself by its bootstraps into national recognition last Saturday afternoon when it trimmed Georgia 7-6, in an astounding upset. Next Saturday the Blackburgers hope to accomplish two enjoyable feats, turn the tables on Maryland, who trimmed them 40-0 last year, and break a jinx of long standing, which sees them lose to a minor team every time a nationally known rival is previously beaten.

No Change Slated In Old Line Line-Up.

The loss to Virginia last Saturday has done little to change Curley Byrd's mind as to just which 11 men on his squad should play on the first varsity squad. Saturday's line-up will read Vincent and Wood, ends; Rouzer and Keenan, tackles; Farrell and McDonald, guards; Webb, center, and Poppelman, Nelson, Kiernan and Woods, backs.

Sophomores carried most of the brunt in the Virginia game, five of them going the route—Rouzer, Webb, Nelson, Wood and Woods—and this development plan probably will be carried out again Saturday.

Home-coming day ceremonies start at 10 o'clock Saturday morning and end at midnight.

McVean's Injuries Worry Catholic U.

Recovery Is Essential to Cards' Hopes of Beating Chattanooga.

Catholic University's Football Team worked out in a driving rain yesterday afternoon and appeared to handle the ball better than at any time this season. Coach Bergman and his raft of fleet backs and linemen felt, after the drill, that if by any chance it should rain Saturday, 15, when Chattanooga will be met at Brookland, C. U. would be more than prepared.

Reports emanating from Chattanooga are growing in size and ardor of late and it has had a somewhat dampening effect on the C. U. breeziness. The fine stand of Chattanooga against Tennessee last Saturday bodes no good for the Cards.

The chief problem at Brookland is Charley McVean, the only reliable kicker and passer on the team, who is on the injured list with both knees twisted. His recovery, which is expected in a week, is being eagerly awaited.

Yesterday the varsity worked out against the freshmen, who were equipped with Chattanooga plays, and could go nowhere in particular.

Little Series Game Postponed by Rain

Delay to Give Brennan Another Chance to Hurl Against Millers.

Minneapolis, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Newark's Bears, who started the little worlds series strongly favored to win, lost ground when Minneapolis won the second and third games, were reinstalled as favorites tonight without swinging a bat all day.

Cold weather caused postponement of the fifth game today after the deadlock of two victories each. While the postponement didn't help the American Association champions, it made certain that Don Brennan, Newark's mound star, would see service again. This was bad news for the Millers, whose two defeats came while Brennan was pitching.

Al Mamaux, Newark manager, planned to use Pete Jablonowski or Big Jim Weaver Wednesday, with Brennan on tap for Thursday, while Donie Bush of the Millers kept his order unchanged with Jess Petty scheduled to start Wednesday and Dutch Henry Thursday. Both are lefthanders and each won a game at Newark last week.

Bethesda-C. C. Beats Hyattsville Booters

Bethesda-Chevy Chase High School scored a 6—2 victory over Hyattsville High School in a soccer match played at Hyattsville in a downpour of rain. The eventual winners led by a score of 2—0 at the half.

Hyattsville has listed two games for the near future. Monday the Alumni will be met, and next Wednesday the suburbanites will tackle Elliott Junior High School on the Rosedale playground field.

Mack Denies Further Sale Of Players

Calls Self "Financial Failure;" Losses Forced Trade.

Declares He'll Deal Only With Clubs in Last 3 Places.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Connie Mack, lean-visaged manager of the Philadelphia Athletics, termed himself a failure today, denied reports he planned to break up the team, and declared he is through with player deals that would make strong clubs stronger.

In a clear-cut statement of the A's future policy, Mack asserted the membership of the former world's championship team will remain as it is until the close of the 1933 season.

"No player who belongs to the club at present will be sold or traded to a major league club until the close of next season," the veteran manager declared. "Then if any player is sold or traded it will be to an American League Club in the sixth, seventh or eighth position in the standings.

Will Not Help Bolster League's First Five.

"None of the five ranking clubs in the league will ever be able to buy or trade with me for a player as long as I'm a manager."

Seated in his conning-tower office at Shibe Park, Connie explained his stand on this question by saying the leading clubs "are always well supplied with players," and added "that's as strong as I'd want to see them."

Then he kept a promise to explain his surprise sale of Al Simmons, Jimmy Dykes and "Mule" Haas to the Chicago White Sox, a deal announced last week in New York. Financial reasons, he said, were responsible "in a way" for the sale.

"We went into the red, heavily," he said. "We had one of the highest salaried clubs in the league, including even the Yankees with Babe Ruth's $75,000, and our attendance figures were far below those of last year."

"I feel also that I've been a failure—not in playing results, but financially," he added. "And that failure forced me to sell those players. Any man who can't make both ends meet must be a failure. And I didn't make ends meet for the A's."

Connie had nothing but praise for the three players just sold.

Simmons One of Best Mack Ever Managed.

"Simmons is a great ball player," he said. "I've always held him up as one of the greatest in the country. He unquestionably was the greatest outfielder I ever managed.

"Dykes had just finished probably his greatest season at third base. It might interest you to know he also was the highest paid third baseman in the American League.

"Haas was a remarkable fielder and a valuable man to have on any ball club. I hate to lose him."

Discussing prospects for next season, Connie predicted he would have "a great ball club."

"I don't think it'll be a cinch for any club—even the Yanks—to run away with the next pennant."

Landis Delays Action On Appeal of Hornsby

Chicago, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Roger Hornsby's appeal to Baseball Commissioner Landis for a share of the Cub's world series money may not be reached for two or three days, perhaps longer.

Commissioner Landis was confined to his home today, due to a cold. Indications were he would not return to his office until the latter part of the week.

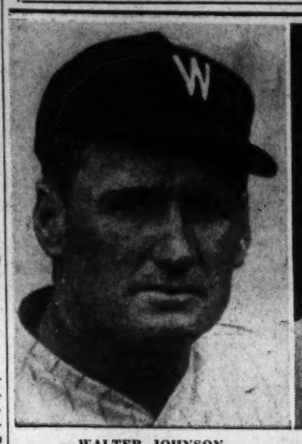
25 Report for Track Team at Central High

Twenty-five candidates reported for the initial workout of Central's track team yesterday in Wilson Stadium. Coach Bill Foley cast an appraising eye over the group, sent them out on the track to limber up a bit and called it a day.

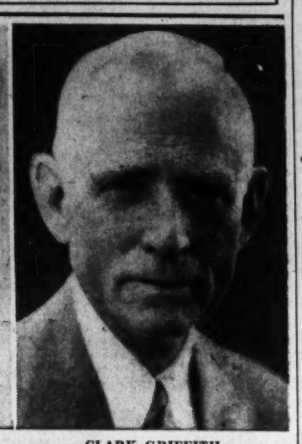
Included in the recruits were Harry Mennig, Lake and Hyder, middle-distance men; Ryan and Ray Naylor, dash men; Wilbur Johnson, who would broad jump for the team, and a shot-putter by the name of Johnson.

Frank Koscis, Hank Gibbons, handy men with javelins and discus, and King, a pole vaulter, are with the football team.

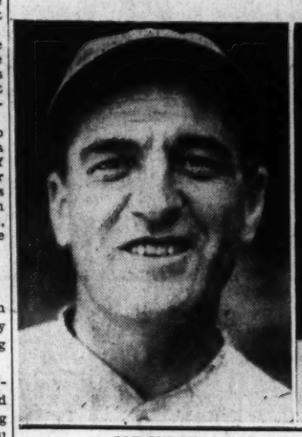
Figures in Managerial Change



WALTER JOHNSON



CLARK GRIFFITH



JOE JUDGE

JOE CRONIN

SAINT STARS BANNED BY COACH

St. John's Coach Suspends Capt. Daly, and McCarthy.

SUSPENSION of Turk Daly, left tackle and captain, and Johnny McCarthy, quarter back of the St. John's football team, was announced yesterday by Coach Jack Dunn. The ban is a temporary one, but it is believed they will be out for the season.

The work of the two players, the heaviest on the squad, in Saturday's game with Mount St. Joseph's, at Baltimore, which St. John's lost by a score of 24 to 0, apparently led to their suspension. The Cadets previously had dropped a 7-to-6 decision to Central.

Jordan and Tobin Shifted.

Dunn last night said he had decided on the move to preserve the spirit and morale of the team.

"Daly and McCarthy are fine boys, and I hold no personal animosity toward them, but I feel that they have not been cooperating with me as much as they should. They are welcome to return to the team when ready to enter into the spirit that is traditional here at St. John's."

Francis Jordan, full back, has been shifted to the signal-calling post, replacing McCarthy, and Johnny Tobin has been placed at full back. Daly's place remains to be filled. Dunn is endeavoring to arrange a practice game with a local school the latter part of the week to test the new combination.

Mrs. Nicholson Wins W. C. C. Golf Feature

Crushing her first round opponent, Mrs. G. R. Huffman, 10 and 8, Mrs. Hugh Nicolson, medalist and District titleholder, yesterday moved into the semifinals of the first women's championship tournament staged by the Washington Golf and Country Club since 1924.

Results.

FIRST FLIGHT—Mrs. Hugh Nicolson defeated Mrs. G. R. Huffman, 10 and 8; Mrs. William E. Hall defeated Mrs. Douglas Thchiffeir, 6 and 4; Mrs. J. H. Wooten defeated Mrs. James Fieser, 1 up; Mrs. Charles Stewart defeated Mrs. G. C. Roney, 6 and 1.

SECOND FLIGHT—Mrs. C. H. Merillat defeated Mrs. Whaley, 7 and 5; Mrs. Fred Nesbit won by default from Mrs. J. E. McCabe; Mrs. E. W. Bradbury defeated Miss A. Hinderlighter, 5 and 3; Mrs. O. Thacker defeated Mrs. L. P. Kent, 7 and 5.

THIRD FLIGHT—Mrs. A. H. Moran won by default from Mrs. N. Landrew; Mrs. D. C. Gruver defeated Mrs. P. A. McLendon, 4 and 3; Mrs. Byron Price defeated Mrs. L. B. Brubaker, 6 and 5; Mrs. A. B. Moore defeated Mrs. G. F. Bogan, 3 and 1.

DUNDEE GETS UNPOPULAR DECISION

Portner Crowd Boos as Phelps Is Declared Loser.

BATTLING to preserve a boxing record that has won him recognition as American middleweight champion, Vince Dundee, schooled in the Max Waxman fistic institution of Baltimore, last night punched and jabbed his way to a 10-round decision over Cowboy Owen Phelps, of Phoenix, Ariz., at Portner's arena in Alexandria, in the feature bout that was stormily protested at the finish.

The verdict proved unpopular as 1,000 fans rose in unison when Dundee's hand was raised in triumph, cut loose with a volley of boos and catcalls, and vociferously voiced their disapproval. Max Waxman, who piloted Vince's brother, Joe, to the world's welterweight championship said his fighter won every round. Greatly indignant over the outcome, Jimmy Irwin, fiery manager of the Cowboy, rushed into the ring and hurled verbal broadsides at Referee Charlie Short.

Decision to McKenna Also Booed.

It was the second successive match on the card that was booed, the crowd having indicated its displeasure at the eight-round semiwindup decision given Frankie McKenna, of Baltimore, over colorful little Joe Fino, Mexican bantamweight champion.

Referee Short figured Dundee the winner in six rounds. He called the fifth even.

Phelps, riding around the ring as if he were a broncho, found his left the most deadly weapon. Time and again he came up in windmill fashion, and charged through Dundee's fine defense for solid blows on the jaw and body.

Vince flashed his best form in the ninth and tenth. He threw plenty of leather in the ninth, shooting punches to the body, and pecking away at the cowboy's jaw. In the final round the crowd was in an uproar. Phelps opened a cut under Dundee's right eye, but the American champion boxed gingerly and looked the better man at the finish.

Fino Swarms Over McKenna.

Joe Fino, also from Irwin's camp, was over Frankie McKenna like a swarm of bees at times, stinging him with punches. The Baltimorean stood his ground, nailed the little Mexican with punch after punch that shook him in the sixth. Fino held up well under the punishment.

In the opening preliminary of four rounds, Mike Groves defeated Lenny King, of Warrenton. Joe Doty and Bob Lowry put on an old fashioned slugging bee, Doty's rally in the fourth earning him a draw. It was a great scrap. In the third four-rounder, Roy Manley, of Little Rock, Ark., decisioned Tony Moorcones, 145-pounder from Washington.

Manor Medalist Bows In First Match Round

Mrs. B. C. Hartig, who annexed honors in the qualifying round, was eliminated in the first round of match play in the Manor Club women's tournament yesterday by Mrs. L. C. Pray, 2 and 1. Mrs. Hartig led at the turn, 1 up, but Mrs. Pray, playing consistent golf, caught up with her, and ended the match on the seventeenth green.

FIRST FLIGHT—Mrs. L. C. Pray defeated Mrs. B. C. Hartig, 2 and 1; Mrs. E. C. Schroedel defeated Mrs. J. T. Powell, 5 and 4; Mrs. E. M. McClelland defeated Mrs. H. A. Neff, 4 and 3; Mrs. H. J. Simons defeated Mrs. J. W. Cramer, 4 and 3.

SECOND FLIGHT—Mrs. D. M. McPherson defeated Mrs. R. E. Burney, 2 up; Mrs. J. J. Healey defeated Mrs. T. N. Beavers, 1 up; Mrs. H. B. Hird defeated Mrs. H. K. Beck, 2 and 1; Mrs. B. D. Gamble defeated Mrs. E. C. Scott, 2 and 1.

THIRD FLIGHT—Mrs. D. B. Platt defeated Mrs. E. J. Copping, 2 up; Mrs. J. C. Gibson defeated Mrs. R. E. Jones, 2 up; Mrs. J. F. Nell, bye; Mrs. W. W. Talcott defeated Mrs. J. O. Taylor, 3 and 2.

Griffith to Pick New Pilot From Ranks of Players on Washington Club, Belief

Johnson May Land Berth With Chisox or in Minors.

Club Finished Out of 1st Division Once in 4 Seasons.

Continued From Page 1.

place Yankees, and the past season saw the club finish third, one game out of second place.

At the start of the 1932 campaign Johnson was believed to have a pennant contender, but with a stiff fight in the offing against the Yankees and Athletics. In a poll of baseball writers, only one of 60 ballots predicted a pennant for the Nats and third place was the position allotted the club in the race in the preseason predictions.

Johnson's Teams Weak in West.

Johnson's team of the past season was never able to threaten the flying Yankees, despite a good start in the race. On each Western trip his club bogged down severely, a disconcerting feature of his management in each season since he took over the reins. The Nats, if they ever had a chance in the last three seasons, lost the pennant by poor play against the weaker Western clubs. Only a sensational spurt in the last six weeks of the season brought the Nats to within a game of second place.

Johnson was out of the city last night and his plans of staying in baseball are yet unknown. Chief prospects of another major league managerial berth for the former pitching star are concentrated on Chicago, where Lou Fonseca had a poor year with the White Sox.

It is possible that Johnson may seek out another managerial post in the minor leagues where he received his first experience in that role. It was after a one-year term at Newark in the International League that Johnson came to the Nats as manager to appear in a new role before the fans he had regaled with his pitching performances for more than two decades. At the finish of his pitching career he held a score of records, more than any other pitcher.

In the absence of any official explanation by Griffith of Johnson's release, Johnson's critics point to a long-felt belief that the pitching hero lacked the temperament to fire his men with the same enthusiasm that had marked the club's play under Bucky Harris. It was believed in many quarters that Johnson was too easy-going to infuse the fighting spirit held so vital to a pennant-winning club.

Harris Appears Out Of Running Here.

The possibility that Bucky Harris would return from Detroit to resume the management of the Nats was blasted recently when Harris signed a 1933 contract with the Tigers, although at that time there had been no intimation of Johnson's impending release.

Griffith's announcement last night marks the second departure of Johnson from the Washington club in a career that dated from August, 1907, when, as a gangling Idaho youth of 17, he made his debut in a pitching career that was to blossom into sensationalism during 21 seasons with the Washington club. Johnson closed his pitching career in 1927, to accept a one-year managerial contract with the Newark Bears of the International League.

Johnson endeared himself not only to the Washington baseball public but American fandom as a whole, with his brilliant feats on the mound and his popular deportment off the field. His fortitude in defeat, when he was pitching for seventh and eighth place Washington teams and accepting losses by discouraging one and two-run margins became a byword in baseball and when he crowned his record with pitching masterpieces in the world series of 1924 and 1925, he became an even more popular figure.

Once, when he was voted a diploma by the American League for the valuable service of his 21 years, he was pointed out by President Coolidge as a model for American youth, and there were no dissenting votes. In 1924, he was voted the most valuable player in the American League.

Left Game With Many Records.

Johnson left the game with more records written into the baseball archives than any other pitcher. Always famed for his burning fast ball from the day he stepped into the league and flung his speed past the batting eyes of such worthies as Ty Cobb, Sam Crawford and the other sluggers of that day, Johnson led the American League in strikeouts for twelve seasons. His record for shutouts still stands unchallenged.

It was with general approval that Johnson was brought back from Newark before the start of the 1929 season to accept the management of the Nats. He signed a three-year contract at that time, and last year was given a one-year term.

KID CHOCOLATE WINS.

Detroit, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Kid Chocolate, flashy Cuban boxer, won an easy decision over Johnny Farr, of Cleveland, in a ten-round bout here tonight. Chocolate, who won nine of the ten rounds, weighed 129 and Farr 133.

FOOTBALL
GEO. WASHINGTON U.
vs.
ALABAMA U.
Saturday, Griffith Stadium, 2:30 P. M.
Gen. Admission, 50c. 75c reserved seats, $1, $1.50. Tickets at Stadium, Spalding's and French's.

See Judge and Cronin as Best Fitted for Manager's Post.

Rice Also Possibility; Promotion of Player Is Economical.

By FRANK H. YOUNG.

WITH an "ex" now prefixed to Walter Johnson's title as manager of the Washington Club, naturally the big question is, "Who will be his successor?" This, of course, was immediately asked President Clark Griffith, but, as usual in cases of this kind, he was willing to talk about all other subjects.

The Nat owner declares that he has not yet decided to fill the berth by the promotion of one of the players on the pay roll, and, on the other hand, he has not decided not to; in fact, he states that "I haven't even given the matter a thought"—which sounds like a fairy tale.

The chances are, however, that with times hard and the fans not fighting their way to the ticket office these days, some member of the team will be given a shot at the job. This would cost the club but a few thousand dollars more in the way of a promotion and probably would net a saving of $10,000, at least.

Cronin, Judge, Rice In Running.

Sam Rice and Joe Judge, two veterans near the end of their careers, probably will receive serious consideration, but it is the writer's guess that President Griffith, unless he goes outside of the fold for a pilot, will try to uncover another "boy wonder" and turn over the leadership to Shortstop Joe Cronin.

Griffith took a chance on "Bucky" Harris, just past 27, in 1924, the announcement being a complete upset of dope. He liked the fighting spirit and ability to lead of his young second baseman and passed up both Rice and Judge, as well as the veteran, Roger Peckinpaugh, in making his selection. And Harris led the Nats to their only two American League pennants and to their only world's title.

Cronin, who will be 26 years of age a week from today, has all of the qualities which Harris showed about the time he was given the job. Besides being a prime favorite with the Washington club owner, he is a fighter, is brim full of pep, has gradually absorbed most of the fine points of baseball, is popular with his mates and, above all, gives every indication of being a leader.

On the field during the past season, it was Cronin who was out there spurring on the Nats; it was Cronin who yelled who was to make the catch when two players were after the ball, and it was this same young shortstop who frequently came in to steady faltering pitchers and who appeared to have much to say about the playing of the game. Attention also might be called to the fact that Cronin was named to manage the 1932 Nats when they played the 1924 world's champions in the Bicentennial game in mid-August.

Cronin Reminds of Harris.

"I like these young, peppy scrappers," Griffith often said in speaking of Harris as his manager, and in Cronin he has another Harris.

Cronin has been a regular in the majors for only four full seasons and it may be that the Nat owner believes that he needs more experience. In this event, Joe Judge likely would get the call, as it is believed that he has more of the characteristics of leadership than has Rice.

Judge has been a regular with the Nationals since 1915 until he was displaced by Joe Kuhel during the past season. He knows baseball from A to Z and also is a scrapper. All things being equal, his long service here should call for promotion ahead of Cronin, unless Griffith wants to turn to youth as he did in Harris' case.

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Ruth Looks to 1933 Season; McGraw Shuns New Post

By ALAN GOULD
(Associated Press Sports Editor).

NEW YORK, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—The close of the 1932 major league baseball campaign today was followed by developments concerning two of the most famous figures the game has had in New York—George Herman Ruth and John Joseph McGraw.

They had no connection with each other, but—

The Babe, before hustling out to a golf course, declared he saw no reason why he should not play regularly in the outfield for the Yankees in 1933, to round out his twentieth full season in the major leagues.

And McGraw, whose name has been linked with the effort of Montreal sportsmen to buy a major league franchise, made it known definitely through friends that he has no idea now of returning to an active role in baseball.

Babe Ruth changed his mind about playing golf and decided to have a round with friends despite the painful effects of being hit in the hand by a pitched ball, thrown by Guy Bush, in the fourth game of the world series.

"The swelling has gone down considerably but for the time being I won't take any bets on what my golf score will be," complained the Babe.

Otherwise Ruth came out of his tenth world series in good condition and high spirits. He experienced no further trouble with his appendix, which put him under his doctor's care shortly before the series.

The slugger told friends he thought the series was the easiest of the three the Yankees won with a clean sweep.

In due time, in Florida, he probably will enter a discussion about 1933 salary terms with Col. Jacob Ruppert. The Babe took a $5,000 "cut" last spring, signing for $75,000 for the 1932 season only.

Although he lost the home-run championship to Jimmie Foxx, of the Athletics, due partly to two periods

Continued on Page 15, Column 1.

HYGRO SCORES IMPRESSIVE VICTORY IN LAUREL FEATURE

Epinard Colt Scores by 4 Lengths

Flagstone, Outsider, Second and Jack High Third.

Luni Mica Disqualified in Opening Race on Card.

BY WALTER HAIGHT.

HYGRO, slick 3-year-old son of the famous French racer, Epinard, ploughed down the stretch to a four-length victory over Flagstone, to win the fourteenth running of the Capital Handicap, featuring the official opening day at Laurel yesterday.

Riding hard, unaware that he had the field well beaten, was little G. Woolf, an apprentice boy, whose name will go down along with those of Earl Sande, Sonny Workman and other jockeys, who have the race to their credit. Flagstone and Jack High staged the real battle for the place money, the latter losing the decision by a neck margin.

Lured by the Capital, which drew a field of ten crack sprinters, some 9,000 turned out. They were treated to an interesting card, although those who chose to stand on the lawn had to dodge the numerous showers which turned into a hard downpour as the field went to the post in the sixth race.

Feature Run Before Rain Slows Track.

The rain had not affected the track at the time of the Capital, which was run in 1:12 4-5, considered a fine effort over the slow, rebuilt track.

Supreme Sweet broke on top, followed by Hygro, Fairbypair and Jack High. Flagstone at this stage was far back. As the field reached the far turn, there was no change in the leaders, but in the swing for the stretch, Woolf brought Hygro up to displace he now tiring Supreme Sweet. Flagstone was beginning to move. Down the stretch Hygro began to draw away as Supreme Sweet dropped out of the picture and Flagstone and Jack High thundered up on the outside.

The Pelican, with Mack Garner in the familiar scarlet and white stripes of J. E. Widener, won the Red Creek, the day's secondary feature, which drew a field of a dozen smart 2-year-olds. Wise Anne, belonging to Mrs. W. C. Weant, took the place from Nose In, a long shot. The Pelican shook off Jacob's Ladder at the start to take the lead and hold it for the distance. Wise Anne followed all the way and moved up to lose by a nose. Nose In, after being in the trailing group for most of the back stretch, rushed down the stretch and might have taken the purse in a few more yards.

Disqualification Costs Luna Mica First.

The first race resulted in the disqualification of Luna Mica, Audley Farm youngster, after he led Well Built and Parlance over the wire in the 5½-furlong sprint. Johnny Gilbert, who had the mount on Well Built, climbed the stairs after weighing out and the stewards put their heads together. The No. 8, designating Luna Mica, was taken down and Well Built moved on top. Parlance took the place and Darklin the show. Luna Mica was forced to come from far back in the stretch and when passing Well Built and Parlance swerved over toward the rail bumping both horses.

The first steeplechase of the Maryland season proved a romp for Irish Bullet, the property of James Simpson, jr. The big gelding led the field from start to finish and, except for a poor landing after taking the fence on the last turn, was never in trouble, winning by six lengths. Shylock chased the ultimate winner all the way but wasn't good enough. Outlaw was the third horse. Jack Anthony, well backed, was never a factor. Two mishaps were the only thrills. Revelation lost his rider and Springdale Rose fell.

Flying Max, with the promising apprentice, D. Bellizzi, in the saddle, earned a purse in the third race over the 1 1-16-mile route. Drastic Delight was second ahead of the favorite, Spinach. Flying Max followed the pace set by Spinach and Potentate to take the lead on the trip up the backstretch. He pulled away to a good lead and had plenty left to cope with the closing rush of Drastic Delight.

LINCOLN FIELDS RESULTS.

(Associated Press.)

FIRST—Six furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; for maiden 2-year-old fillies. Red Cinders, 115 (G. Elston)..... 4.44 5.02 4.02
Little Gertie, 111 (A. Richard)..11.04 8.88
*Kaposia, 111 (G. Arnold)..... 4.52
Syrinx, *Kievette, State Lady, New Baby, Raffles Chance, *Boots Morland, *Lady of Grace, High Complexion, Santa Roma also ran. Time, 1:16 4-5.

*Field.

SECOND—Six furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.
Panchio, 115 (F. Neal)..... 5.08 4.16 2.42
Polly's Folly, 109 (G. Arnold)..... 3.16 2.78
Grey Kitty, 107 (Calvert)..... 3.90
Belgian Lass, Black Bull, Sister Mary, Sis Ames also ran. Time, 1:15.

THIRD—Six furlongs; purse, $800; allowances; for 2-year-old fillies.
Night Jasmine, 113 (G. Elston)..... 13.92 5.34 3.08
Sweet Blanche, 113 (Moran)..... 6.96 4.36
Jessie Dear, 113 (W. Ellsworth)..... 2.58
Aunt Umbach, Annie Ormont, Plum Orchard, Terry Lass, Dreamy Belle, Nasty Maiden also ran. Time, 1:15 4-5.

FOURTH—Six furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; for 3-year-olds.
Altmark, 108 (Parke)..... 10.26 4.26 3.22
Dollar Princess, 106 (Laidley)..... 9.84 4.92
Dona Romira, 112 (Moran)..... 3.52
Scream, Bay Ankon also ran. Time, 1:14 4-5.

FIFTH—One mile (chute); purse, $1,000; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.
Come On, 115 (Moran)..... 7.26 4.00 3.30
Outbound, 110 (Laidley)..... 5.50 4.14
Impish, 115 (Morrison)..... 3.30
Oh Dave, Anita Ormont and Brass Monkey also ran. Time, 1:41 3-5.

SIXTH—Six furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward.
Tombereau, 110 (Chiavetti)..... 3.22 2.52 2.18
Bilgher, 110 (Calvert)..... 3.56 2.62
Beekeeper, 105 (Arcaro)..... 3.16
Little Colonel, Outer Harbor, Trycobel also ran. Time, 1:16.

SEVENTH—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $800; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.
Jean Lafitte, 113 (E. Neal)..... 4.76 3.60 2.78
Lady Dean, 106 (Finnerty)..... 8.00 4.70
John Mill, 109 (King)..... 4.58
Oaten, Eveline F., St. Jim and Inferno Lad also ran. Time, 1:50 4-5.

EIGHTH—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $800; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward, fillies and mares.
Pleasant, 102 (Parke)..... 7.42 3.90 3.46
Winnie C., 107 (Montgomery)..... 4.44 3.88
Subtlety, 110 (Moran)..... 3.46
Lady General, Cousin Judy, Blameless and Puppet also ran. Time, 1:50 1-5.

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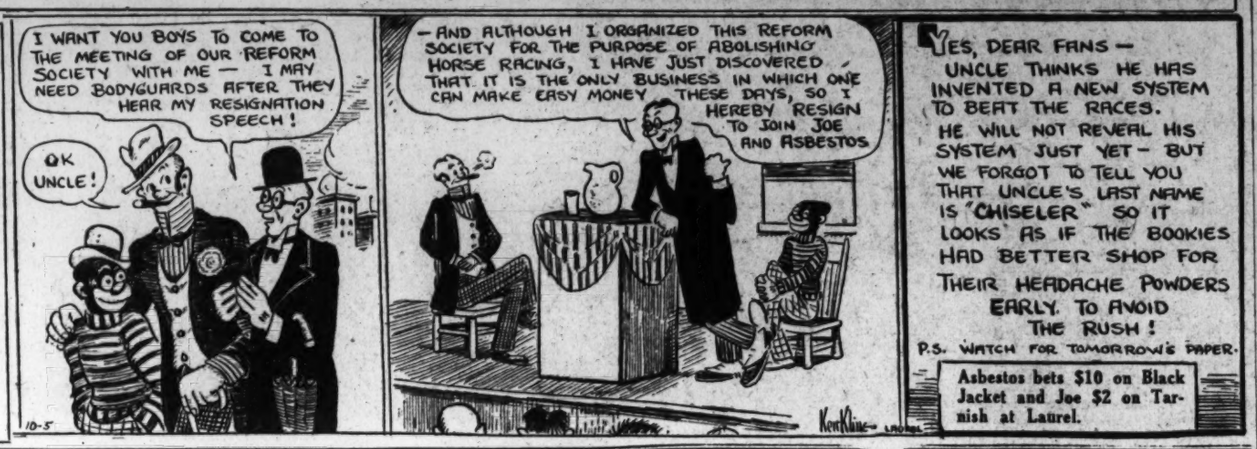
JOE AND ASBESTOS

(Watch Sunday's Post for New Secret Code) —By Ken Kling

Asbestos plunges today and bets his bank roll because tomorrow Uncle Chiseler starts chiseling the bookies and Asbestos will help his boss, Joe. Yesterday the boys lost and the bank rolls now are: Joe, $153.90; Asbestos, $10.33. Code horse for today: 1, 16, 2, 17, 23, 9, 4, 7, 11.



Laurel Race Chart

Special to The Washington Post.

Tuesday, October 4, 1932.

WEATHER, CLOUDY. TRACK, SLOW.

FIRST RACE—Five and one-half furlongs. Purse, $1,000. For maiden 2-year-old fillies. Start good from gates. Won driving; place, same. Went to post at 1:48½. Winner, Glen Riddle Farm's ch. f. (2), by American Flag—Scribble. Trained by G. Conway. Value to winner, $700; second, $200; third, $100. Time, 0:24 3-5, 0:49 3-5, 1:09 2-5.

Horses	Wt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
LUNA MICA	116	8	3	5½	4h	1½	1¹	Martin	$2.55
WELL BUILT	116	3	8	8²	5½	4½	2ns	Gilbert	3.15
PARLANCE	116	2	4	3½	3½	2²	3h	Jones	5.00
DARKLING	116	1	5	7h	7¹	3½	4½	Workman	34.65
MUDRAKER	116	12	1	6½	6½	5½	5½	Horvath	62.65
BANNACH LATH	116	11	10	9½	9¹	6h	6h	Woolf	7.50
GRACE R	116	9	6	1h	1½	7h	7²	Callahan	62.65
EVERFAIR	116	4	9	10³	10³	9²	8½	Leishman	9.95
ETERNAL MAID	116	10	2	2½	2h	8h	9¹	Bejshak	*15.65
SUDIE B	116	5	11	11⁴	11³	11⁴	10³	Hanford	*
FLUFFY LEE	116	7	7	4h	8h	10½	11²	Elston	*
BLOW TAPS	116	6	12	12	12	12	12	James	42.90

*Field. †Disqualified.

Two-dollar mutuels paid—WELL BUILT, $8.70, $4.60, $3.40; PARLANCE, $6.90, $7.10; DARKLING, $15.80.

LUNA MICA, away forwardly and kept close to the leaders, came around the outside when moving to the front, impeded WELL BUILT and PARLANCE when swerving to the inside, and was disqualified for a foul. WELL BUILT improved her position stoutly, entered contention with a rush and met with interference at the final furlong pole. She recovered and finished stoutly. PARLANCE, in the thick of contention from the start, met with interference and continued gamely to the end. DARKLING worked her way up on the inside and finished in tight quarters. MUDRAKER came with a belated rush. LANNACH LATH closed fast after going wide all the way. GRACE R. and ETERNAL MAID raced themselves into defeat. BLOW TAPS had no speed.

SECOND RACE—About two miles. Purse, $1,500; allowances. Patuxent Steeplechase. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won easily; place, same. Went to post at 2:20. Off at 2:23. Winner, J. Simpson, jr.'s b. g. (5), by Seventy-five—Wax Candle. Trained by F. Preece. Value to winner, $1,050; second, $300; third, $150. Time, 3:47 2-5 (14 jumps).

Horses	Wt.	Post	St.	4	8	12	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
IRISH BULLET	137	6	2	1h	1h	1½½	1h	1h	McGinnis	$1.90
SHYLOCK	140	4	5	2h	2h	2½²	2½	2h	Thorndike	3.90
OUTLAW	137	5	6	6	3½	3h	3h	3½	Miller	4.95
JACK ANTHONY	148	3	3	4½	4h	4	4	4	Collins	5.35
REVELATION	133	1	4	5	Lost rider				Bauman	19.50
SPRINGDALE ROSE	131	2	1	3h	Fell				C. Jones	89.80

Two-dollar mutuels paid—IRISH BULLET, $5.80, $3.40, $2.90; SHYLOCK, $4.00, $3.50; OUTLAW, $3.30.

IRISH BULLET, having plenty of speed and fencing boldly, went into an easy lead in the first mile, withstood a stout effort from SHYLOCK after the twelfth fence without effort, and drew out smartly thereafter. SHYLOCK threatened stoutly after a mile and one-half, but was held perfectly safe. OUTLAW fenced well, but was never a forward factor. JACK ANTHONY was unable to reach the leaders at any stage. REVELATION lost his rider at the tenth fence after being outrun. SPRINGDALE ROSE, taken back off the pace, fell at the eighth fence.

THIRD RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $1,000; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start good from gates. Won ridden out; place, driving. Went to post at 2:56. Off at 2:57. Winner, S. A. Neilson's b. h. (5), by Playfellow—Hostess. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $700; second, $200; third, $100. Time, 0:24 3-5, 0:50 2-5, 1:16 2-5, 1:43, 1:50 1-5.

Horses	Wt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
FLYING MAX	113	1	5	5½	5¹	1½	1¹	1¹	Bellizzi	$7.20
DRASTIC DELIGHT	115	2	2	2h	2h	5h	4½	2½	Maier	4.15
SPINACH	115	3	7	1h	1¹	2h	2h	3²	Elston	.80
POTENTATE	107	6	5	3h	4h	4½	5½	4h	Cruz	55.30
POTENTATE	110	5	4	2½	3h	3½	3½	5½	Sherry	5.55
MISNOMER	118	7	6	4½	5½	6½	6h	6³	Remillard	66.15
JOHN BARTON	115	4	3	6h	7	7	7	7	Callahan	122.35

Two-dollar mutuels paid—FLYING MAX, $16.50, $7.30, $3.00; DRASTIC DELIGHT, $4.10; SPINACH, $2.30.

FLYING MAX, securing racing room on the inside when reaching the back stretch, went into contention, came through on the inside of SPINACH when midway of the final turn, drew clear, but was under pressure at the end to withstand DRASTIC DELIGHT. Later dropped far out of early contention, gained stoutly in the final half mile and finished with a rush while taking a wide course. SPINACH, rushed up on the inside to gain command, began tiring when leaving the back stretch. FRESHET was in the clear footing next the inside during the stretch run. POTENTATE weakened badly. The others were outrun.

FOURTH RACE—Five and one-half furlongs. Purse, $1,000; allowances. The Rock Creek. For 2-year-olds. Start good from gates. Won driving; place, same. Went to post at 3:26. Off at 3:28. Winner, J. E. Widener's ch. g. (2), by Haste—Catalpa. Trained by H. McDaniel. Value to winner, $700; second, $200; third, $100. Time, 0:23 3-5, 0:48, 1:07 4-5.

Horses	Wt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
THE PELICAN	114	4	3	2h	1²	1½	1ns	M. Garner	$1.80
WISE ANNE	114	2	4	4h	2h	2½	2¾	Gilbert	2.60
NOSE IN	108	2	8	9h	8h	3½	3¹	Leishman	58.30
WAR STRIPES	114	5	10	11h	9½	5¹	4h	Gilbert	17.25
SNAPLOCK	115½	4	11	10h	10h	6½	5h	Woolf	7.40
DOMPH	108	6	6	6½	7h	6h	6h	Jones	18.10
PETURNAL	114	10	7	7½	6h	9h	7½	Snider	*23.35
LIQUEUR	120	9	4	5¹	5½	8h	8h	Elston	19.10
FRESHET	115	11	9	8h	11½	10h	9½	Schuttle	*
HOPE TO DO	114	8	5	3h	3¹	4½	10h	Callahan	12.75
JACOB'S LADDER	108	12	1	1h	11½	11h	11h	Kurtsinger	57.50
MAIS OUI	105	3	12	12	12	12	12	Lane	*

*Field.

Two-dollar mutuels paid—THE PELICAN, $5.60, $3.30, $3.10; WISE ANNE, $3.50, $3.10; NOSE IN, $15.10.

THE PELICAN, breaking quickly and vigorously urged to assume command, opened up a winning lead rounding the turn after shaking off JACOB'S LADDER, came over into the middle of the home stretch and lasted long enough to stall off WISE ANNE, latter kept out in the firmer footing when racing forwardly placed, responded stoutly and was wearing the winner down at every stride approaching the finish. NOSE IN, finding racing room along the inner rail, finished with a good effort in the final drive. WAR STRIPES, slow to get going, weaved his way into contention and closed strong. SNAPLOCK was outrun until the final furlong. LIQUEUR had early speed. HOPE TO DO quit badly, as did JACOB'S LADDER.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $5,000 added. The Capital Handicap. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good from gates. Won easily; place, driving. Went to post at 3:56. Off at 3:57½. Winner, Nevada Stock Farm's ch. c. (3), by Epinard—Ruddy Light. Trained by R. F. Carman, jr. Value to winner, $5,175; second, $1,000; third, $500; fourth, $150. Time, 0:23 1-5, 0:47 3-5, 1:12 4-5.

Horses	Wt.	Post	St.	½	1	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
HYGRO	110	8	2	2½	2h	1½	1¹	Woolf	$2.20
FLAGSTONE	105	1	9	8½	6²	5h	2ns	Jones	27.00
JACK HIGH	125	9	3	4h	4h	4h	3¹	Leishman	11.15
SUPREME SWEET	98	10	1	1h	1¹	2h	4¾¼	Todd	*20.55
MORFAIR	122	5	7	7h	7h	7h	5½	Workman	2.65
FAIRBYPAIR	113	6	4	3½	3ns	3½	6h	Steffen	18.85
MR. SPONGE	119	2	8	9h	8¹	8h	7h	M. Garner	19.90
HAPPY SCOTT	110	7	6	5½	5½	6½	8h	Hanford	*
MICROPHONE	110	3	10	10	10	9h	9½	Gilbert	19.85
PILATE	118	4	5	6h	9h	10½	10	Callahan	5.15

*Field.

Two-dollar mutuels paid—HYGRO, $6.40, $4.00, $3.20; FLAGSTONE, $21.20, $9.90; JACK HIGH, $6.80.

HYGRO, forcing a rapid pace, displaced SUPREME SWEET when straightened into the home stretch and drew out smartly thereafter. FLAGSTONE, working his way up on the inside midway of the turn, went wide in the final drive and finished gamely in resolute fashion. JACK HIGH, stoutly ridden and in the firmer footing, outstayed SUPREME SWEET. Latter had much early speed, saved ground, but tired when challenged. MORFAIR, in a tangle after the start, came stoutly when securing racing room. FAIRBYPAIR had no mishaps. MICROPHONE was a tardy breaking. MR. SPONGE was in tight quarters for the first furlongs. PILATE was outrun.

SIXTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $1,000; allowances. The Anacostia. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good from gates. Won driving; place, same. Time. Went to post at 4:31. Off at 4:33. Winner, Greentree Stable's ch. c. (3), by Pennant—Freasny. Trained by W. Brennan. Value to winner, $700; second, $200; third, $100. Time, 0:24 2-5, 0:50, 1:16 2-5, 1:42, 1:48 3-5.

Horses	Wt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
SEMAPHORE	107	4	3	1½	1¹	1h	2½	1ns	Kurtsinger	$1.10
AEGIS	111	3	2	2½	2½	2²	1½	2½	Hanford	.80
SWATTER	111	1	2	4	4	3h	3²	3²	Steffen	6.30
SISKIN	115	3	4	3½	3½	4	4	4	Woolf	9.85

Two-dollar mutuels paid—SEMAPHORE, $4.20, $2.30, out; AEGIS, $2.50, out; SWATTER, out.

SEMAPHORE, forced to take command when AEGIS was eased back, went along smoothly until reaching the far turn, responded stoutly to punishment and, coming again under strong handling, was up in the final strides when Kurtsinger outrode Hanford. AEGIS, taken under reserve when reaching the back stretch, moved up stoutly to gain a brief lead at the final furlong pole, and held on grimly. SWATTER was held safe in the final quarter mile. SISKIN had no excuses.

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles. Purse, $1,000; claiming. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good from gates. Won easily; place, driving. Went to post at 5:01. Off at 5:03½. Winner, H. Phillips' ch. g. (3), by Broomstick—Marchesa II. Trained by H. E. Brown. Value to winner, $700; second, $200; third, $100. Time, 0:24 3-5, 0:50 2-5, 1:17, 1:42 3-5, 1:56 3-5.

Horses	Wt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
HOMEWORK	103	1	3	2h	3¹	2½	1½	1h	Sullivan	$8.50
MAJOR GENERAL	103	8	5	1½	1h	1h	2h	2½	Haines	26.30
MARGARET MC	109	7	8	6h	5½½	5¹	4½	3h	Meade	13.70
FLAMING MAMIE	100	2	2	4h	4h	4h	5¹	4½	Cruz	2.70
MARCASITE	105	3	1	3¹	2h	3½	3¹	5h	Jones	3.00
WILLIAM T	118	6	6	7½	6½	6½	6½	6½	Callahan	3.15
GABBO	107	5	7	8	7h	7h	7¹	7¹	D. Smith	12.40
RENEWED	108	4	9	9	8	8	8	8	Reiser	57.50

Two-dollar mutuels paid—HOMEWORK, $19.00, $9.60, $6.40; MAJOR GENERAL, $26.40, $15.50; MARGARET MC, $9.10.

HOMEWORK, taken close to the leaders from the start, reached MAJOR GENERAL readily and, taking command when straightened into the home stretch, came away steadily. MAJOR GENERAL, going in smartly improved form, weakened during the stretch run. MARGARET MC, steered wide for the entire trip, showed a good effort. FLAMING MAMIE, rushed hard after dropping back going to the first turn, lost considerable ground entering the home stretch but held on well. MARCASITE went forwardly, but tired during the final drive. WILLIAM T. was never a factor.

LAUREL ENTRIES.

(Associated Press.)

FIRST RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $1,000; for 2-year-old maiden colts and geldings.

1 Fetch	116	10 †Leroyd	116
2 Mecat	116	11 Axentea	116
3 Caesar's Ghost	116	12 Burning Feet	116
4 Steelton	116	13 Silk Flag	116
6 Ennis	116	14 †Union	116
6 Court Martial	116	15 Pomposity	116
7 †Felrap	116	16 Considerate	116
8 Parade Step	116	17 Wise Kid	116
9 †Goodestone	116	18 Octararo	116

†W. M. Jeffords and Foxcatcher Farms.
‡M. L. Schwartz and M. Hirsch entry.

SECOND RACE—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $1,000; claiming; for 3-year-olds.

1 Infernal	103	5 Blackboard	105
2 In Command	118	6 Integrity	106
3 Gallop	97	9 Shoot	104
4 †Clorado	102	10 Winifred Ann	110
5 Byiona	106	11 Jean Gaffney	102
6 Reflector	107	12 Burse	106
6 *Master Stroke	113	13 Dunrode	108
7 *Just Imagine	106	14 Blue Arab	106

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $1,200; the Coach Lines Handicap; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1 Lullaby II	107	5 Devout	108
2 Bushman	102	6 Rhoman	116
3 Potomac	116	7 Deedie	110
4 Br'dway Lights	110		

SIXTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles; purse, $800; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1 St. Tuscan	110	9 Longbow	107
2 †Virado	110	10 Sir Rogers	107
3 Jack Ellis	105	11 *Pair Margery	102
4 *Bright Day	102	12 Top Hattie	115
5 Get Goin	107	13 Al Canale	111
6 Oregon Pie	107	14 †Duet Lad	110
7 Carita Call	107	15 Branch	107
8 Sam Pass	107	16 Mint Magi	110

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $800; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1 Soil Gills	106	5 *Red Ronald	100
2 Live One	117	6 Entrap	105
3 Dark Mission	113	7 *Pair Dawn	100
4 *Stephanus	100	8 Quatra Bras	106

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather, clear; track, fast.

RACING SELECTIONS

FAIRMOUNT.
(For sloppy track)

1—Harry Hleover, Marcella Agnes, Miss Onine.
2—Sun Worship, Vladimir, Cash Play.
3—Bad Axe, Tricle, Silent Vote.
4—Trincipt, Modern Miss, Clifton's Queen.
5—First Mission, Jack Murphy, Parties.
6—Princella, Abstain, Domina.
7—Sons and Dance Man, Gold Ridge, Si Relief.
8—Trice, Flying Ambassador, Business.
Best—Princella.
—Louisville Times (A.P.).

LINCOLN FIELDS.
(For muddy track.)

1—Infinity, Morsnuff, Town Limit.
2—Simon Surely, Popo.
3—Oswego Princess, Helen Bab, High Explosive.
4—Donday, Running Water, Elkhart.
5—Quatre Flyn, Billy Champ, Tadcaster.
6—Flying Cadet, Miss Brilliant, Threat.
7—Beauty Secret, Lazy Mary, Plucky Girl.
8—Galahad, Dixie Lad, Poolhardy.
Best—Donday.
—Louisville Times (A.P.).

LONG BRANCH.
(For fast track.)

1—Rome Vennie, War's End, Grimace.
2—Circulet, Varsity, Toe Dance.
3—Mr. Gaiety, Duchess of York, Roche D'Or.
4—Happy Warrior, Bylona, Winifred Ann.
5—Footmark, Broadway Lights, Deedie.
6—Bright Day, San Pass, St. Tuscan.
7—Quatra Brass, Live One, Dark Mission.
Best—Circulet.
—Louisville Times (A.P.).

JAMICA.
(For fast track.)

1—Sand Runner, Counteract, West Main.
2—Glidella, French Lass, Dark Secret.
3—Terrykin, Guildelano, First One.
4—Vandergoil, Villon, The Beasel.
5—Quel Jeu, De Valera, Good Advice.
6—Negopoli, Papyrograph, Euclid.
Best—Vandergoil.
—Louisville Times (A.P.).

AT THE POST

with Bill Bennings

LAUREL RACE TRACK.

DEAR AL:

The Annapolis Handicap is today's feature at this course and draws a fine field, including Twenty Grand. I'm glad somebody is having some luck. I'm talking about Starter Milton, who didn't have a bad post actor in seven races yesterday and got home to an early supper. However, his schooling list is up to 33. Equipoise and Supercharge were the latest additions. Little Jimmy Sullivan, a Washington boy, made his major track debut in Maryland on Homework in yesterday's finale. And he outrode good riders. It was his first victory on any track. BILL.

FIRST RACE—FELRAP turned in a nice race up-State, finishing fast in a field of this kind. CONSIDERATE, down in the also eligibles, was second after leading from the start in his last. Will be hard to beat if he gets in action. CAESAR'S GHOST for the show.

SECOND RACE—ENGLISH KNIGHT, something of a mystery horse, may appreciate the going here to take the purse. Works well, but runs poorly. INTEGRITY comes off a sprint and takes a route more to his liking. May draw Workman again. BLACK BOARD for the show.

THIRD RACE—FINGAL gets another chance. Trials here have been encouraging and a run back to that New York form would beat these. HASTIPAST turned in a neat effort at the Graw. Should be second. MIDSHIPMAN is dangerous.

FOURTH RACE—SUNDOT'S slow track form swings me to him in this sprint. Of course, PROTRACTOR is the one to beat. This fellow showed a world of speed at the Graw. PANCHO LOPEZ is a serious contender.

FIFTH RACE—TWENTY GRAND must be placed on top unless the reports that he is ailing are true. Said to have worked nicely yesterday. PARI MUTUEL'S light impost makes him dangerous. WAR HERO to outshow the others.

SIXTH RACE—DON TASKER should take this. TARNISH ran well behind WILLIAM T. up the line. BLUE DAMSEL may be third. SYRIAC goes on being played and played, but hasn't shown me much.

SEVENTH RACE—DRASTIC DELIGHT finished with a rush yesterday and may appreciate the longer route. GARLIC and TUFFY G. for the rest.

LONG BRANCH ENTRIES.

(Associated Press.)

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; for 2-year-olds.

1 Rome Vennie	112	9 Baldy Tinker	103
2 Grimace	110	10 *Money Man	103
3 Bad Axe	103	11 Senate	110
4 Our Jewel	103	12 Stambul	108
5 Mynah	106	13 Fair Billy	103
6 Silver Sail	102	14 Marci Lou	103
7 Canter's Rain	103	15 Absinthe	103
8 Wars End	109	16 Fortune Bay	103

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

*Help Yourself	102	9 *Toe Dance	101
2 Floria Zel	102	10 Hayloft	104
3 Circulet	110	11 Rose Spot	106
4 Shoretina	108	12 Sonorita	111
5 Brave Alonzo	104	13 Irish Sphere	106
6 Varsity	106	14 Margie Moon	104
7 Optonia	109	15 Soliloquy	95
8 Lord Cardigan	106	16 Anoka	100

THIRD RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $800; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1 Tabson	104	8 Refiner	112
2 Duch. of York	113	9 Mr. Gaiety	115
3 My Dear Love	110	10 Roche d'Or	106
4 Miss Gormley	106	11 *P. Excellence	104
5 Gay Parisian	112	12 *Star Crest	105
6 Thunder Light	106	13 Wee Toddler II	109
7 Lantaz	107		

FOURTH RACE—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $800; claiming; for 3-year-olds.

1 *Visionary Hour	99	8 Happy Warrior	113
2 *De Lotos	97	9 Shoot	104
3 *Clorado	102	10 Winifred Ann	110
4 Byiona	106	11 Jean Gaffney	102
5 Reflector	107	12 Burse	106
6 *Master Stroke	113	13 Dunrode	108
7 *Just Imagine	106	14 Blue Arab	106

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $1,200; the Coach Lines Handicap; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1 Lullaby II	107	5 Devout	108
2 Bushman	102	6 Rhoman	116
3 Potomac	116	7 Deedie	110
4 Br'dway Lights	110		

SIXTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles; purse, $800; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1 St. Tuscan	110	9 Longbow	107
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3 Jack Ellis	105	11 *Pair Margery	102
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SEVENTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $800; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1 Soil Gills	106	5 *Red Ronald	100
2 Live One	117	6 Entrap	105
3 Dark Mission	113	7 *Pair Dawn	100
4 *Stephanus	100	8 Quatra Bras	106

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather, clear; track, fast.

LINCOLN FIELDS ENTRIES.

(Associated Press.)

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1 *Rosa de Cuba	97	7 *Bud Charlton	108
2 Essential	107	8 Polyp	105
3 *Lillian Tobin	102	9 Iskum	108
4 *Chatiah'chee	106	10 Forget Not	112
6 J. A. Well	110	11 Town Limit	107
6 *Morsnuff	105	12 *Infinity	107

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $800; the Washington Boulevard; for all-age maidens.

1 Warble	100	11 Alms S	100
2 †Evidently	103	12 Radiant Tess	103
3 Cherokee Girl	112	13 Suspicion	110
4 Simon	103	14 Puttalong	100
5 Big Play	113	15 Red Fellow	103
6 Pope	103	16 My Companion	107
7 Nor. Shadow	100	17 Single Stripe	103
8 Missle	100	18 †Surely	113
9 Sunstrips	107	19 Shilex	113
10 Black Torch	113	20 The Bard	113
†C. W. Moore entry.			

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; for 2-year-old fillies.

Feeble Stock Rally Leaves Market Unchanged at Close

Trading Is Listless After Advance Halts; Sales, 1,239,710 Shares

New York, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Advances had their turn in the stock market today, but the rally was feebly pushed and closing prices were irregular.

Trading was just as listless as for almost a fortnight back, although turnover of 1,239,710 shares represented some improvement over Monday.

At one time leading equities moved up 1 to 2 points, chiefly on the good showing made by cotton and firmness of wheat. But the former commodity, responding to weather news, failed to fulfill its early promises, losing most of its rise, and stock also slid off during the last hour.

Net changes were almost entirely fractional, so evenly distributed that the Standard Statistics-Associated Press composite closed unchanged. Farm implement issues were fairly firm with grain markets. Rails gave a more encouraging performance than yesterday, but net changes were inconclusive for Union Pacific, Santa Fe, Southern Pacific, Northern Pacific and others.

General Motors and Chrysler—especially the latter—figured rather prominently in the late dealings, both closing fractionally off. U. S. Steel, Allied Chemical, National Biscuit, American Telephone, Coca Cola and Sears Roebuck showed fractional net gains, offsetting moderate declines by Du Pont, Woolworth, American Tobacco "B" and a few other favorites. United Aircraft was relatively active, finishing unchanged.

The market found little in the news on which a more definite move might have been based. A trade review covering the steel industry said demand for steel in the past fortnight had cheered the trade.

To what extent improving freight traffic will encourage railroads to overhaul equipment or buy new rolling stock is rather conjectural. Pennsylvania, New York Central, Chicago Great Western and Baltimore & Ohio are among the roads which are taking steps toward such programs which, incidentally, contribute their bit toward helping the unemployment situation.

Weekly reporting members of the Federal Reserve system, taken as a whole, increased loans on securities during the past week, but liquidated "other loans" by $33,000,000 net. They also reduced their own borrowings at the Federal by $10,000,000, thus continuing the recent trend.

THE MARKETS AT A GLANCE

What the Stock Market Did

	Tues.	Mon.
Advances	207	118
Declines	207	277
Stocks unchanged	143	118
Total issues traded	557	513

Stocks.

Feeble advances covered losses and stcoks at the close remained unchanged. At one time leaders moved up one to two points, but net changes, as a rule, were fractional. Sales totaled 1,239,710 shares.

Bonds.

Trading was dull and price changes averaged one-tenth loss. Sales dropped to $8,648,000. There were some gains among high-grade rails.

Curb.

Speculative trading was at low ebb and irregular sales resulted in fractional price changes. Oils were mixed. Utility stocks turned lethargic. The vloume of trading was 150,000 shares.

Wheat.

Corn led wheat to higher ground. Small-lot buying prevailed as dealers waited on Hoover's speech. Oats also advanced. Provision prices firmed with grain. December wheat sold at 54½ to 54¼ cents.

Cotton.

Early advances were trimmed to small gains near the close. The general market was up to eight points. Realizing and some selling were blamed. December sold at 7.08. Liverpool's hedging was absorbed as liquidation lessened.

SECURITIES AVERAGES.

(Associated Press.)

STOCKS.

	50 Ind.	20 Rys.	20 Util.	90 To.
Yesterday	61.7	33.6	99.0	63.9
Previous day	61.8	33.7	98.8	63.9
Week ago	62.6	34.7	98.0	64.5
Month ago	66.9	38.5	109.2	72.0
Year ago	96.1	71.7	106.8	74.1
3 years ago	225.1	149.8	309.0	227.5
5 years ago	142.4	125.6	129.1	133.7
High, 1932	72.3	39.8	111.0	73.9
Low, 1932	35.1	19.2	51.8	35.0
High, 1931	140.2	106.2	203.9	144.3
Low, 1931	60.0	30.8	92.8	61.3
High, 1930	202.4	141.6	281.3	205.8
Low, 1930	112.9	86.4	146.3	114.7

BONDS.

	20 Ind.	20 Rys.	20 Util.	60 To.
Yesterday	65.9	70.3	84.2	73.4
Previous day	66.0	70.2	84.3	73.5
Week ago	74.4	71.3	84.8	74.1
Month ago	69.4	73.1	85.3	75.9
Year ago	72.6	81.8	89.7	81.4
2 years ago	93.0	109.4	100.7	101.3
3 years ago	92.2	101.1	96.8	96.7
High, 1932	71.3	78.0	86.2	78.1
Low, 1932	53.2	47.4	70.9	57.5
High, 1931	90.0	106.7	101.3	98.7
Low, 1931	62.3	62.3	80.2	68.5
High, 1930	94.9	109.8	101.4	101.9
Low, 1930	83.3	97.3	94.0	92.6

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FOREIGN MARKETS.

(Associated Press.)

London—Business on the Stock Exchange today was slack. Paris favorites improved in the afternoon and transatlantic shares also hardened. The closing was quiet.

Paris—Uncertainty over the international situation affected prices on the bourse. Rentes opened irregularly, but sporadic buying later helped to advance prices and the market closed firm.

Berlin—The boerse opened hesitatingly and prices later dropped a few points. These losses were partly regained and the closing is fairly well sustained with quotations still below the best.

THE METAL MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—COPPER—Quiet; electrolytic, spot and future, 6¼. TIN—Firmer; spot and nearby, 24.50; future, 24.80.

IRON—Quiet, unchanged.

LEAD—Firm; spot, New York, 3.25; East St. Louis, 3.10.

ZINC—Steady; East St. Louis, spot and future, 3.10.

ANTIMONY—5.65.

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EDWARD C. BALTZ, Secretary

BOND MARKET SAGS IN QUIETER DEALING

Price Loss Is One-Tenth as Trading Volume Sinks to $8,648,000

New York, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—The bond market floundered in a bog of uncertainties today and price changes generally were unimportant.

It was another dull session, although trading was slightly more active than that of yesterday. Sales totaled $8,648,000, par value, and the average for 60 corporate bonds lost one-tenth of a point.

Issues of the Nickel Plate Co. recovered portfolios of their recent losses. The receivership application filed against the company in Chicago will be heard Friday.

While gains were recorded by some loans of Baltimore & Ohio, Canadian National, Chesapeake Corporation, Erie, Santa Fe, Illinois Central and a few others, heaviness was registered by issues of Illinois Central New York Central, Southern, Chicago & Northwestern, Great Northern, Missouri Pacific and Union Pacific.

Best quality utilities and industrials were fairly firm or unchanged. Consolidated Gas 5½s advanced to a new high for the year and then relaxed. American Telephones were steady and International Telephones eased. Armour & Co. 4½s and 5½s grained a point.

Australian Commonwealth 4½s and 5s reacted a point or more, but Queensland State 6s gained 7½ points for a new 1932 high.

United States Governments eased.

INVESTMENT TRUSTS.

(Quotations furnished by Waggaman, Brawner & Co., Inc., and Slauson White Co.)

	Bid	Asked
American Bankstocks Corp	2½	2⅝
Corporate Trust Shs. accum. ser.	1.85	2.10
Corporate Trust Shs. AA ser.	1.85	2.10
Corporate Trust Shs., old ser.	2.00	
Diversified Trustee Shs., ser. C.	2.45	2.70
Dividend Shares, Inc.	1.20	1.28
Nation-Wide, ser. B	2.90	3.18
No. Amer. Tr. Shs., ser. 1953	2.00	
No. Amer. Tr. Shs., ser. 1955	2.10	2.25
No. Amer. Tr. Shs., ser. 1956	2.10	2.25
Super Corp. of Am. ser. AA & BB	1.75	1.90
Super Corp. of Amer., ser. C	5.05	5.55
U. S. E. L. P. S., ser. B	2.95	3.20
U. S. E. L. P. S., voting	9.50	10¼
Cumulative Trust Shares	3.08	

TREASURY CERTIFICATES.

(Reported by Chas. D. Barney & Co.)

Rate	Maturity	Bid	Offer
3½s	Oct. 15, 1932	100 13-32	100 13-32
3½s	Dec. 15, 1932	100 30-32	100 30-32
3¾s	Feb. 1, 1933	101 8-32	101 10-32
3¾s	Mar. 15, 1933	101 18-32	101 20-32
2s	Mar. 15, 1933	100 16-32	
2s	May 2, 1933	100 29-32	100 31-32
1½s	June 15, 1933	100 24-32	100 26-32
3s	May 2, 1934	102 25-32	102 27-32
2½s	Aug. 1, 1934	101 29-32	102 1-32
3s	June 15, 1935	101 25-32	101 27-32
3½s	Aug. 1, 1936	101 24-32	101 26-32
1¼s	Sept. 15, 1933	100 16-32	100 18-32
3½s	Sept. 15, 1937	101 13-32	101 15-32

U. S. TREASURY RECEIPTS.

Treasury receipts for October 1 were $5,072,543.58; expenditures, $5,843,541.19; balance, $861,348,226.69. Customs duties for one day of October were $930,708.88.

Clearing House's Business In 79 Years Tops 7 Trillion

New York, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—The New York Clearing House Association today took an excursion into the higher realms of mathematics, when it computed the total of bank exchanges it has handled in the 79 years of its existence. The total, up to last September 30, when its latest fiscal year ended, was $7,005,530,919,557.

The annual report, made public today, showed that the largest day's transactions ever handled by the clearing house was on October 31, 1929, when they reached $4,231,241,175. The largest day's transactions during the last fiscal year was $1,580,349,364 on October 2, 1931. The smallest for the year was $237,215,051, handled on August 29, 1932.

The association is composed of 21 banks and trust companes in New York City. At its annual meeting today Mortimer N. Buckner was reelected president and Benjamin Strong, jr., was elected secretary.

Machinery Firms Looking to R. F. C.

Stimulus From Loans Is Expected to Aid in Recovery.

New York, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—The machinery and machine equipment industries are relying heavily upon Reconstruction Finance Corporation loans and the rehabilitation drive of the Robertson committee to enable them to pull back to normal business activity.

The first of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation loans, aimed to stimulate public works, has already made its appearance. Moreover, the committee for industrial rehabilitation, headed by A. W. Robertson, has started its campaign to induce manufacturers to repair equipment, and, where funds are available, to renovate shops.

Department of Commerce figures show the depths of inactivity into which the industry has fallen. In 1930, new orders for woodworking machinery averaged $789,000 a month. For 1931 the average was $446,000 and during the second quarter of 1932 it was $240,000. In July, there was a moderate upturn to $289,000.

Bank in North Carolina Reopens Amid Plaudits

Henderson, N. C., Oct. 4 (A.P.).—The First National Bank of Henderson, closed since last January, reopened here today. The event was marked by public exercises in front of the bank's building.

The bank reopened with a paid-in capital of $100,000 and $20,000 paid-in surplus. All deposits of $20 and less are to be paid in full at once. Other depositors will be paid 20 per cent now and 20 per cent a year for three years. The remaining 20 per cent will be held in trust for payment by collections from securities.

Lead Continues in Demand.

New York, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Dealers in lead say that buying continues in good demand in spite of yesterday's further advance of 15 points in the New York price.

Exports of Grain Down for Week

833,000 Bushels Are Sold Abroad as Canada Ships 977,000.

(Associated Press.)

Grain exports last week from the United States amounted to 833,000 bushels against 1,412,000 for the week previous and 2,849,000 bushels during the corresponding week of last year.

Commerce Department figures yesterday gave the following comparisons between last week's exports and those of the week before:

Barley, 92,000 bushels against 238,000; corn, 289,000 against 103,000; oats, 144,000 against 49,000; wheat, 308,000 against 1,022,000; no exports of rye were reported for either week.

Canadian grains exported last week from United States ports totaled 977,000 bushels against 374,000 bushels the previous week, while exports of North American wheat flour were 42,000 barrels against 72,000 barrels.

Australian Conversion Loan Proves Success

London, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Australia's great loan conversion, reducing the government's interest burden by a substantial figure, proved a success today.

Cash applications were so heavy that lists were closed within half an hour. The new loan for five years carries 4½ per cent interest. Holders of old issues were offered a 2½ per cent bonus for conversion within seven days.

Pennsylvania Crude Oil Is Reduced 20 Cents

Pittsburgh, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—A reduction of 20 cents per barrel in the price of Corning grade in Buckeye Pipe Lines, Pennsylvania crude oil, was announced by leading purchasing agencies today. The new price is 65 cents. Other grades are unchanged.

CURB PRICE CHANGES NARROW ON SALES

Speculative Activity Is Low in Day's Trading of 150,000 Shares.

New York, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Speculative activity was at low ebb in the curb market today, little appearing in the day's reports from major industries to stimulate activity one way or the other. Sales approximated 150,000 shares. At the close price changes were irregular, with most leading stocks showing fractional changes.

Standard of Indiana was unchanged. Gulf yielded a fraction. Humble Oil was up more than a point.

An early movement lifted Electric Bond & Share and American Gas 2 points or so, but the utility stocks also turned lethargic in the later dealings. At the close Electric Bond & Share, American Gas & Electric, United Light & Power "A" and Cities Service were up fractionally. American Superpower was unchanged and Niagara Hudson Power off a fraction.

Deere & Co. failed to join the moderate rise of the farm implement shares of the stock exchange, closing a scant fraction lower.

BANK STOCKS

New York, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Over the counter market:

BANKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Chase National (2)	41	43
Commercial (8)	178	185
Fifth Ave (44a)	1150	1250
First National (100)	1660	1710
Manhattan (2)	37½	39½
National City (2)	52¾	54¾
Public (2)	30½	32½

TRUST COMPANIES.

Bankers (3)	68¼	70¼
Brooklyn Trust (10)	198	213
Cen Hanover (7a)	145	149
Chemical (1.80)	39¾	41¾
Continental (1.20)	19	21
Corn Exchange (4)	73	76
Empire (1.60)	28¼	30¼
Guaranty (20)	327	332
Irving (1.60)	26¾	28¾
Manufacturers (2)	32¾	34¾
N Y Trust (8)	98	101
Title Gr & T (3.20)	42	45
United States (60)	1530	1630

INSURANCE.

Aetna Cas (1.60)	38	40
Aetna Fire (2)	30½	32½
Aetna Life	17½	19½
Agricultural (2)	40	44
Amer Surety	17½	19½
Balt Amer	3	4
Boston (18)	340	365
Conn Gen Life (1.20)	37½	40½
Fid & Dep (4)	47	50
Firemens Ins (.60)	8	9½
Frank Fire (1)	14¼	16¼
Glen Falls (1.60)	32	34
Globe & Rut	115	135
Great Amer (1)	13¾	15½
Hanover (4.80)	25½	27½
Hartford Fire (2)	38½	40½
Home Ins (1)	16¾	18¾
Maryland (1)	29¼	31¼
National Fire (2)	37½	39½
National Liberty	3¾	5½
Nor River	104	124¼
Phoenix (2)	42¼	44¼
Prov Wash (.60b)	17¾	19¾
Public Fire	2	3½
Security Fire (16)	102½	107½
Sun Life	330	380
Travelers (18)	395	410

(a) Including extras.
(b) Paid so far this year.

Danville Tobacco Sales Open at Higher Prices

Danville, Va., Oct. 4 (A.P.).—The Danville tobacco market opened today with a materially improved indication in the price range.

A spread of about 250,000 pounds of medium and common tobacco of excellent color greeted the buyers, the first rows indicating an average of about 11 cents, as compared with a 7-cent opening-day average last year.

No fine tobacco was in the opening lots which consisted mostly of primings.

Collateral Borrowing Is $48,102,263 More

New York, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Collateral borrowings of New York Stock Exchange members on September 30 amounted to $379,801,583, an increase of $48,102,263 compared with the previous month, the exchange announced today.

On September 30, 1931, the loans amounted to $1,044,407,879. The record high was on September 30, 1928, at $8,549,383,979.

MONEY MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

New York, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Foreign exchange irregular. Great Britain in dollars, others in cents.

Great Britain—Demand, 3.45⅝; cables, 3.45⅝; 60-day bills, 3.44¼.
France—Demand, 3.91¾; cables, 3.91⅞.
Italy—Demand, 5.12½; cables, 5.12¾.
Belgium—Demand, 13.88.
Germany—Demand, 23.78.
Holland—Demand, 40.18½.
Norway—Demand, 17.41.
Sweden—Demand, 17.74.
Denmark—Demand, 17.92.
Switzerland—Demand, 19.27½.
Spain—Demand, 8.17.
Portugal—Demand, 3.14.
*Greece—Demand, 0.81¼.
*Poland—Demand, 11.18.
*Czechoslovakia—Demand, 2.96¼.
*Jugoslavia—Demand, 1.52.
*Austria—Demand, 14.00.
*Roumania—Demand, 0.59¼.
Argentina—Demand, 25.79.
*Brazil—Demand, 7.57.
Tokyo—Demand, 23.37½.
Shanghai—Demand, 30.25.
Montreal—Demand, 91.00.
Mexico City—Demand (silver peso), 31.20.
*Nominal.

NEW YORK.

Call money steady; 2 per cent all day. Time loans steady; 60-90 days, 1; 4-6 months, 1¼@1½ per cent. Prime commercial paper, 2. Bankers acceptances unchanged.

Bar silver quiet, unchanged at 27⅜.

LONDON.

Money, ½. Discount rates, short bills, ⅝@¾; 3-month bills, ⅝@⅞ per cent.

Bar silver steady, unchanged at 17½d.

PARIS.

Three per cent rentes, 82 francs 15 centimes. Five per cent loan, 100 francs 80 centimes.

Exchange on London, 88 francs 15 centimes. The dollar was quoted at 25 francs 52½ centimes.

GOLD MOVEMENT.

New York, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—The New York Federal Reserve Bank today reported a gain of $4,017,600 in America's gold holdings through the release of a corresponding amount from earmark for foreign account. There was also an import of $9,800 from Mexico, making the day's total gain $4,027,400.

WHEAT VALUES GAIN AS CORN ADVANCES

Buying Is in Small Lots as Dealers Wait on Hoover's Speech.

Chicago, Oct. 4 (A.P.).—Corn took the lead today in a grain price advance that hoisted corn and wheat each more than a cent a bushel.

Persistent buying in small lots was associated with talk that traders generally were hopeful President Hoover's Des Moines address tonight would prove a constructive market influence. Renewal of export prospects for corn led to more active speculative interest in that cereal than has been the rule of late.

Corn closed firm, ⅜ to 1¼ above yesterday's finish; wheat, ½ to 1 up; oats, at ⅛ to ⅜ gain, and provisions varying from 5 cents decline to a rise of 2 cents.

Influence on Corn.

Corn traders attached significance to confirmation by Chicago handlers that a moderate amount of corn had been taken late yesterday for shipment overseas, and that prices for large quantities were almost in line. A leading grain authority, too, was out with a statement emphasizing that this year's Argentine corn crop was a moderate one, and that with low prices prevailing in the United States there was likelihood considerable export business in corn would develop. He pointed out that during the year ended June 30, 1900, United States corn exports reached a peak of 213,000,000 bushels, but since had diminished, whereas Argentine corn exports had increased.

In addition to likelihood that enlarged export dealings in corn were imminent, unfavorable weather conditions prevailing over the corn belt tended to put briskness into the corn market. Heavy frosts were predicted for tonight in much corn territory. A sharp falling off in the volume of rural offerings of corn was also a bracing factor.

Wheat gave evidence of having been at least temporarily oversold. There was a noticeable let up in spread trading between Chicago and Winnipeg. New York Stock Market upturns were helpful to wheat bulls, and so, too, were railroad reports that domestic winter wheat acreage Southwest would be curtailed owing to dry weather. Oats moved up with corn and wheat.

Provisions were steadied by firmness of grains.

Futures Price Range.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.
December	54⅛	53⅝	54⅛
May	59⅜	58½	59⅛
July	60½	59⅜	60⅜
Corn—			
December	28¼	27	28
May	33⅛	32	33
July	34⅜	34⅛	34⅜
Oats—			
December	17¼	17⅛	17¼
May	20⅛	19⅞	20⅛

Cash Grain.

WHEAT—No. 3 red, 52¾; No. 2 hard, 53½; No. 2 Northern spring, 54; No. 2 mixed, 52½.

CORN—No. 1 mixed, 27½; No. 2 mixed, 27⅜@27½; No. 1 yellow, 27⅝@27¾; No. 2 yellow, 27½@28; No. 1 white, 27½@27¾; No. 2 white, 27½@27¾.

OATS—No. 2 white, 17@17½; No. 3 white, 16¼@16½.

RYE—No. 2, 40.

BARLEY—24@38.

TIMOTHY SEED—2.25@2.50 per cwt.

CLOVER SEED—7.00@8.50 per cwt. (fancy higher).

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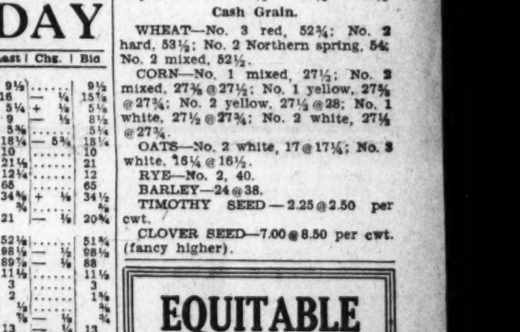

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THE Oldest National Bank in Washington, offers to responsible individuals and firms, modern facilities for the transaction of every type of banking and Fiduciary business.
¶Our officers will be glad to point out to you the full scope of our service.
INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS
National Metropolitan BANK
Fifteenth Street
Opposite U. S. Treasury
OVER 118 YEARS OLD

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS OF YESTERDAY

Total sales, 1,239,710; previous day, 987,420; week ago, 1,398,770; year ago, 4,301,464; two years ago, 3,568,040; January 1 to date, 352,241,038; year ago, 456,340,287; two years ago, 642,773,361.

Sales in hundreds	High	Low	Last	Chg.	Bid
A					
1 Abr & Straus (1.20)	21⅞	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅝	18
39 Adams Express	7⅞	7½	7½	+ ⅛	7¼
7 Adams-Millis (2)	18⅜	17¾	17¾	+ ⅜	17½
1 Addressog	12	11½	12	+ ½	11½
1 Affiliat Prod. (1.60)	9¾	9¾	9¾	— ⅛	10
20 Air Reduc (3)	60½	57⅝	59⅝	+ 1⅜	59⅜
3 Alaska Jun (½)	10¾	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛	10⅝
64 Alleghany	2⅛	2	2	— ⅛	2
13 Alleghany pf xw	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛	4¾
2 Alleghany pf 830 ww	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	—	4¾
10 Alleghany Steel	10	10	10	—	9
50 Al Chem & Dye (6)	82	79¼	80½	+ ½	80¼
17 Allis-Ch Mfg	12	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅜	11⅛
1 Amal Leather pf	6¼	6¼	6¼	— 2¼	6
3 Amerada (2)	12¼	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛	11½
2 Am Ag Chem Del	10¾	10¾	10¾	—	10¼
1 Am Bank Note	16½	16½	16½	—	15¾
10 Am Bank Note pf (3)	42¼	42¼	42¼	— 1¼	40⅝
10 Am Br Shoe pf (7) EX	80½	80½	80½	+ 1½	80
143 Am Can (4)	54¾	54¼	54¼	— ⅜	54⅜
2 Am Car & Fdy	11½	11¼	11½	— ⅜	11¼
5 Am Chain pf	15	15	15	—	14
5 Am Colortype	7½	6¾	7½	+ ¼	7
44 Am Comi Alco	26¾	25½	26	+ ⅛	25¾
53 Am & For Pow	11	10¾	10¾	—	10⅝
3 Am & F P $7 pf	18¾	17⅝	18⅜	— 1¼	18¼
3 Am & F P 2d pf	13½	12⅜	13½	+ ⅛	13
2 Am Hi & L pf	18	17½	17½	+ ⅛	16
5 Am Home Prod (4.20)	39⅜	39½	39⅜	+ ⅛	39¾
24 Am Ice (1)	9¾	8¼	9	— ⅝	8¾
1 Am pf (6)	40½	40½	40½	+ ½	40½
14 Am Internat	9¼	9	9	—	8¾
1 Am Loco	11	11	11	— 1	10½
2 Am Mach & Fdy (.80)	15	14¾	14¾	+ ⅛	14⅝
16 Am Pow & Lt	13	12¼	12¾	+ ¼	12½
3 Am P & L $5 pf (5)	30	30	30	—	29
56 Am Rad Std San	9¾	9¼	9⅜	— ⅛	9⅜
23 Am Roll Mill	15	14⅜	14¾	+ ⅜	14¼
1 Am Seating	1¾	1¾	1¾	— ⅛	1½
6 Am Smelt & R	19¼	18⅝	18⅝	—	18⅝
1 Am Smelt pf	43	43	43	— 1¾	43
1 Am Smelt 2d pf	38⅜	36⅜	36⅜	— 1⅝	36
12 Am Steel Fdrs	10¼	10	10	—	9⅞
1 Am Sugar Ref (2)	26⅛	26⅛	26½	+ ⅜	26
120 Am Tel & Tel (9)	113¾	111⅞	112½	— ½	112¼
72 Am Tob B (5m)	81¾	79¼	79¼	— 1¼	79¼
10 Am Type F pf	25	25	25	+ 2	23
7 Am Wat Wks (2)	27½	27	27	+ 1	26½
2 Am Wat Wks ctf (2)	25	24⅞	25	+ 1	24½
7 Am Woolen	7⅞	7½	7⅝	— ⅛	7⅝
2 Am Woolen pf	33¼	33	33¼	+ ⅜	32½
98 Anaconda	12⅞	12⅜	12⅜	— ⅛	12⅜
2 Armour Ill A	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛	1⅞
8 Armour Ill B	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	—	1
1 Armour Ill pf	9½	9½	9½	— ½	9½
1 Assd Dry Goods	8½	8½	8½	— ½	8½
51 Atch T & S F	55¼	53⅛	53¾	— ¼	53¾
4 Atlantic Coast Line	29	28½	29	— ¾	27
1 Atlantic G & W I pf	8½	8½	8½	— ¼	6
12 Atlantic Refin (1)	17⅜	16¾	17⅜	+ ¾	17⅛
20 Atlas Pow pf (6)	69	68½	68½	+ 1½	68
64 Auburn Auto (4a)	56⅞	54⅛	55	+ 1	54½
1 Aust Nich	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+ ⅛	1⅜
10 Aust Nich pr A (1)	18	18	18	+ ⅛	18
388 Aviation Corp	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛	6⅞
B					
1 Baldwin Loco	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛	8⅝
30 Baldwin Loco pf	22	22	22	—	21
58 Balt & Ohio	17¼	16¼	16¼	—	16⅛
2 Balt & Ohio pf	20	19	20	+ ⅛	19¼
30 Bamberger pf (6½)	81	80⅜	80⅜	— ⅜	80⅜
1 Bangor & Aroos (2)	28	28	28	— ⅛	27
15 Barnsdall	5	4¾	5	—	4⅞
6 Beatrice Cr	17	16½	16½	—	16⅛
3 Belding-Hem	7	6¾	7	+ ⅛	6⅞
61 Bendix Aviа	15	14⅛	14¼	— ⅛	14⅛
3 Best & Co	15	15	15	+ ⅛	14½
27 Bethlehem Steel	24	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅜	23¼
4 Beth Steel pf	45¾	44½	45¾	+ 1¼	44½
20 Bloomingd pf (7)	56½	56½	56½	+ 5½	55¾
4 Bohn Alum	14½	14	14	—	13¾
2 Booth F 1 pf	⅝	⅝	⅝	—	½
36 Borden (2)	30	29½	29½	—	29¼
5 Borg-Warner	11½	11⅜	11⅜	+ ⅛	11
23 Briggs Mfg	6¾	6½	6⅝	— ⅛	6¼
79 Bklyn-Man T	24	22⅜	24	+ 1¾	23¾
17 Bklyn-M T pf (6)	60½	59⅜	60½	+ ⅜	60¼
10 Brown Sh pf (7)	104	104	104	+ 1	103
5 Bucy-E cvt pf	7¼	7	7	— ⅛	6⅞
10 Budd Mfg	3	2⅝	2¾	+ ⅛	2⅝
1 Burns Bros A	1½	1½	1½	—	1
4 Burr Ad Mach (.80)	9¾	9¾	9¾	— ⅛	9½
3 Bush Term	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛	7
30 Bush T 7% deb	17	16⅜	17	+ ⅛	16
50 Bush T. Bldg pf (7)	43½	40½	40½	— 2	40
13 Byers Co	19¾	18⅛	18⅞	— ⅛	19
C					
3 Calif Pack	13¾	13½	13¾	+ ¼	12¾
1 Callahan Z-Ld	¾	¾	¾	+ ⅛	⅝
13 Calumet & Hec	5⅛	5	5⅛	—	4⅞
2 Canada D G Ale (1.20)	11	11	11	—	11¼
102 Canad Pac	17¼	16½	16⅝	—	16⅜
1 Cannon Mills (1)	20	20	20	+ 1	19½
3 Cap Adm A	6¾	6¾	6¾	— ⅛	6½
344 Case (J I)	57	54¾	54¾	+ ⅜	54⅜
3 Celanese	8	7⅞	8	+ ⅛	7⅞
3 Celotex	1½	1½	1½	— ⅛	1
3 Century Rib M	4	4	4	— ⅛	4
7 Cerro de Pas	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	+ ⅛	9⅞
3 Certain-teed	2½	2½	2½	+ ⅛	2½
1 Checker Cab	28⅝	28⅞	28⅝	+ ⅜	28
83 Ches & Ohio (2½)	24¼	23	23½	+ ½	23⅜
6 Ches Corp (2)	16¼	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛	15⅝
1 Chi & E Ill	1¾	1¾	1¾	—	1½
2 Chi & E Ill pf	2	2	2	—	2
16 Chi & N W	9⅞	9½	9½	—	9½
9 Chi Gt W of (½k)	12⅞	12½	12⅝	— ⅛	12⅝
1 Chi M St P & P	3¼	3¼	3¼	+ ⅛	3⅛
3 Chi M St P & P pf	3¼	3¼	3¼	—	3⅛
10 Chi Pneu T	5½	5½	5½	—	5¼
5 Chi Pneu T pf	9¾	9½	9⅞	—	9⅝
8 Chi Rk Is & P	9	8½	8½	—	8½
2 C R I & P 7% pf	15	13⅜	15	+ 1½	14¼
1 Childs Co	6	6	6	+ ⅛	5⅞
497 Chrysler (1)	18¾	17⅜	17⅞	— ⅛	17¾
1 City Strs	1	1

CAPITAL STORES TOP FIFTH AREA'S SALES

Washington Is Also Smallest Loser Under '31 Period; Richmond, Second.

By THOMAS M. CAHILL.

Washington department store retail trade still maintains the lead in the Fifth Federal Reserve District, the monthly review of Chairman and Federal Reserve Agent William W. Hoxton, of the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond, reveals.

Although compared with August, 1931, local sales were 14.5 per cent off, those of Richmond were 25.4 per cent off; Baltimore's were 26.3 per cent lower; those of other cities of the district, 30.1 per cent under, and the entire district's, 22.2 per cent below.

For the eight months, Washington sales are 16.1 per cent less in the comparison; Richmond's, 21.6 per cent less; Baltimore's, 21.3 per cent less; other cities of the district, 26.3 per cent less and the district as a whole, 19.7 per cent less.

Bank Reelects Officers.

At the meeting of organization of the board of directors of the Bank of Commerce & Savings yesterday all officers were reelected as follows: Maurice D. Rosenberg, president; Joseph Sanders, Irvin Owings, vice presidents; John M. Riordan, executive vice president; Thomas J. Groom, vice president and cashier; Joseph H. Milans, secretary; Dr. Clarence A. Weaver, auditor. Oliver B. Exline and Francis E. Robey were reappointed assistant cashiers.

Bids on the new building for the Citizens Bank of Takoma Park, Md., will be opened at 10 o'clock on the morning of October 12. Frederick Fletcher, Baltimore, is the architect. Among the firms who will be bidders are W. E. Mooney Co., 2539 Pennsylvania avenue northwest; George E. Wyne, same address; Schneider-Spleidt Co., 1416 F street northwest; Skinker & Garrett, 1719 I street northwest; Markham & Zirkle, Colorado Building; William P. Lipscomb Co., District National Bank Building; Engineering Construction Co., Baltimore; Kaplan-Miller Co., Philadelphia.

Substation Bids Sought.

The engineering department of Potomac Electric Power Co. is calling for bids to be opened October 11, at 10 o'clock in the morning, on the construction of a substation at Takoma Park, two stories in height, 66 by 40 feet in dimensions and of brick and concrete structure.

Robert C. Jones & Co., investment bankers, in the Shoreham Building, are pointing out in a special bulletin on bank stocks that at a recent trust conference of Pacific Coast States, A. B. Carter, national bank examiner, stated that the volume of trust assets handled by banks had increased 468 per cent in the last five years. They further state that the growth of this particular type of business adds materially to the earnings of the great New York banks and adds to their desirability as mediums for permanent investment.

Crude Oil Cut 20 Cents Per Barrel in Texas

Tulsa, Okla., Oct. 4 (A.P.).—A cut of 20 cents a barrel in the price of crude oil in the Texas panhandle district was announced today by the Danciger Oil & Refining Co. The company buys about 6,000 barrels daily from the area.

The reduction affects only Gray County, Tex., where the price drops from a 76 to 88 cent scale to a range of from 56 cents per barrel for 35 gravity crude to 68 cents for 40 gravity. Dan Danciger, president of the company, blamed the cut on recent fluctuations of gasoline and refined oil prices in the Standard of Indiana and New Jersey areas.

Washington Stocks

Sales—Regular call, 11:15 a. m.: Washington Ry. & Elec. pfd., 10 at 88½, 10 at 89.

Washington Gas 6s "A," $100 at 99½, $1,000 at 99¾, $1,000 at 99¾, $1,000 at 99¾, $1,000 at 99¾, $1,000 at 99¾, $1,000 at 99¾. Capital Traction 5s, $500 at 50⅞.

BONDS	
PUBLIC UTILITY	Bid / Asked
Amn. Tel. & Tel. 4½s, '39	106½ / .....
Amn. Tel. & Tel. coll. tr. 5s	104 / .....
Anacostia & Pot. R. 5s	42 / 50
Appalachian gua. 5s	91 / .....
C. & P. Tel. of Va. 5s	102 / .....
Capital Traction R. R. 5s	51 / 52
City & Suburban 5s	40 / 50
Georgetown Gas 1st 5s	101 / 102
Potomac Elec. cons. 5½s	102 / .....
Potomac Elec 6s 1953	107 / .....
Wash. Gas & Elec. cf.	2 / .....
Washington Gas 4½s	98 / 99
Washington Gas 5s	100¾ / 101½
Wash. Gas. 6s, Series A	99½ / 100
Wash. Ry. & Elec. 4s	88 / 89
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Barber & Ross, Inc. 6½s	50 / .....
Chevy Chase Club 5½s	100 / .....
Columbia Country Club 5½s	100 / 103
D. C. Paper Mfg. 6s	15 / .....
Wash. Mkt. Cold Storage 5s	94 / .....
STOCKS.	
PUBLIC UTILITY.	
*Amn. Tel. & Tel	113¼ / 6
Capital Traction Co	6 / 63¼
Wash. Gas Light Co	65 / 88
*Nor. & Wash. Steamboat	125 / .....
Pot. Elec. Power 6% pfd	108 / 110
Pot. Elec. Power 5½% pfd	104 / 105½
Wash. Ry. & Elec. com	295 / .....
Wash. Ry. & Elec. pfd	88½ / 90

The following figures are not bids, but merely represent minimum prices fixed by the Washington Stock Exchange.

NATIONAL BANKS.	
	Min Price
Capital (14)	175
Columbia (12)	175
Commercial (stamped) (6)	183
District (6)	196
Fed.-Am. Nat'l Bk & Tr (2)	42¾
Liberty (12)	190
Lincoln (10)	400
Metropolitan (14)	275
Riggs (15)	350
Second (9e)	165
Washington (8)	180
TRUST COMPANIES.	
Amer. Sec. & Tr. Co. (15)	299
Nat. Sav. & Tr. (12f)	315
Prince Georges Bank & Trust (6)	28
Union Trust (8s)	191
Wash. Loan & Trust (14)	400
SAVINGS BANKS.	
Bank of Bethesda (6¢)	53
Com. & Savings (10)	325
East Washington (12)	20
Pub. Savings Bank (10)	55
Sec. Sav & Com. Bk. (10g)	435
Seventh Street	275
United States (20)	350
Wash. Mechanics (20)	50
FIRE INSURANCE.	
American (12)	275
Corcoran (10)	150
Firemen's (8)	30
National Union (15)	14½
TITLE INSURANCE.	
Columbia (6h)	7
Real Estate	145
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Col. Medical Bldg. Corp. (6)	90
Dist. Natl. Sec. pf	60
Corcoran, Bromo-Seltz (2)	25½
Federal Storage pf.	80
Fed.-Am. Co. com (60c)	15
Fed.-Am. Co. pf. (6)	80
Lenston Monotype (6)	58
Mer. Tr. & Stge. com	50
Mer. Tr. & Stge. pfd	75
Mergenthaler Linotype	42
Natl. Mtge. & Inv. pfd	3
Peoples Drug Store, pf. (6½)	75
Real Est M. & G. pf (6)	4½
Security Storage (5f)	97¾
Ter. Ref. & Wh. Corp. (3)	42
The Carpel Corp (2)	9½
W. Mech. Mtge. com	8
Wash. Med. Bldg. Corp. (7)	90
Wdwd & Lothrop. com. (1.20)	29½
Wdwd & Lothrop. pf. (7)	108

*Ex dividend. (b) Books closed 1½% extra. (f) 30c extra. (i) 1% extra. (c) 1½% extra. (s) 2% extra. (y) 2½% extra. (g) 3% extra. (h) 4% extra. (j) 8% extra.

BOND SALES ON NEW YORK EXCHANGE

Total sales, $8,648,000; previous day, $7,734,000; week ago, $8,337,000; year ago, $19,610,000; two years ago, $14,463,000; January 1 to date, $2,394,209,000; same year ago, $2,218,391,000; same two years ago, $2,129,563,000.

U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS.
(Dollars and thirty-seconds.)
(Sales in $1,000.)

Sales		High	Low	Last
174	Lib 3½ '32-47	101.14	101.11	101.11
31	Lib 1 4¼ '32-47	102.24	102.20	102.22
112	Lib 4 4¼ '33-38	103.21	103.17	103.19
5	Tr 4¼ '47-52	108.12	108.9	108.12
57	Tr 4 '44-54	104.26	104.21	104.21
39	Tr 3⅜ '46-56	102.17	102.15	102.17
71	Tr 3⅜ '40-43 Je	101	100.29	101
74	Tr 3⅜ '43-47	100.23	100.21	100.22
16	Tr 3⅜ '41-43Mh	100.29	100.25	100.29
107	Tr 3⅛ '46-49	98.7	98.2	98.2
106	Tr 3 '51-55	96.26	96.21	96.21

CORPORATION BONDS.

Sales		High	Low	Last
	A			
11	Alleghany 5 '44	30¼	30	30
29	Am & For P 5 2030	39	38	38
1	Am Intl 5½ '49	80	80	80
10	Am Metal 5½ '34	72	71¾	71¾
7	Am Smelting 5 '47	95	94	94
6	Am Sug Ref 6 '37	104¼	103¾	104¼
38	Am T&T 5½ '43	107½	107	107½
41	Am T&T 5 '65	103½	102⅞	103⅛
2	Am T&T cvt 4½ '39	106¼	106	106
10	Am WW & El 5 '34	93	92¼	93
38	Arm&CoDel 5½ '43	74½	73¾	74
1	AT&SF gen 4½ '95	93¾	93¾	93¾
9	AT&SF gen 4 '95	94	93½	93¾
45	A C Line 1st 4 '52	80¾	79½	79½
	B			
3	B & O rfg 6 '95	55	55	55
18	B & O rfg 5 '95	51½	50½	50½
34	B&O 4½ '33	63½	62½	63
17	B&O cvt 4½ '60	39	38	38
	B			
5	Bell T Pa 5 C '60	107¼	107	107
7	Beth Steel p m 5 '36	97¾	97	97
7	Boston & Me 5 '67	72¼	72	72¼
8	Buff Roch & P 5 '57	87	86½	86¾
1	Buf G E 4½ '81 B	101½	101½	101½
5	Buf R&P 4½ '57	57¾	57⅝	57¾
	C			
7	Can Nat Ry 4½ '57	89⅞	89¼	89⅜
3	Can P deb 4 perp	71½	71½	71½
1	Cent P 1st gtd 4 '49	85½	85½	85½
3	Certain-teed 5½ '48	43	43	43
13	Chesapeake C 5 '47	68¼	67	68¼
1	Chic & Erie 5 '82	97½	96¾	96¾
1	Chic & E Ill 5 '51	13¾	13¾	13¾
15	Chic Gt West 4 '59	51½	48¾	49½
43	C M StP&Pac 5 '75	31¼	30⅜	30⅝
28	C M St P&P adj 5	10¼	9¾	9¾
7	Chi & N W cv 4¾	25⅝	25	25⅜
9	Ch R I&P cvt 4½'60	29	27	27
17	C R I&P rfg 4 '34	41	39¼	39½
2	Chile Cop 5 '47	43	42½	43
10	Cinn Gas & El 4 '68	94¼	94	94¼
3	Cin Un T 4½ '77C	73	72½	73
1	Colon Oil 6 '38	52½	52½	52½
8	Col G&E 5 '52 May	87	84⅜	87
7	Com'l Inv Tr 5½	96	95¾	96
8	Con Gas NY 5½'45	107	106⅛	106½
1	CubaNo Rys 5½ '42	29	29	29
7	Cub Cane Pr 6 '50	2½	2½	2½
	D			
22	Del & H rfg 4 '43	86¾	86	86
64	Det Ed 5 '49 A	101½	101	101½
41	Det Ed 4½ '61 D	95⅞	95½	95⅞
10	Dodge B deb 6 '40	86⅝	86½	86½
8	Duquesa Lt 4½ '67A	102⅝	102	102
	E			
4	Erie rf&imp 5 '67	34	33½	33½
16	Erie gen lien 4 '96	51⅝	50⅞	51½
20	Gen Motor Ac 6 '37	102¾	102⅝	102¾
5	Gen The Eq 6 '40	4	4	4
1	GoodrichB F 6½ '47	82½	82½	82½
3	Goody T & R 5 '57	83¼	83	83¼
5	Gr Tk Ry Can 6 '36	101⅝	101¼	101¼
34	Gt Nor Ry 7 '36 A	77½	76½	76½
	H			
3	Hudson Coal 5 '62 A	42	42	42
3	Hud & M rfg 5 A	87¼	86⅞	86⅞
5	Hud & M adj inc 5	57½	57⅛	57⅛
	I			
8	Ill Bell Tel 5 '56	105¾	105½	105¼
33	Ill Cent 4¾ '66	42⅜	41¼	41⅞

Sales		High	Low	Last
1	Inland St 4½ '78A	80⅜	80⅜	80⅜
37	Interb R Tran 7 '32	61	59½	60
314	Interb R Tr rfg 5	49	47¾	48
1	Int Cement 5 '48	68¼	68¼	68¼
12	Int Hydro El 6 '44	50¼	49½	50
6	Int Pap cvt 5 '47 A	50½	50⅜	50⅜
29	Int T&T cvt 4½ '39	47⅜	46½	46⅝
30	Int T&T deb 5 '55	43½	42⅜	43
	K			
12	K C&P & L 4½ '61	100¾	100	100
16	K C Term 1st 4 '60	90	90	90
15	Kan G & El 4½ '80	91	90½	90½
	L			
3	Lac Gas St L 5½	67⅛	67⅛	67⅛
7	Lautaro Nit 6 '54	6⅜	6¼	6¼
1	Liggett & My 5 '51	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛
1	Lorillard Co 5 '51	100¼	100¼	100¼
11	Louis & N uni 4 '40	87⅛	87½	87½
	M			
34	Manhat Ry 4 '90	25	23	24⅞
21	McKess & R 5½ '50	36¼	35¼	36
6	Midvale S cvt 5 '36	96	96	96
3	Mil ER&L 1st5 '61B	84½	84½	84½
1	MSP&SSM1stcon4 '38	49	49	49
1	M-K-Tex 1st 4 '90	17½	17½	17½
181	Mo Pac cvt 5½ '49	20½	19¾	19¾
55	Mo Pac 5 '77 F	31	30	30
27	Mo Pac gen 4 '75	20¾	20	20
28	Mo Pac 1st 5 '81	31½	30	30½
5	Mont P rfg 5 '43 A	89	89	89
	N			
49	Nat Dairy 5¼ '48	90¾	90¼	90¾
6	Nat Steel 5 '56	81½	81	81½
10	New Eng T&T 5 '52	107	106⅞	107
2	N O P S 5 '55 B	67¾	66½	66½
1	N O T & M 5½ '54	35½	35½	35½
34	NYC rf&imp 5 2013	59½	58¾	58¾
9	NYC&HR deb 4 '34	78¾	78	78
54	N Y C & St L 6 '36	38	37	37¼
14	NYC&StL 4½ '78 C	21¼	20	20½
8	N Y Ed rfg 6½ '41	112	111⅝	112
8	NYNH&H 1&rfg 4½	69	69	69
1	N Y Tel gen 4½ '39	103¼	103¼	103¼
6	Nor Am Co 5 '61	85	84½	85
2	Nor Am Ed 5½ '63	87	87	87
5	Nor Am Ed 6 C	83½	83½	83½
21	Nor Pac 6 2047 B	82¼	81½	81½
4	NorPac pr lien 4 '97	85½	85	85
1	Nor Sts Pow 5 '41 A	100¾	100¾	100¾
	O			
4	Ore-W RR&N 4 '61	83½	83⅜	83⅜
10	Otis Steel 6 '41	39	38	38
	P			
2	Pac T&T 5 '37	105¼	104¾	104¾
4	Param Pub 5½ '50	26½	25¾	25¾
23	Penn P&Lt 4½ '81	92⅞	92⅝	92⅝
6	Penn RR 4¾ '63	85	84½	84½
1	PennRR gen 4½ '65	84¾	84¾	84¾
4	Penn RR 4½ '70	69	68¾	69
7	Phila Co 5 '67	88½	88½	88½
19	Phil R C&I 6 '49	56⅞	56	56⅞
15	Phillips Pet 5½ '39	68	67¾	67¾
9	Portland G El 4½	58½	57½	57½
9	Postal T & C 5 '53	36	35½	36
1	Pub S El&G 4½ '67	103	103	103
2	Pure Oil 5½ '37	78	78	78
	R			
4	Reading gen 4½ A	84¾	84½	84½
11	Rem Rd 5½ '47ww	65	64	64
	S			
4	St L S F 4½ '78	12¾	12¼	12¾
11	St L S F 5 '50 A	15	14½	15
12	Seab A L con 6 '45	5	5	5
1	Shell Pipe L 5 '52	79	79	79
31	Shell Un 5 '49 ww	77	75¾	75¾
26	Sinc C Oil col 7 '37	96	95	95
14	Sinc Cr Oil 5½ '38	102⅞	102⅜	102⅝
9	Skelly Oil 5½ '39	62½	61¾	61¾
10	So Bell T&T 5 '41	104¾	104⅜	104½
7	Sou Pac 4½ '68	56	55⅜	56
16	Sou Pac 4½ '69 ww	55	55	55
8	Sou Ry gen 4 '56	52	51¼	52
5	S W Bell Tel 5 '54	104¼	104¼	104¼
33	St Oil N J deb 5 '46	103⅞	103½	103⅞
39	St Oil N Y 4½ '51	97¾	97⅜	97⅝
	T			
1	Tenn EP rfg 6 '47A	100¼	100¼	100¼
31	Tex C 5 cvt '44	91	90½	90¾
40	Tob P N J 6½ 2022	96½	96⅛	96½
	U			
12	Un Pac 4½ '67	87⅞	86¾	87⅛
25	Un Pac 1st 4 '47	97¾	96½	96¾
24	Unit D D 5 '53	67¾	67	67⅜
3	U S Rub 5 '47	54¾	54	54

Sales		High	Low	Last
16	Utah P&L 5 '44	79	78	78
11	Util P & L 5 '59 ww	34½	34	34
	V			
4	Vanadium 5 '41	52	51¾	51¾
1	Virginia Ry 5 '62	95	95	95
1	Warner Bros P 6 '39	30½	30½	30½
5	West Elec 5 '44	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
12	West Md 4 '52	60	59	60
10	West Pac 1st 5 '46	37	36	36
3	West Penn P 5 G	104	104	104
4	West Union 5 '51	64½	64½	64½
4	West Union 5 '60	66	66	66
3	Wheel Stl 4½ '53B	63	62¾	63
6	Wilson & Co 1st 6	88	87¾	87¾
	Y			
6	Youngst S & T 5	69	68	68
	FOREIGN BONDS.			
10	Abitibi P&P 5 '53	19	18¼	18
5	Akershus 5 '63	70¾	70¼	70¼
17	Arg G of '59 Jun	58⅝	57½	58⅜
75	Australia 5 '55	86	84½	84½
103	Australia 4½ '56	78⅞	78	78¼
15	Batavian Pet 4½'42	92¼	91½	92¼
2	Belgium 7 '56	105½	105½	105½
11	Belgium 5 '55	99⅜	99½	99¼
10	Bolivia 8 '47	8	7½	8
3	Bordeaux 6 '34	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜
5	Brazil 8 '41	23	22¾	23
9	Brazil 6½ '26-'57	19⅜	18¾	19
7	Brazil 6½ '27-'57	20	19¼	19⅜
509	British 5½ '37	105⅝	105¼	105¼
21	Buenos A 6 '61	33½	32¾	33
1	Bulgaria 7½ '68	25½	25½	25½
7	Canada 5 '52	100¼	100	100¼
4	Canada 4 '60	86½	86½	86⅝
26	Chile Mtg Bk 6¼ '61	12½	12½	12⅝
17	Chile 6 '60	9¾	9¼	9¾
3	Chile 6 '61	9	8½	8½
8	Colombia 6 '61 Oct	35½	35	35½
8	Copens 5 '52	79½	79½	79½
2	Cuba 5 (1914) '49 A	91½	91½	91½
1	Czecho 8 '51	100	100	100
22	Denmark 4½ '62	79¾	79	79
1	Deutsche Bk 6 '32	90	90	90
34	Duke Price P 6 '66	63	60½	62
4	Finland 5½ '58	67	67	67
12	French 7½ '41	120¾	120½	120½
6	French 7 '49	115¾	115½	115½
16	Ger C A Bk 6 April	57½	56½	57½
45	Ger C A Bk 6 Oct	53½	51⅝	52¾
160	Ger Govt Int 5½'65	53½	52⅞	53
52	Ger Rep 7 '49	72	71	71
1	Ger Gen El 6 '48	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝
1	Gt Con El P Jap 7	48½	48½	48½
8	Hung Munic 7½ '45	20	20	20
30	Ilseder Steel 6 '48	45¼	45	45
6	Ital Pub Ut 7 '52	89	88⅞	89
31	Italy 7 '51	98⅜	97⅞	97⅞
40	Japan 6½ '54	63½	62¾	62¾
4	Marseilles 6 '34	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜
1	Met Water 5½ '50	78	78	78
61	Milan City 6½ '52	86	85	86
9	New So Wales 5 '57	82	82	82
16	No Ger Lloyd 6 '47	46½	45	46½
4	Norway 6 '44	87⅞	87⅜	87¼
13	Norway 5 '63	84⅞	84⅛	84⅝
36	Norwegian Hy E 5½	71⅞	69⅞	70
15	Orient D L 5½ '58	47¼	47	47¼
17	Panama 5 '63	58	52	56
8	Par-Ori R R 5½ '68	102½	102	102
4	Peru 1st 6 '60	6⅞	6½	6½
4	Poland 8 '50	58⅜	57¾	58
7	Poland 7 '47	51¾	51½	51½
32	Prussia 6 '52	49¼	48	49
52	Queensld 6 '47	96½	91¾	96½
8	Rio de Jan 6½ '53	9½	9½	9½
41	Rome 6½ '52	87⅞	87	87⅜
11	Royal Dutch 4 '40	63½	63½	63¾
4	Sao Paulo St 7 '40	57¼	57¼	57¼
23	Sax Pub W 7 '45	58	56½	57
16	Sax P W 6½ '51	55	53⅝	55
22	Serbs C S 7 '62	24¾	24	24¼
11	Siems & H 6½ '51	66½	65¼	66
16	Sweden 5½ '54	94	94	94
3	Swiss 5½ '46	104½	104¼	104¼
20	Sydney 5½ '55	79½	77½	77½
6	Tokyo City 5½ '61	49	48¾	48¾
31	Tokyo El Lt 6 '53	39¾	39	39
1	Uruguay 6 '42	52½	52½	52½
73	Uruguay 6 '60	38½	37¾	38½
2	Vienna City 6 '52	55¼	55¼	55¼
12	Westph U El P 6 '53	40¼	39¼	40
5	Yokohama 6 '61	53¼	52½	52½

NEW YORK CURB MARKET TRANSACTIONS

Total stock sales, 150,000 shares; total stock sales year ago, 795,075 shares. Total bond sales, $3,500,000; total bond sales year ago, $5,785,000.

Sales in hundreds.		High	Low	Close
12.50	Alum Co Am	70	66	68½
6	Alum Ltd	25¼	21	21
4	Am Beverage	8	8	8
1	Am Cap pf	7½	7½	7½
10	Am Cit P & L B	5⅛	5⅛	5¾
5	Am C Pow A	⅜	⅜	⅜
7	Am Cyan B	5⅝	5½	5½
3	Am El Sec N pf	5	4¾	5
7	Am & For war	7⅛	6¾	6¾
1	Am Founders	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
36	Am G & E (1a)	35¾	33⅜	34⅜
3	Am G & E pf (6)	89	88	88
3	Am Home Prod rts			⅛
8	Am Lt & T (2½)	22	21½	21½
5	Am Maracaibo	⅜	⅜	⅜
40	Am Sup Pow	6½	6¼	6¼
2	Am Sup P 1st pr(6)	60	60	60
1	Am Ut & G B vtc	⅛	⅛	⅛
1	Ark Nat Gas A	2¾	2¾	2¾
7	Ark Nat Gas A	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
10	Asso G&E A(5%f)	2¾	2⅝	2⅝
16	Asso G&E pf (5)	16	15¾	16
17	Atlas Corp	8⅝	8⅛	8¼
10	Atlas Corp war	3½	3½	3½
1	Atlas Plywood	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
	B			
2	Ben Ind Loan (1½)	12	11⅞	12
3	Blue R cv pf (3h)	30⅛	29⅞	30⅛
50	Borne Scrym	7	7	7
2	Braz T & L (80¢f)	10¼	10¼	70¼
3	Brit Celanese	1½	1½	1½
1	B N & E P pf(1.60)	22½	22¼	22¼
58	Bulova Watch pf	4¼	3⅞	4
25	Bunk Hill & S	22	22	22
	C			
1	Can Marc Wirel	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1	Carib Syn	⅝	⅝	⅝
75	Celanese pf (3½)	59	56	56
50	Celanese 1st pf	45	45	45
2	Cen Pub S A	1	1	1
1	Cen P Sv Del	1	1	1
20	Cen & S W Ut Pr L	18½	18½	18½
11	Cen & S W Ut	⅜	⅜	⅜
4	Cen St El	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
10	Cen St El 6 pf ww	21¾	21¾	21¾
80	Cities Service	21¾	21¾	21¾
3	Cit Serv pf	25	24	24
1	Cit Svc P 6 pf	23	22¼	22¼
4	Claude Neon Lts	1	1	1
25	Col G&E cv pf (5)	98	98	98
25	Colum Mills (4)	50	50	50
27	Comwlth & So war	1⅛	⅝	⅝
2	Comm Wat Svc	⅛	⅛	⅛
1	Cons Cop Min	⅜	⅜	⅜
31	Cons G&E B (3.60)	15¾	14⅞	15
16	Cord Corp	5¾	5⅜	5¾
1	Creole Pet	2½	2½	2½
6	Crown C Pet	⅛	⅛	⅛
1	Crown C Intl A	3	3	3
2	Curtiss Airp vtc	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
	D			
1	Darby Pet	4	4	4
9	Davenp Hos (1)	9	8¾	9
34	Deere & Co	15¾	14¾	14¾
2	De Forest	⅛	⅛	⅛
	E			
50	East Gas & F pf	60	60	60
5	East Sta Pow	½	½	½
1	Eas Util As A (2)	26½	26½	26½
3	Eisler Elec	2¼	2	2⅛
369	El Bd & Sh (6%f)	35¼	33⅜	33⅝
10	El Bd & Sh pf (6)	60	59	59⅝
3	El Bd & Sh 5 pf (5)	50½	50	50
1	Elec Sh pf ww	45¾	45¾	45¾
50	Emp G&F B pf	23	23	23
1	Europ El A (.30)	2¾	2¾	2¾
1	Europ El deb rts	⅛	⅛	⅛
	F			
2	Feder Cap pf	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
3	Feder Cap	1	1	1
2	Feder Met	15½	15½	15½
7	Fisk Rub new	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛
2	Ford Motor Ltd	4⅛	4	4
2	Foundation Fgn A	32½	32½	32½
1	Franklin Mfg	2¾	2¾	2¾
	G			
1	Gen Allovs	1¾	1¾	1¾
4	G El Ltd pref(.20e)	7⅛	7	7⅛
25	Georgia Pow pf (6)	69	69	69
1	Glen Alden	15	15	15
27	Gold Seal Elec	⅜	⅜	⅜
6	Goldman Sachs	3½	3½	3½
30	Gt A & P pv (6%h)	145	144	145
1	Groc Str vtc	1	1	1
	H			
2	Holling Gold (.70h)	4¾	4¾	4¾
2	Horn & Hard (2½)	25	25	25
5	Hudson Bay M & S	7½	7½	7½
1	Humble Oil (2)	43	43	43
83	Hygrade Fd	3½	3½	3½
	I			
1	Imp Oil Can (.40)	9	9	9
1	Ins Co N Am (2)	36½	36½	36½
1	Insuran Sec	1½	1½	1½
7

DUSEK AGAIN TO TACKLE GARIBALDI

Rough Boys to Meet at Auditorium Tomorrow.

IN all probability there will be but one wrestling outlet in Washington this year, that which is operated by Joe Turner. Plans for the opening of the City Club for wrestling have virtually fallen through, because of the unwillingness of the so-called Curley interests to back the local proposition financially.

The Turner circus moves indoors tomorrow night where five bruising sketches will be staged, featuring Rudy Dusek and Gino Garibaldi, two huskies who apparently put more steam in their punches than the remainder of the troupe combined. It is the third meeting between the two here. The first two bouts ended in victories for Garibaldi, but the decisions bordered on the screwey.

Also on the Turner bill is Joe Stecher, who still can throw five modern wrestlers in about fifteen minutes, but who is too colorless to capitalize his former greatness. Stecher will meet a member of the new school in Dick Stahl.

In other bouts Ernie Dusek rassles Milo Steinborn, Tiger Nelson flounces around with Abe Coleman, and Dick Daviscourt may be seen against George Vassell, who bagged Rudy Dusek last week.

Emerson Beaten By "Fives" Eleven

Charlottesville, Va., Oct. 4.—Outplayed in the first half by the Fives Senior Team, of the Charlottesville School for Boys, Emerson Institute eleven rallied in the second half, and near the close of the fourth quarter pushed over a touchdown. A 50-yard pass, Pelton to Cooper, led to the tscore and Whalen took the ball across on a plunge through center. The final count stood, Fives, 19; Emerson, 6.

Fives.	Position.	Emerson.
Breeden	L. E.	Whalen
Hill	L. T.	Brown
Marshall	L. G.	Timlinson
Strickler	Center	Moran
Barnett	R. G.	Lehman
Payne	R. T.	Bentley
McCrab	R. E.	Cooper
Williams	Q. B.	Minor
Roberts	L. H.	Gordon
Moore	R. H.	Willison
Davis	F. B.	Pelton

Referee—Dixon (Hampden-Sydney). Umpire—Bradford (Hampden-Sydney). Head linesman—Wright (Sewanee).

RUTH LOOKS FORWARD TO HIS 20TH SEASON

Continued from Page 11.

of illness, Ruth had a good year. The consensus is he will not likely be asked to sign for less than $65,000 or $70,000 for next year.

Ruth plans to leave on a hunting trip within a few weeks, probably in North Carolina, with a party of friends. Otherwise he and his family will remain in New York until starting for the training camp at St. Petersburg, Fla., in February.

ATHLETES WARNED.

Charles M. Fyfe, chairman of the registration committee of the A. A. U., has again sounded a warning that all registered athletes must compete for the clubs they are registered with. Many boys appeared at the benefit boxing show held at the Auditorium Tuesday night, desiring to box for clubs they were not registered with. Violation of this rule will result in the suspension of the offenders.

ARLINGTON BOOKING.

Games are wanted by the Arlington unlimited football team. Call Manager Charley Deutermann at Adams 5983 during the day.

Hitting The Head Pin

By LEWIS F. ATCHISON

KING PIN and Temple Hand Laundry teams staged a thrilling duel in the National Capital League at Lucky Strike last night, King Pin winning the odd game. The victors rolled 528, 639, 630, 1,797. The Laundrymen's games were 586, 602, 598, a total of 1,786. Olli Pacini's 391 set was high. His best game was 158. Louis Pantos turned in the best game of the evening, 160, but his first two games were pediculous and he finished with a 375 set.

B. & O. Passenger Department ran its string of defeats to six in a row in the National Capital loop, bowing to the Fountain Hams. Bill Thorney was best for the losers. Freddy Moore and Norman Scroth tied for the set honors with 344.

Bob Heimer's 160 and 394, both new highs for the season, enabled him to lead the pack in the East Washington Church League at Convention Hall. Centennial, No. 2, with a record of 11 victories in 12 starts, whacked the wood for a 591 game and 1,659 set.

Kiwanis Club five, champions of the Civic Club League, will open its season tonight at Arcadia. Earl D. Krewson, Edward C. Baltz, Dr. O. U. Singer, W. H. Patison and Dr. E. R. Tilley are on the team.

The sweet aroma of liniments emanating from The Post composing room is the result of backaches, arm aches, fallen arches and charley horses suffered in action at Lucky Strike yesterday afternoon by the members of The Post League. Otto Keull can smile through the bandages swathed about his frame for he rolled a 137 game, the highest of the afternoon. Tony Suess also may not feel the aches so much because of that 330 set credited to him. Rubys rolled high game, 530, and Ionics took the set laurels with their 1,465.

Pryor and Baker led the parade in the King Pin Business Men's loop. Pryor bounced the bottles for a 363 set, and Baker collected 140 sticks for high game. Phi Sigma Chi turned in a 549 game.

Carl Werntz thoroughly enjoyed himself in the Masonic League at Convention Hall last night, rolling the highest game, 165, and set, 394, of the evening. Well, if a man can't be president of a league and win a few honors now and then, there's something wrong with the world. Joppa took the team prizes with a 585 and 1,648.

Anita Mathews outdistanced the field in the Washington Ladies League at Columbia, toppling 127 pins for high game and coming right back with a 339 total for the set honors. Columbians romped off with the team honors by virtue of a 582 game and 1,606 set.

Edith Flinn's 118 total for her first 10 boxes and Hollis Dunlop's 309 total for 30 bagged individual honors in the Internal Revenue Ladies loop at Columbia. Stenographic, with a 490 game and 1,375 total for the evening, won the team prizes.

"Hawky" Arnold mauled the maples for a 138 game, while Eddie Smith was hauling enough lumber for a 368 set to lead the North Washington Church Leaguers. Wallace Memorial took team game laurels with 579, and First Reformed pocketed the set reward with 1,595.

The champion Cool's Drinks quintet chalked up its ninth consecutive victory, with a 1,753 set, in the Columbia Heights League at Arcadia. Paully Harrison's 397 was an important factor in the team's success. Mike Vitale hewed his way through the wood for a 160 game, and his mates helped out to the extent of a 598 team game.

Morisette's 140 game, and Appel's 362 set, topped the individual scoring in the Men's Lutheran League at Arcadia. St. Paul No. 1 kept the scoffers hustling with a 606 game and 1,682 total for the three.

LEGAL NOTICES

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY Washington, D. C., Aug. 25, 1932.

Notice is hereby given to all persons who may have claims against "North Capitol Savings Bank," Washington, D. C., that the same must be presented to Jno. S. Bryan, Receiver, with the legal proof thereof, within three months from this data, or they may be disallowed.
J. W. POLE, Comptroller of the Currency.
au25-no25

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY Washington, D. C., Sept. 9, 1932.

Notice is hereby given to all persons who may have claims against "Bank of Brightwood," Washington, D. C., that the same must be presented to Claude H. Woodward, Receiver, with the legal proof thereof, within three months from this date, or they may be disallowed.
J. W. POLE, Comptroller of the Currency.
se9tode8ine

PUBLIC NOTICES

TO RICHARD FRENCH, Owner of Record Address unknown. If living, if dead, unknown heirs of: You are hereby notified to remedy a condition existing on unimproved land, lot 69, square 28, in violation of law, consisting of unclean grass, paper, tin cans, etc. This condition should be remedied on or before the 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1932. Upon your failure so to do, the work will be done by the District authorities and the cost thereof, with the cost of this advertisement, will be taxed against the said property. H. B. CROSBY, J. C. GOTWALS, Commissioners, D. C. oc4,5,6

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE District of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy Court. In the matter of Douglas T. Polk, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy, No. 2707. Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that his creditors and other persons in interest are required to enter their appearance in opposition, if any so desire, in the clerk's office of said court on or before the 2D DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1932. FRED J. EDEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE District of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy Court. In the matter of Eugene Bianchi, individually and trading as "Ebbitt Cafeteria," Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy No. 2706. Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that his creditors and other persons in interest are required to enter their appearance in opposition, if any so desire, in the clerk's office of said court, on or before the 2D DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1932. FRED J. EDEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE District of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy Court. In the matter of Philip T. Hall, Inc., a Corporation, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy No. 2729. To the creditors of Philip T. Hall, Inc., a Corporation of the City of Washington, District of Columbia: Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of September, A. D. 1932, the said Philip T. Hall, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of its creditors will be held at my office in the Investment Building, Fifteenth and K streets northwest, Washington, D. C., on the 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1932, at 11 o'clock a. m., at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims (claims shall not be proved against the bankrupt estate subsequent to six months after the adjudication as stated above), appoint a trustee, examine the officers of the bankrupt corporation, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. FRED J. EDEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE District of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy Court. In the matter of The Fair, Inc., a Corporation, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy No. 2714. To the creditors of The Fair, Inc., a Corporation of the City of Washington, District of Columbia: Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of September, A. D. 1932, the said The Fair, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of its creditors will be held at my office in the Investment Building, Fifteenth and K streets northwest, Washington, D. C., on the 13TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1932, at 11 o'clock a. m., at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims (claims shall not be proved against the bankrupt estate subsequent to six months after the adjudication as stated above), appoint a trustee, examine the officers of the bankrupt corporation, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. FRED J. EDEN, Referee in Bankruptcy. oc5

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CLAIRVOYANTS 4

LICENSED BY DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

D'ASHMAN 1313 EYE ST. N.W. MET. 2557. Advice on all affairs of life.

MADAM PHILLIPS
Palmist and Adviser. I challenge the world in reading the history of one's life. I give true advice on business, love, health and family affairs; tell names of enemies and friends. Each reading strictly confidential. Located at 707 7th st. nw., over Morris Hardware Store. This clipping and $1.00 entitles you to a full life reading.

SPIRITUALISTS 5

J. K. SIMMONS, SPIRITUAL MEDIUM. Readings by appt.; seances Thurs., 8 p. m. 1341 NEWTON ST. NW. Col. 4342.

DR. JANE B. COATES—Readings by appointment. Col. 6277. 3 days free treatment with each. 1473 Meridian pl. nw.

DR. JANE B. COATES, 1473 MERIDIAN PLACE N.W. MESSAGE CIRCLE TONIGHT, 8:15.

MOTOR TRAVEL 6

PRIVATE cars to all points daily. U. S. Travel Bureau, 1221 Pa. ave.; Met. 7411.

AUTOMOBILES for SALE 7

CADILLAC—'31 de luxe coupe. Rumble seat; 8 wood wheels; 9,000 miles, like new; $2,200, now $1,450; terms. Cleve. 0955.

CHEVROLET 1930 4-door sedan; new tires, reconditioned motor; paint in perfect condition; wonderful value $259
DONOHOE-CHEVROLET, 1620 M St.

CHEVROLET COUPE, 1931; for out-of-town patron; very good condition. See Mr. Blake, Stonelelgh Garage, 1630 L st. nw.

FORD—Latest 1931 Victoria; Velma finished; everything same as new; car was owned by lady who gave it best of care; sell on terms, $349. Nolan's, 1111 Eighteenth st. nw.

HUDSON 1929 SEDAN
Black and green duco; 6 wire wheels; like new throughout; low mileage; $345.
STANLEY H. HORNER, INC.
1015 14th St. N.W. Na. 5800

HUDSON 1929 Sedan. Black and green duco; 6 wire wheels; like new throughout; low mileage; $345.
STANLEY H. HORNER, INC.
1015 14th st. nw. Na. 5800.

HUPMOBILE 1931 Custom 8 de luxe sedan, car sold new for more than $2,000. Price very low for quick sale. Your car in trade. Easy terms.
H. B. LEARY, JR. & BROS., 1321 14th St.

$100.00 allowance on any used car selling for more than $300, providing your car will run to our showroom.
GRAHAM MOTOR SALES, 1526 14th St. NW.

WANTED—AUTOMOBILES 13

WE BUY any make car; highest prices paid. See us before you sell. Auto Mart. Open evenings and Sundays. North 8127

1333 14TH ST. N.W.

CASH FOR YOUR CAR
Without a doubt I pay highest price. If your car is not paid for, tell me your undue balance, give you the difference in cash. No delay. Drive to 1729 14th st. nw.
SEE MR. BARNES

HELP WANTED—FEMALE 17

BEAUTY OPERATOR wanted; must be first-class. Apply Longfellow Beauty Shop, 5521 Colorado ave. nw.

HELP WANTED—MALE 18

BARBER—Wanted; first class. Apply 806 Upshur st. nw.

I WILL INTERVIEW 2 men for steady positions; pay, $20 week to start. Room 603, 1319 F st. nw.

PATENTED tool makes old faucets good as new; make money selling it or repairing faucets with it. Write Bathcrafters, 1829 S. Cloverdale, Los Angeles.

TEN BARBERS wanted; first class only. Also two managers, with references. Open Friday. 312 9th st. nw.

YOUNG MAN for printing trade; must have some experience on job presses; $10. 1623 H st. nw.

MEN (3) WITH GOOD RECORD. SALARY TO START.
For outside work, presenting free giveaway to consumer on new merchandising plan of finishing. Apply Corporation, Suite 1096, National Press Bldg.

WANTED—
COLORED CHAUFFEURS
OWN YOUR OWN CAB
Come in and drive a brand new car
GENERAL CAB CO.
81 M St. SW.

CITY CAB CO.
Chauffeurs to drive brand-new cabs; apply
CITY CAB CORP.
1121 21st St. N.W.

WANTED—COLORED CHAUFFEURS.
Here is your biz chance. Own your own cab. Brand-new cabs available immediately.
Apply
PRUDOM CAB CO.
1936 9th St. N.W.

SANTA CLAUS—Preferably with natural gray beard, for about seven weeks' work with a leading department store. State age, height, weight and previous employment. Attach snapshot or inexpensive picture to letter of application; picture will not be returned. Address Box 60, Washington Post.

HELP—Male and Female 19

TYPISTS, clerks; 50c hour, payable tuition; choice, many home-study courses; day or evening. Research University, 1607 Eye st.

SALESMEN—AGENTS 20

AMAZE buyers everywhere; sell new super Christmas box to every one; 21 assorted all folders, novelties, parchments, only $1; 100% profit; season's sensation; also 50c-75c sellers and monogrammed personal cards. Write quick. Artistic, Elmira, N. Y.

WE WANT a high caliber salesman to represent us in Washington, D. C., and surrounding territory. He must be a good salesman because the job we have for him requires genuine ability. We have something worth while to offer, a line of the world's lowest priced and best money making commercial popcorn machines on the market—bar none. We also offer exclusive territorial sales rights, very liberal commissions and an unlimited future opportunity. If you have the experience and ability to qualify, see C. W. Pierce at the Raleigh Hotel this morning after 9 o'clock.

SITUATIONS—FEMALE 21

EXPERIENCED cook and gen. worker, colored, neat, willing; good ref. Col. 7377.

GENERAL house work wanted by woman; experienced worker; good cook; can serve; keep house. North 3291-W.

NEAT colored girl wants work as salad girl or general housework; good refs. Lincoln 9589-M.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced in secretarial and all phases of office work, including patent work. Walnut 8766-J.

YOUNG woman with business experience desires position in doctor's or dentist's office; reasonable salary. Na. 7920.

SITUATIONS—MALE 22

CHAUFFEUR—Colored; wants work; private family or delivery; reliable. Call Line. 4289-M.

CHAUFFEUR, houseman, butler; refs.; drive any make of car. North 6006.

FILIPINO chauffeur, valet, butler or cook wishes position; 10 years' exp.; best refs. Box 61, Washington Post.

HOUSEMAN—Gardener, white, good worker, wants position or any kind of work; best refs. H. S., 411 4th st. nw.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES 24

ANY shop catering to ladies, such as ready-to-wear, millinery, &c., who would like to cut their expenses and at the same time help attract business, in a proposition of sharing a small portion of store, please respond to Washington Post, Box 64.

BARBER SHOP—New furniture; for sale very reasonable, with small cash payment. V. Thalis Barber Sr., 628 G st. nw.

LOST 1

FRATERNITY RING—SILVER; IN VICINITY OF HAINS POINT. REWARD. COL. 4003.

PLATINUM bar pin, set with diamonds and sapphires, lost probably between Woodward & Lothrop's and Hecht's, on Saturday; reward. Em. 3430.

FOUND 2

IN DIAMOND CABS:
Keys (2), by Driver No. 771.
Book (Hebrew), by Driver No. 221.
Glove (1 black kid), by Driver No. 230.
Gloves (2 tan mesh) by Driver No. 583.
Umbrella (man's), by Driver No. 106.
Call Lost and Found Dept. North 2868.

PERSONALS 3

JAMES BUTLER (chauffeur) please telephone for information. Mrs. G. B. P., Decatur 6024.

HEMORRHOIDS (piles) eradicated by own method; results guaranteed for life or money back; write for booklet, Dr. Summerwreck, 1365 Columbia road.

MASSAGE, baths; white graduate nurse; open evenings. Met. 4452.

WHEN DEATH STRIKES A FAILY
There is no need for them to feel that they must accept inferior funeral services due to inability to pay a high price. THE GREATER W. W. CHAMBERS offers a complete funeral, cars and all, for as little as $75; the world's finest waterproof airtight, guaranteed steel burial vault may be had from Chambers for $85. In case of death, call the Greater W. W. Chambers Co., 14th st. corner Chapin st. nw.; Columbia 0432.

CLAIRVOYANTS 4

LICENSED BY DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

MME. GARRIGUES, Psychic Adviser. Hrs. 3-9. Readg., 75c. 2514 17th st. Co. 5845-R

PROF. WRIGHT, Medium.
Seance every Sun., Wed., Fri., 8 p. m. 450 N. J. ave. se. Appointment, Linc. 10027

MADAM MEMBRANCE
Clairvoyant Palmist, reads your past, present and future. If you are in trouble, consult me. I will tell you what you want to know. Special $2 reading, $1. Hours, 9 to 9; Sunday, 9 to 3. 900 11th st. nw.

PRINCESS KYRA Hindu Palmist
Reads your entire life, giving names, dates and facts pertaining to your welfare and happiness. Special reading this week, $1.00. Hours, 9 to 9. 307 7th st. nw.

THE WONDER MAN.
Knows all. Tells all—Sees all—Tells what is on your mind. Never has seen you. Tells what you wish to know without asking a question. You have been to others, now see the best. Prof. Avon, 943 Pa. ave. nw., next to Franklin Nat'l Bank. Hours, 9-9. Don't mistake address.

30 Years' Continuous License
CARLETTA PSYCHOLOGIST. ASTROLOGIST
Tells Object of Call and Your Name

How to overcome enemies, retain the love, the affection, the esteem of the one you love. Who and when you will marry. Consultation on love, courtship marriage, divorce, business, investments of all kinds. How to obtain future success and happiness.

When consulting a Clairvoyant you want the best in the profession. DIFFERENT METHODS. NO CASE IS HOPELESS.
922 14TH ST. N.W. OVER CLAFLIN'S OPTICAL CO.
Hours, 10 to 8. Consultations, NA. 7775.

STRANGE AS IT SEEMS —By John Hix

THE Sahara Desert, besides its vast plains of rolling hot sands, contains several mountain ranges, some of them with peaks so high that snow falls there several months each year. The Ahaggar or Hoggar plateau, located in almost the exact center of the desert, has several snow-covered peaks. Snow also falls in the southeastern part of the Sahara, on the Tibesti plateau.

• • • •

The spoonbill has, as its name indicates, a bill shaped peculiarly like a spoon. In fact, in countries where this now nearly extinct bird thrived, natives caught it for its bills. The spoon was scraped and polished, then used as a household spoon. The bird uses its bill to catch crabs and fish.

• • • •

Dom Perignon, a Benedictine monk, is credited with inventing the method for making champagne. It is held that he added a little sugar to his wines one year, discovering by accident how to make a new beverage.

Colors give added realism to strange things and happenings illustrated by John Hix on a full page in The Sunday Post.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES 24

BARBER SHOP—In good location, fully equipped; reasonable price. Box 63, Washington Post.

FOR RENT—Beautiful room for beauty parlor; in a barber shop. 1216 14th nw.

REAL ESTATE LOANS 27

FIRST AND SECOND TRUST LOANS.
C. P. WARING,
1416 F st. nw. National 9172.

MISCELLANEOUS for SALE 35

A SALE of unprecedented value; the Capital Art Gallery and Auction Rooms, 724 13th st. nw., sells today and tomorrow at afternoon and evening sessions, a stock of fine arts and antiques valued at $150,000.

BEAUTIFUL chest of drawers, odd settee, ladder-back rocker, da-bed, all mahogany; splendid condition. 1824 Biltmore st. nw.

BICYCLES—Rollfast and other high-grade wheels; repairing. Hazleton Bicycle & Sporting Goods Co., 424 9th st. nw.

PIANO—Practically new; small mahogany grand; has seen very little use; will sacrifice; terms. Box 41, Washington Post.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS 36

BOOKS BOUGHT—Bring them or phone ME. 5415. Pearlman's, 933 G st. nw.

PIANO—Will pay cash for a small grand if the price is reasonable. Box 62, Washington Post.

WANTED—Purchase used heating boiler rated 7,000 sq. ft.; quote lowest cash price on car; bond required good condition on delivery. Atlantic Christian College, Wilson, N. C.

GOLD, SILVER, WATCHES
Diamonds and Old Jewelry needed for our mfg. dept. Full cash value paid.
SELINGER'S 818 F ST. NW.

COUNTRY BOARD 39

COMFORTABLE home; steam heat, bath; electric lights; fall and winter guests Mrs. Roy I. Hyndman, Frederick, Md., Box 275.

LYON VILLAGE—Clarendon, Va., 116 Wheeler ave. 2 large rooms, adj. bath; in private home; board optional; garage; reasonable. Call Clarendon 2380.

ROOMS—FURNISHED 42

ADDISON AVE., 321 (Virginia Highlands, Va.)—Attractive, second-story front room; next bath. Call after 5 p. m.

ANNAPOLIS—Desirable furn. suite; 2 rms. and bath; priv. home; overlooking Severn; near highway; refs. desired. Reply Annapolis 659-W.

ARIZONA HOTEL—310 C st. nw., block off Pa. ave.; neatly furnished rooms; lobby; 3 baths on each floor; shower bath; continuous hot water; $4 week up; transients, 75c to $1.

ATTRACTIVE room; private bath; quiet home for gentleman; garage; reasonable; near Wardman Park Hotel. Ad. 6974.

ATTRACTIVE rooms in apt. bldg. at 2120 G and 1030 17th nw.; $3 to $5. Call Manager West 0649.

BELMONT RD. NW., 1805—Nr. 18th and Columbia rd. Cheerful front room; real home; every convenience; reas. Col. 8238.

CENTRAL—1st fl. fr. liv. bedrm. (fireplace, piano), kitchen; comfortable, clean, quiet; also except. rm. and suite; refs. 1626 17th.

CALVERT ST. NW., 1902—Off 18th st. and Columbia rd. Front room, semiprivate bath; gentleman; reas. Col. 1214-J.

CALVERT ST. NW., 1855, Apt. 45—Beautifully furn. front room, for one or two; no other roomers; elev., tel.; Chevy Chase and Mt. Pleasant car lines; reasonable.

CHEVY CHASE, MD. — 406 Surrey st. Room, with sleeping porch; detached home; board optional; garage. Wis. 4405.

CHURCH ST. NW., 1732—Bet. 17th and 18th sts. Pea and Que sts. 4 students wanted; private home. Decatur 1748.

COL. RD., 1834—3 wk.; single rms.; clean, warm, outside; 4 baths; inst. h. w.; steam heat; 2 car lines; gent. Ad. 10213.

CONN. AVE., 5115—Large, pleasant, rm.; semipvt. bath; cont. hot water; unlimited phone; private home. Em. 8692.

DOWNTOWN—An unusual apt., 1 r., k. b.; ideal for employed; complete, well fur., very homelike; clean, quiet, spacious; refs. 1717 DeSales.

DUPONT CIRCLE—1747 P st. Nice clean single or double rooms; in physician's home; every convenience; reasonable.

EYE ST. NW., 1539 (Apt. 4)—Large, front room; also small room; cont. hot water; every convenience; reas.

F ST. NW., 2026—Beautiful large front room; newly renovated and furnished; also room with inclosed sleeping porch; shower bath; private family. Met. 5607.

F ST. SW., 485—Nicely furnished rooms; good location; convenient to car lines and churches; board optional.

F ST. NW., 2036—Large front room; for 1 or 2 men; twin beds; also single room. $14 month; h. w. heat, phone.

FAIRMONT ST. NW., 1304—Choice of 2 lovely rms.; attractive home; one has studio couch; excellent accommodations. Adams 3449.

FAIRMONT ST., 1326—Large front room; 3 windows; furnished for l. h. k.; telephone; laundry. Ad. 2645.

FOR a refined gentleman; spacious room, with running water; semiprivate bath; moderate rent. 1425 Columbia rd.

H ST. NW., 2122—Attractive rms. for light housekeeping; nicely furn.; 3 with private baths; 2d floor.

INGLESIDE TERRACE NW., 1820—Large bright front room, kitchen and bath; gas, elec. and phone; h.-w. h.; 30 per mo. Adams 8285.

IROQUOIS (apt. 503, 1410 M st. nw.)—Attractive furnished room, next to bath; all conveniences; twin beds; downtown.

LAMONT ST. NW., 1507—Private family will rent room; next bath; 2d floor; to employed lady; $12 month.

ROOMS—FURNISHED 42

M ST. NE., 1820—Living room and sleeping porch; 1 or 2 gentlemen; semiprivate bath; reasonable.

MT. PLEASANT—3362 18th st., near Rock Creek Park. Large front room; homelike. Phone Col. 4036.

N ST. NW., 1426—Single room; very reas.; hot-water heat; elec.; cont. hot water; owner; garage.

NEAR Wardman Park Hotel; beautiful rm.; for gentleman; all conveniences; adj. bath. Col. 6746 or Nati. 4619.

NEAR White House and Govt. depts.; Elizabeth Willard's Home of Refinement, 1907 G st. nw.; quiet, restful outside rooms, adj. baths; single and double; running water; scrupulously clean; $6, $7, $8 and $10 weekly; $25 up monthly; also room, private bath; splendid meals across street. Telephone Dist. 2309.

ONTARIO PL. NW., 1810—Large, well-furnished front rooms next bath; every convenience; oppo. Ontario. Col. 1396-J.

OVERLOOKING ROCK CREEK PARK—2033 Pk. rd. Large, attractive 2d-floor front; clean, quiet, comfortable; cont. h. w.; phone; gentleman; $18; garage. Ad. 1014.

PARK RD. NW., 1312—Bright, clean, well furnished, attractive rooms; instantaneous hot water; rent very reasonable.

PARK ROAD, 1827—Large, very attractive corner room; private bath; also smaller room. Col. 10322.

RESEARCHMEN'S CLUB—Ideal location downtown; $20-$40; select, scholarly service; shower bath; near White House. 1607 Eye st.

R. I. AVE. NW., 1467—Large front rm., facing R. I. ave.; 2 nice ones 2nd fl.; semi-priv. bath; delicious meals; $35 up.

ROCHAMBEAU—Apt. 703. Beautiful front room; for 1 or 2.

ROOM adjoining bath, for lady employed; quiet home; reasonable; near Wardman Park Hotel. Ad 6974.

T ST. NW., 78—Corner residence; homelike; room for gentleman; 2 windows; next bath; private home; hot-water heat; reasonable.

VALOIS APTS.—1330 Mass. ave. nw., Apt. 25. Nicely furn. 2-rm. apt.; also desirable furnished room.

VIC. DUPONT CIR.—Very comfort., cheery, well-fur. 1-3 rm. apts. for quiet, refined guests; abundant heat and h. w., jan.; refs. 1633 Q.

221 3D ST. NW.—Large, bay-window front room; cont. h. w.; housekeeping apt.; completely furnished. Met. 8694.

3D ST. NW., 426—Two front rooms; also 1 large back room; running water; l. h. k.; $5-$7 wk.

1037 5TH ST. NE.—Second floor; 2 large, communicating, nicely furnished rooms for l. h. k.; next to bath; reasonable.

11TH ST. NW., 1111—Downtown. Desirable rms., $3.50 wk. up; trans., $1 night.

12TH ST. NW., 1242—Large front room; $4 week; also smaller rooms.

12TH ST. NW., 1017—Nicely furnished rooms; all modern improvements; excellent location; rates very reasonable.

1402 L ST. NW.—Front room; private bath; hot and cold water; maid service; gentleman only.

1521 R. I. (Scott Circle)—Front double; single room; prices, $12.50 to $20.00, according to number in room.

1917 K ST. NW.—First floor; private bath; business or residence; single and double rooms; $15 and up.

1846 16TH ST. NW.—Desirable single room; next bath; cont. hot water; $15; gentleman.

1827 PARK RD.—Large, delightful studio apt.; for couple or several men; furn. or unfurn.; reasonable. Col. 10322.

1862 PARK RD. NW.—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and porch; neat and cozy. $40.

19TH ST. NW., 1813—Beautifully furn. 2d-floor front; 5 windows; $12.50 each; also single rm., $4.50 wk.; h. k. Pot. 5132.

218T ST., 1708—Bet. R and S. Large front double and single rms.; twin beds; separate closets; kitchen privileges.

4600 9TH ST. NW.—Double front rm.; twin beds, pri. bath; 2 gentlemen; $25; single rm., $13. Ad. 6128.

MERRILL MANSIONS.
1361 Fairmont st. nw. Rms. of better sort; gentlemen; large, sunny; newly decorated; $7 to $9 wk.; also 2-rm. apt.; k. and b.; screened porch; refs.

2112 R ST. NW.
Attractive single and double rooms; nicely furn.; gentlemen; board optional. NO. 1914.

Live at the Hotel Harrington and Walk to Work
Eleventh & E Sts. N.W.
Single rooms and bath, $10.00 to $15.00 weekly.
Double rooms and bath, twin beds, $15.00 to $20.00 weekly.
These rates made only to guests remaining at least four consecutive weeks. Come in and let us show you the most homelike hotel right in the heart of the city.
Restaurant Prices Reduced:
Breakfast from 25 to 50 cents
Luncheon from 40 to 65 cents
Dinner, 75 cents to $1.00

Furnished or Unfurnished 44

6TH ST. NE., 613—Beautiful front room and kitchenette; for l. h. k.; bath some floor; prefer Govt. employes; private home; adults.

ROOMS and BOARD 45

ATTRACTIVE rooms; for persons desiring a real home; every comfort; private bath (shower); excellent meals; walking distance. 1020 16th st. nw.

BILTMORE ST. NW., 1824—Lovely warm room; beautiful quiet home; excellent meals; refined person only; dining room open to few outside guests; references.

CONNECTICUT AVE., 2711 AND 2803—Splendidly furnished large and small rooms; some semiprivate baths; excellent home cooking.

HAMILTON ST. NW., 1503—Detached priv. residence; home cooking; block 14th st. cars and 16th st. bus.

KANSAS AVE., 5627—New house; double front room, private bath; for couple; home cooking, excellent table.

M ST. NW., 1709—Comfortable home; Southern family; automatic heat; hot water, telephone.

N ST. NW., 1903—Nicely furn. single and double rooms; refined atmosphere; centrally located; excellent meals.

ONTARIO ROAD, 2708—Single-double rooms; all conveniences; h.-w. heat; cont. hot water; $35, $37.50, $40; for four students club, $30 each; comfortable home; house phone.

THE ROSE INN—1309 17th st. nw. Room with or without board; double room, with private bath. Dec. 0891.

10TH ST. NW., 1126—Light, airy rms.; delicious home-cooked food; early bkfst.; packed lunches; price reas. DI. 3989.

1124 12TH ST. NW.—Good downtown location; attractively furn.; thoroughly heated and lighted; delicious home-cooked meals. $32.50 up.

1523 16TH—Unusually large front room, priv. bath; several girls; another for several young men; also double, single.

19TH ST. NW., 1822—Bright rooms; newly furn.; all conveniences; privileges of own home; attractive meals; reasonable. North 9844.

CLUB FAUNTLEROY,
1772 Mass. ave. nw. Unusual opportunities for 2 or girls; $30. NO. 7967.

1851-1855 WYOMING AVE. NW.
Live in beautiful home in exclusive, convenient neighborhood; excellent meals, lovely single and double rms.; dances, card parties; spacious living rms.; privileges; rates, $35-$50. Also vacancies for 3 students, $25 mo., rm. and board. Col. 6307.

The Helene Club for Girls.
1730 16TH ST. NW.
Lovely home; every convenience. DE. 4534.

1834 CONNECTICUT AVE.
(Third door from corner.)
Beautiful large room fronting on Conn. ave., twin beds, individual closets, bath and shower. Also large single room. Reasonable.

APARTMENTS—Furnished 50

ATTRACTIVELY furn. 5-rm., 2-bath apt.; large open porch; reception hall; gas and electricity included; rent, $125; desirable location. Phone Col. 5668.

E. CAPITOL ST., 200—1-4 rms., bath, $7 to $9.50 weekly; suburbs, 2 and 4 rms., $5 to $8.50. Linc. 2637.

LATIN QUARTER APT.—Living rm., 18x24; 3 exposures; wood fireplace; dressing rm., bath, dining rm., kitchenette; Frigid.

The Washington Post. OCTOBER 8, 1932

MENTAL DISORDERS BLAMED FOR MOST INDUSTRY ACCIDENTS

Public Service Head Tells Safety Congress Psychologist Could Curb Defects.

Eighty per cent of the industrial accidents in America could be combated most effectively by the ministrations of the psychologist, declared F. G. Buffe, vice president of the Kansas City Public Service Co., in an address yesterday before the electric railway section of the twenty-first annual safety congress in session here.

Most of the accidents, said Mr. Buffe, can be laid to the mental condition of the responsible principals. Therefore, he concluded, the psychologist is more of an asset to the great factory than is the physician.

"Why do certain people seem to be Jonahs," said Mr. Buffe, "either always hurting themselves or others?" This and other questions relating to the mental condition of industrial workers, Mr. Buffe contended, should be looked into thoroughly.

Beginning of Accidents.

"Accidents are made at the breakfast table," continued Mr. Buffe, "by home conditions, and by many factors not connected with the job. Perfect eyesight means little if the mind behind the eye is not seeing."

Outstanding among speakers before the safety congress yesterday was Secretary of Labor William N. Doak, who urged "eternal vigilance" on the part of industrialists and workers in their campaign for safety.

Reviewing laws passed for the protection of workers, Secretary Doak declared, "My claim that education precedes, and must necessarily accompany, any regulation for the promotion and maintenance of safety measures * * *."

Doak Adds Suggestion.

"Let me add a practical suggestion," said Secretary Doak. "It is well that we remember the Revolutionary slogan which aroused the spirits of the patriots in 1776 when they uttered and repeated that—

"'Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty.'

"Recalling that great truth as being essential to stir the hearts of men in a divine purpose during those eventful days, it is equally certain that 'eternal vigilance' today is the price of safety wherever we work, rest or travel."

Led by William A. Van Duzer, many of the delegates to the safety congress toured the city yesterday afternoon in an inspection of the system of traffic direction here.

Light Systems Interest.

Of considerable interest to the delegates were the light systems, particularly the set-up for guidance of the vehicular flow around the circles that dot the populated centers of the city and which were devised by Maj. L'Enfant many years before heavy traffic was a factor for city leaders to deal with.

The tour of the city took more than two hours, during which the many ingenious devices installed under Mr. Van Duzer were pointed out.

Rush-hour traffic, the peak caused by the exodus of Government workers from their offices, was also observed by the safety congress delegates.

Railway Head Speaks.

Railway accidents were discussed before the congress by R. H. Aishton, president of the American Railway Association, who declared that the chances of a railroad passenger being killed were 150,000,000 to 1.

In 1931, said Mr. Aishton, only four persons were killed in train accidents, compared with 7 in 1930 and 76 in 1929. "For each fatality in 1931, the railroads carried more than 150,000,000 persons * * *."

Last night a group of visiting police officials, delegates to the safety congress, were entertained at a dinner at the Willard Hotel. Brig. Gen. Pelham D. Glassford, superintendent of police, welcomed the visitors, and introduced Inspector E. W. Brown, of the Traffic Bureau, who acted as toastmaster.

District Federal Workers to Meet

Local Fderation to Hold Ninth Annual Meeting Tonight.

Plans for solution of problems confronting the Government employes will be outlined at the ninth annual meeting of the District Federation of Federal Employes in the Carlton Hotel tonight.

The federation is composed of the locals of the National Federation of Federal Employes in Washington, numbering 13 with a membership of approximately 18,000. John W. Ginder, of the Treasury Department, is president of the District Federation.

Luther C. Steward, president; Miss Gertrude McNally, secretary-treasurer, and Ulrey J. Biller, seventh vice president of the National Federation, will address the meeting, outlining the legislative plans of the federation. John D. Cloud, national organizer, will discuss the organization's work from the viewpoint of the field employes. Officers will be elected for the ensuing year.

War Department Lodge Nominates

Miss Coyle Is Selected for Presidency of Federation Group.

Members of War Department Local, No. 261, National Federation of Federal Employes, last night nominated officers for the coming year, final ratification to take place November 1. John D. Cloud, national organizer, addressed the group.

Nominated were Miss G. E. Coyle, for president; James J. Dore, for first vice president; Herbert Solomon, for second vice president; Miss S. C. Donohue, for third vice president, and William S. Kinney, for secretary-treasurer.

The executive board was named as follows: Miss Loretta Corcoran, Mrs. R. K. Pedigo and Miss Oba Jan Gibson. Indorsement was voted of the organization's national legislative program.

TEST SHOWS GRAIN DUST HAS REAL KICK

Post Staff Photo.

Members of the food section of the twenty-first congress and exposition of the National Safety Council in convention here this week had a bang-up party at the Arlington Experimental Farms yesterday when Dr. D. J. Price, of the Bureau of Chemistry and Soils of the Agriculture Department, presented a series of dust explosions and showed how they could be controlled by proper ventilation. Photo shows grain dust really has a kick.

DUST DANGER SHOWN AT SAFETY SESSION

Series of Explosions Proves Hazard; Necessity of Ventilation Told.

A special experimental laboratory building at Arlington Farms was deliberately rocked yesterday with a series of explosions caused by the combustion of the dusts of a number of common household commodities, including soap, milk and sugar.

The demonstration was put on under the auspices of the Department of Agriculture with Chemical Engineer David J. Price in charge. It was designed to show delegates to the National Safety Congress meeting here this week how to avoid such happenings in their numerous factories scattered throughout the country.

In spite of the high humidity which later changed to rain the blasts went off with tremendous violence and had it not been for the presence of safety precautions the building undoubtedly would have been demolished.

The explosions were produced by suspending a considerable amount of the dust of the substance under test in the air in the laboratory. The dust was then brought in contact with a "hot spot" which ignited it.

Included in the list of substances tested yesterday were powdered milk, soap, baking powder, sugar, wood dust, charcoal, grain and cork.

Catholic Society Selects Officers

Miss Mary C. Boland Is Named Again as Grand Regent.

Miss Mary C. Boland was unanimously reelected grand regent of the Washington Catholic Daughters of America at the meeting held at the clubhouse, 601 E street northwest, last night.

Other officers relected were Mrs. Anna Holmes, treasurer; Miss Mary Creahen, financial secretary; Miss Katherine Ruppert, historian; Miss Ethel Sweet, prophetess, and Miss Josephine Walsh, organist.

Newly elected officers were Miss Mary Fitzhugh, organist; Miss Annabel Arendes, vice regent; Mrs. Rose Nikolai, corresponding secretary; Miss Margaret Cahill, monitor; Miss Margaret A. Ruppert, sentinel, and Miss Romona Raley, lecturer. Mrs. Mary T. Shanahan and Miss Katherine Keeley were elected trustees.

Motorcyclist Hurt in Crash.

B. W. Barton, of Forest Glen, Md., suffered a fractured right arm yesterday when thrown from his motorcycle after colliding with a District refuse truck at Thirteenth street and Iowa avenue northwest. He was treated at Garfield Hospital.

Boston Zone Trolley Fare Is Detailed

The two-zone fare system for street railway and bus operation is functioning satisfactorily in the Boston metropolitan area and suburbs, according to a letter received yesterday by People's Counsel Richmond B. Keech from A. J. Boardman, vice president and general manager of the Eastern Massachusetts Street Railway Co., Boston.

Answering an inquiry from Mr. Keech, who several weeks ago proposed a 5-cent zone for the downtown district of Washington, Mr. Boardman said that the number of passengers a day had jumped from 13,660 at a fare of from 6¼ to 10 cents to 23,000 in the 5-cent zones.

The two-zone system has been in operation in the Boston area for two years but is still in the experimental stage, Mr. Boardman said. The size of the 5-cent zones varies from .6 of a mile to 2.1 miles, whereas the average is 1.1 miles across. All cars are operated by only one motorman-conductor.

The Public Utilities Commission is still awaiting the agreement of the Washington Railway & Electric Co. directors to participate in a conference regarding Mr. Keech's proposal or some other form of zone fare operation. The Capital Traction Co. and the Washington Rapid Transit Co. have already accepted an invitation to the parley.

Columbia Heights Group Backs Zone Trolley Fare

Unanimous approval of a 5-cent fare in the downtown district was given by the Columbia Heights Citizens Association last night after Richmond B. Keech, people's counsel, gave a detailed explanation of the proposed reduced rate.

The association voted to ask the Federation of Citizens Associations why it has never made a report on the proposed reorganization of the District Engineering Department. Recommendation was made that an adequate force of assessors be installed to decide where reduction in taxes can be put into effect.

Rezoning of a square between Euclid and Fairmont streets and Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets so that garages may be built was opposed. A delegation was instructed to appear before the zoning commission today to voice the association's disapproval. Report was received that the Teachers College at Eleventh and Harvard streets northwest, now under repair, will be reopened next February.

Man Hurt as Bottles Fall.

A case of catsup bottles falling from a shelf in a grocery in the Northeast Market struck Thomas H. White, 56, of 3523 O street northwest, on the head, seriously injuring him yesterday. He was taken to Casualty Hospital, where he was treated for a possible fracture of the skull.

ABNER SIEGAL HELD ON FUGITIVE CHARGE

Lawyer Taken on Warrant From Pennsylvania After Appeal Hearing.

As he emerged from the Court of Appeals building yesterday following the conclusion of a two-hour hearing on his appeal from a conviction in the District Supreme Court, on charges of bribing a guard in the District jail, Abner Siegal, prominent attorney, was arrested by deputy United States marshals.

The warrant held by the marshals charged Siegal with being a fugitive from justice from Wilkesbarre, Pa. It was in this city that the charges against Siegal arose.

He was promptly taken to Police Court, where a bond of $3,000 was posted for his appearance 30 days from now. The move to remand him to Pennsylvania was continued at the request of Michael F. Keogh, assistant United States attorney.

Pennsylvania officials would not say what Siegal was wanted for. They did say that they had waited until he had argued his case in the Court of Appeals, and then had served the papers on him.

Siegal was convicted here last spring of giving a bribe to a guard in the District jail. The guard was allegedly paid to substitute a card in the District jail records so that a client of Siegal's would be shown to have been here when a crime for which he was wanted in Pennsylvania, was committed. At that time he was sentenced to eighteen months imprisonment.

Armistice Day Jubilee Publicity Leader Named

Isaac Gans has been named honorary chairman of the publicity committee in connection with the Armistice Day jubilee of the Veterans of Foreign Wars to be held at the Washington Auditorium on the night of November 11.

Other persons who will assist at the function are Brig. Gen. George S. Simonds, Col. Leroy W. Herron, Mrs. Sallie V. H. Pickett, Hardie Meakin, Miss Margaret Hart and Leroy Mark.

Famous Artillery "Captures" Capital

Ancient and Honorables of Massachusetts Make Fast Tour of City.

Clad in Colonial uniforms, the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Massachusetts, without the loss of a man, yesterday added another day to its 295 years of history, with the assault, capture and evacuation of Washington. The assault was a lightning tour of the city's historical and interesting places under the capable direction of the park police.

Stops on the itinerary were made at the Scottish Rite Temple, the Zoo, Rock Creek Park, Fort Myer, Arlington National Cemetery, Mount Vernon and the Lincoln Memorial. Wreaths were placed at the tombs of Gen. Washington and the Unknown Soldier.

The company returned to Baltimore last night, where its chartered ship, the S. S. Fairfax, waited under steam ready to proceed to Hampton Roads, Va., the next scheduled port of call on the voyage.

More Chairmen For Chest Named

Plans for Autumn Drive Are Rapidly Taking Shape.

In preparation for the 1933 campaign of the Community Chest, which will be held November 14-23, inclusive, Newbold Noyes, chairman of the general campaign committee, yesterday strengthened his committee by the addition of eight vice chairmen. The newly named officials are E. F. Colladay, Frederic A. Delano, Robert V. Fleming, C. C. Glover, jr., Mrs. Charles A. Goldsmith, Gen. John J. Pershing, Corcoran Thom and John Poole.

Chairman Noyes had previously named Joseph P. Tumulty and Arthur Hellen as vice chairmen and the eight names yesterday brings the total to ten.

The task undertaken by the general campaign committee has grown to such proportions that additional vice chairmen were found necessary.

NAVY YARD WORKER, NAMING ASSAILANT, DIES OF GUN WOUNDS

Police So Far Unsuccessful in Search for Suspect; Inquest Tomorrow.

Naming Harrison Kaiser, 42, as his assailant, James F. Morgan, 51, Machinists Union official, who was employed at the Navy Yard, died yesterday in Emergency Hospital from six bullet wounds which he suffered as he was leaving his home at 3629 Jocelyn street northwest, last Thursday night.

Suspect Still Missing.

Police, who have been unsuccessful in their search for Kaiser, said yesterday that Morgan named the missing man, a member of the union who recently had been discharged from the Navy Yard, as the man who fired the shots.

Morgan was shot as he left his home to attend a meeting of Columbia Lodge, No. 175, of the Machinists Union, of which organization he was the financial secretary. His daughter, Eleanor, 14, witnessed the shooting. Two of the bullets struck Morgan in the abdomen, and he was also wounded in the left arm, neck, side and hip.

Inquest Tomorrow.

An abandoned automobile, said to belong to Kaiser, was discovered by police. Relatives of the fugitive said that he had no money with him when last seen. Morgan is survived by his wife, Mrs. Eleanor Morgan, and three children, Alice, 24, Leonard, 21, and Eleanor. An inquest will be held at 11 a. m. tomorrow.

Father of Three Resigns Position and Disappears

A police broadcast was sent out yesterday for George S. Cartner, 32, of 5222 Fifth street northwest, who left a note in the office of the District Title Insurance Co., where he was employed, tendering his resignation, and has not returned to his home, where his wife and three small children seek trace of him.

Cartner was last seen Monday afternoon, and at that time was wearing a brown suit. He is described as being 5 feet 10 inches tall, weighing 170 pounds and having light brown hair and dark blue eyes. Neither his family nor employers were able to suggest any motive for his disappearance.

Comdr. Kinkaid Sent To Battleship Colorado

Commander Thomas C. Kinkaid will leave Washington in January to become executive officer of the battleship Colorado, it was announced yesterday. Commander Kinkaid makes his home at the Chevy Chase Club.

He served as American naval expert during the session of the preparatory committee for the Geneva disarmament conference.

Jack Denny Picks 2 in Radio Audition

Miss Jean Peeples and Mrs. Robert Ash to Appear With Him on Stage.

A deadlock between the two leading contestants in the Jack Denny radio audition yesterday resulted in the selection of Miss Jean Peeples and Mrs. Robert Ash as winners. The contest, which was attended by many members of Washington's younger social set, was held at the Wardman Park Hotel.

The two women will appear with Denny for one week at the Wardman Park, beginning Friday. They also will appear for a week at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel in New York when Mr. Denny opens the empire room there October 29 for the winter social season.

The contest was close. Other contestants were Miss Claire Borges, Miss Frances Matthews, Miss Helen Mark and Albert Conradis. Among those who watched the proceedings were Miss Rebecca Davidson, Miss Mary Jacobs, Mrs. Bowman MacArthur, Miss Laura Tuckerman, Miss Elsie Ekengren, Miss Harriet Anderson, Miss Virginia Eagle and Miss Margaret Gibbins.

Republicans Will Hear Son of Senator Dale

George N. Dale, son of Senator Dale, of Vermont, will be guest speaker at the first rally of young Republicans which will be held tomorrow night at 8 o'clock in the auditorium of the clubhouse at Sixteenth street and Scott circle.

A second speaker will be Donald Sherbondy, instructor of international law at American University. He will speak on "Cancellation of the Foreign Debt."

APPEAR IN PAGEANT OF STATES

Post Staff Photo.

Frances Williams (left) and Vera Miller who will participate in the Pageant of the States, a feature of the Democratic rally and expositions to be held October 8 to 22 at Georgia and Alaska avenues. Prizes will be awarded the girl receiving the greatest number of votes as making the best appearance in the pageant.

SCALE CHECK STOPS LOSS TO COAL USERS

Weights Official Says Lack of Device Cost Consumers Many Thousands.

The loss of "hundreds of thousand of dollars" by Washington coal consumers because of the lack of adequate large scale testing equipment was revealed yesterday by George M. Roberts, superintendent of weights, measures and markets, in his annual report to the District Commissioners. This loss was stopped last year, however, with the purchase of a large truck for the conveyance of the testing device.

"About 75 per cent of the large scales in the District on initial test were found to weigh incorrectly," the reported stated. "Most of the inaccuracy operated against purchasers, and it is probable consumers of coal in the District have in the past lost hundreds of thousands of dollars because this department was unable to secure adequate facilities for properly testing scales. Wherever the defects were ascertained the owners of the scales readily cooperated by having repairs made."

Merchants Back Request.

Officials of the coal division of the Merchants and Manufacturers Association and leading coal merchants yesterday answered Mr. Roberts' charge with the statement that they had for years urged the District government to buy the scale-testing equipment.

Mr. Roberts' department made 13,387 official inspections of business establishments during the fiscal year to check weights and measurements.

Inspections of equipment amounted to 2,982,914, of which 2,997,760 were approved at once, 2,908 were adjusted before being approved, 2,905 were condemned pending repairs and 249 were confiscated and destroyed.

Sixty-nine Prosecutions Instituted.

Sixty-nine prosecutions were instituted in connection with 594 test purchases to check on weight or measurement. Penalties totaled $906. Mr. Roberts adds that "in a considerable number of establishments investigated very slight irregularities were found."

Several improvements were made at the four markets owned by the District, the Eastern and Western Markets, the Fish Wharf and the Farmers Produce Market. Sheds for farmers were built at both the Eastern and Western Markets, while the Farmers Produce Market began operation last May with sheds large enough to accommodate 125 farmers.

The total revenue from the markets amounted to $30,596.02, all of which went to the District collector of taxes. Mr. Roberts said market revenues will show a marked increase this year because of the operation of the farmers' market.

INQUEST IS ORDERED IN 2 CRASH DEATHS

Two Women Die After Cab and Auto Collide; Fireman Seriously Hurt.

An inquest will be held at 11:30 a. m. today at the District morgue in the death of two women who were fatally injured yesterday in an automobile collision at North Capitol and K streets.

Catherine Caldwell, 23, of 2407 First street northwest, was killed when an automobile operated by Lyle Scholten, 25, of the Naval Air Station in Anacostia, collided with a taxi cab. Hallie Williams, 28, colored, of 217 C street southwest, who was riding in the cab, also suffered fatal injuries.

Robert Simmons, 24, attached to No. 2 Fire Engine Co., was struck by a cab, while he was rolling a hose after his company had responded to a false alarm fire in the 1100 block of Tenth street northwest. He was taken to Emergency Hospital for treatment for a broken arm and internal injuries. His condition is said to be serious. James H. Simms, 24, of Takoma Park, Md., driver of the cab, was held.

DISTRICT CHURCHES HOLD MEETINGS FOR SPIRITUAL ADVANCE

Twenty Denominations Take Part in One-Day Conference on Evangelism.

"Forward together with Christ" was the keynote of a series of meetings yesterday as part of the one-day "spiritual advance" conference in which more than 20 denominations of churches here participated.

The purpose of the conference was to stimulate pastors in Washington and vicinity to "deeper concentration into the field of Christian life and personal evangelism." It was sponsored by the Commission on Evangelism of the Federal Churches of Christ in America and the Washington Federation of Churches.

Four Meetings Held.

Four meetings last night, one for young people, concluded the conference. One of these was held at Calvary Baptist Church, where the Rev. William H. Foulkes, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Newark, N. J., delivered a moving appeal on "Christ Calls Youth to the Colors."

Other night meetings were held at the Mount Vernon Place Methodist Episcopal Church, with the Rev. Jesse M. Bader, of New York, and the Rev. Edwin H. Hughes, Bishop of Washington, in the pulpit; at the Congress Street Methodist Protestant Church, with the Rev. Malcolm S. Taylor, of Washington, and G. P. Beers, of Paterson, N. J., as speakers, and at the Ninth Street Christian Church, with the Rev. Roy C. Helfenstein, of Dover, Del., and the Rev. F. W. Burnham, of Richmond, Va., delivering sermons.

Seven Ministers Speak.

The conference opened yesterday morning at Calvary Baptist Church with the introduction of the Rev. Bader, field secretary of the commission on evangelism and chairman of the conference, by Dr. W. L. Darby, executive secretary of the Washington Federation of Churches.

After devotional exercises, the delegates heard a series of addresses by seven Washington ministers and the visiting speakers who were heard again last night by the several thousands who attended the four meetings.

A luncheon was attended by nearly 200 persons. The Rev. C. C. Rasmussen, of Washington, presided. The Rev. Mr. Bader spoke on the "Way of the Burning Heart."

Alien Property Office To Cut Rent $14,000

A cut of $14,000 will be made in the Government's annual rent bill when the alien property custodian's office moves to its new home in the Hurley-Wright Building, Eighteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue northwest, it was announced yesterday by Harold A. Candland, executive secretary of the Public Buildings Commission.

The custodian office now occupies 17,470 square feet in the Tower Building, Fourteenth and K streets northwest. A rent of $31,000 a year is paid for this space. In its new quarters the office will pay $17,247 for 17,200 square feet, occupying the fifth, sixth and seventh floors. The offices will be moved Monday.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

TODAY'S SUN AND TIDE TABLE

	A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.
Sun rises	6:07		High tide	11:55	....
Sun sets	5:46		Low tide	6:21	6:28

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agri., Weather Bureau.

Washington, Tuesday, Oct. 4—8 p. m.

Forecast for the District of Columbia—Cloudy, preceded by rain and followed by colder, Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy; fresh to strong southwest, shifting to northwest, winds.

For Maryland—Rain Wednesday, colder in afternoon and at night; Thursday partly cloudy.

For Virginia—Cloudy and colder, preceded by rain in east and north portions, Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy.

The disturbance that was over Oklahoma Monday night is moving rapidly northeastward, being central over Lake Erie, Detroit, 29.66 inches, with a trough extending south-southwestward to northwestern Florida. Pensacola, 29.92 inches. Pressure is also low at the mouth of Hudson Strait, Resolution Island, 29.44 inches, and over Cambridge Bay, Coppermine, 29.44 inches. Pressure continues high over and south of the Canadian maritime provinces, Sable Island, 30.48 inches. Another high-pressure area is advancing southeastward over the plains States and the Rocky Mountain region, Rapid City, 30.38 inches, with an extension northeastward over Manitoba and extreme western Ontario, Winnipeg, 30.36 inches. Rains have occurred in the southern plains States, the middle and lower Mississippi Valley, the Ohio Valley, the lake region, the gulf States and the middle Atlantic States. Colder weather has overspread the west gulf States, the Mississippi, the Ohio and lower Missouri Valleys and the upper lake region.

Local Weather Report.

Temperature—Midnight, 64; 2 a. m., 63; 4 a. m., 61; 6 a. m., 62; 8 a. m., 62; 10 a. m., 69; 12 noon, 76; 2 p. m., 76; 4 p. m., 71; 6 p. m., 70; 8 p. m., 70; 10 p. m., 68. Highest, 77; lowest, 61.

Relative humidity—8 a. m., 98; 2 p. m., 53; 8 p. m., 92. Rainfall (8 p. m. to 8 p. m.), 0.21. Hours of sunshine, 2. Percent of possible sunshine, 17.

DEPARTURES FROM NORMAL.

Accumulated excess of temperature since January 1, 1932, 787 degrees.

Excess of temperature since October 1, 1932, 15 degrees.

Accumulated deficiency of precipitation since January 1, 1932, 2.05 inches.

Deficiency of precipitation since October 1, 1932, 0.11 inch.

Temperature same date last year—Highest, 85; lowest, 63.

Temperatures and Precipitation.

* Temperatures and precipitation for 24 hours ended 8 p. m. Tuesday:

	Highest Tues.	Lowest Mon. night.	Tues. 8 p.m.	Rainfall.
Washington, D. C.	77	61	70	0.21
Asheville, N. C.	70	50	62	0.02
Atlanta, Ga.	72	60	70	0.10
Atlantic City, N. J.	72	66	68	....
Baltimore, Md.	76	62	74	....
Birmingham, Ala.	76	64	66	0.60
Bismarck, N. Dak.	48	36	46	....
Boston, Mass.	74	60	68	....
Buffalo, N. Y.	76	66	68	....
Chicago, Ill.	56	52	48	0.72
Cincinnati, Ohio	66	60	54	0.26
Cheyenne, Wyo.	48	26	38	....
Cleveland, Ohio	76	60	66	0.04
Davenport, Iowa	52	44	48	0.42
Denver, Colo.	48	34	46	0.10
Des Moines, Iowa	50	42	44	....
Detroit, Mich.	72	60	60	0.36
Duluth, Minn.	46	34	40	....
El Paso, Tex.	66	52	60	....
Galveston, Tex.	78	76	66	0.92
Helena, Mont.	62	28	60	....
Indianapolis, Ind.	60	60	50	0.96
Jacksonville, Fla.	82	68	76	....
Kansas City, Mo.	52	44	48	0.14
Little Rock, Ark.	68	58	56	0.94
Los Angeles, Calif.	74	62	68	....
Louisville, Ky.	66	62	56	0.36
Marquette, Mich.	46	42	42	0.20
Memphis, Tenn.	66	66	54	0.92
Miami, Fla.	86	78	82	....
Mobile, Ala.	78	72	76	0.08
New Orleans, La.	84	70	72	0.14
New York, N. Y.	70	62	66	....
North Platte, Nebr.	48	40	42	0.01
Omaha, Nebr.	60	44	44	....
Philadelphia, Pa.	76	62	72	0.02
Phoenix, Ariz.	96	68	92	....
Pittsburgh, Pa.	74	60	68	....
Portland, Me.	64	56	58	....
Portland, Oreg.	86	68	82	....
Salt Lake City, Utah	62	46	62	....
St. Louis, Mo.	54	52	52	0.72
St. Paul, Minn.	48	38	44	....
San Antonio, Tex.	72	62	68	0.38
San Diego, Calif.	68	60	66	....
San Francisco, Calif.	68	54	58	....
Santa Fe, N. Mex.	64	40	42	....
Savannah, Ga.	82	64	74	....
Seattle, Wash.	62	58	76	....
Springfield, Ill.	54	50	52	0.56
Tampa, Fla.	92	72	80	....
Toledo, Ohio	72	58	60	0.40
Vicksburg, Miss.	76	70	60	0.12

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES

BIRTHS REPORTED.

Raymond C. and Ella M. Hurley, twin boys.

Jackson R. and Mary E. Corbin, boy.
Edwin M. and Maren K. Knight, boy.
Earl G. and Helen L. Jonscher, girl.
Lester and Clara Breeden, girl.
John J. and Helen Cahill, girl.
Millard M. and Carrie M. Cornwell, girl.
Douglas and Lois Collins, girl.
Alexander E. and Ruth Brooks, girl.
Edward P. and Margaret A. Dugan, girl.
Edward G. and Dorothy M. Cashin, girl.
Harry A. and Bessie V. Dale, girl.
Steven J. and Kathleen Costello, girl.
Earl W. and Cora Dunsmoor, girl.
Courtney C. and Madeline I. Thayer, girl.
William F. and Margaret E. Olsen, girl.
Howell F. and Lola W. Lohman, boy.
William D. and Anna L. Keyser, boy.
Oscar J. and Veronica I. Scesco, boy.
Anderson G. and Elsie Williams, boy.
John R. and Lillian Taylor, girl.

LICENSED TO MARRY.

Daniel Partridge 3d, 26, and Mary Elizabeth Acker, 21. The Rev. G. W. Harris.
Albert J. Rissman, 28, and Lois Jean Rowse, 24. The Rev. M. M. Hurst.
Carey J. Anderson, 40, and Margaret L. Murray, 37. The Rev. J. E. Briggs.
Albert Louis Tucker, 22, and Elizabeth E. Beuchert, 22. The Rev. W. J. Sweeney.
Frank B. Richardson, 30, and Elsie J. B. Shepherd, 20. The Rev. William Pierpont.
Milton S. Fall, jr., 23, and Helen M. Breen, 20. The Rev. C. E. Buck.
Knut H. Irenes, 35, Westbury, Long Island, and Katherine E. Leybring, 25. The Rev. C. H. Enders.
Lawrence E. Gallagher, 32, and Ellen Tarbax, 24. The Rev. J. G. McCourt.
Ben S. Savage, 24, and Millie Kelly, 30, both of Baltimore. Judge R. E. Mattingly.
Huey M. Richards, 22, and Lillian D. Lam, 21, both of Orange, Va. The Rev. William Pierpont.
Herman Hofmann, 27, Baltimore, Md., and Mae Crouch, 18, Essex, Md. The Rev. H. M. Hennis.
Daniel F. O'Connell, 39, and Antoine E. Schwarz, 26, both of Winchester, Va. The Rev. J. M. Moran.
Charles T. Money, 22, Luna Park, Va., and Pauline E. Bushnell, 21, Alexandria, Va. The Rev. J. E. Briggs.
Albert Russell, 32, Fort Monroe, Va., and Mildred E. Chaffin, 19, Richmond, Va. The Rev. H. R. Deal.
Walter Martin, 24, and Ella Thomas, 18. The Rev. J. T. Harvey.
Cayetano Lomboy, 31, and Ruthie T. Fischer, 33. Judge R. E. Mattingly.
Alexander Larkin, 31, and Jennie M. Rice, 22. The Rev. G. W. Pratt.
Lorenzo Tanner, 26, and Helen Bernard, 20. The Rev. G. O. Wing.
Hugo Einstein, 37, and Mary Frances Mayhew, 33. The Rev. Charles Enders.

License issued at Rockville, Md.:
Louis G. Allen, 30, 3419 R street northwest, and Elizabeth Alexander Colonell, 23, 1806 Riggs place northwest.

DEATHS REPORTED.

Ellen C. Bourgeois, 88 yrs., 3504 13th st. nw.
Ada G. Fuller, 82 yrs., 3410 17th st. nw.
Catherine B. Miller, 75 yrs., 2200 19th st. nw.
Eva M. Lenz, 73 yrs., 448 Lamont st. nw.
Jacob I. Shappirio, 72 yrs., 3070 M st. nw.
Mamie Mulligan, 56 yrs., Gallinger Hosp.
George Greenup, 52 yrs., Gallinger Hosp.
Mildred Warwick, 21 yrs., Providence Hospl.
Kathleen Harlee, 16 yrs., Tuberculosis Hosp.
Charles Harris, 62 yrs., Georgetown Hosp.
Ida C. Dorgans, 58 yrs., Gallinger Hosp.
Lucy Scott, 57 yrs., 431 R st. nw.
Arnold Corum, 31 yrs., St. Elizabeths Hosp.
Mitchell Bates, 13 yrs., rear 4301 Sheriff rd. ne.
Infant of John and Alice Knight, 12 days. Children's Hosp.
Dolores A. James, 3 days, 1829 T st. nw.
Infant of John and Elizabeth Fairfax, 5½ hours, 1614 3rd st. nw.

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